The Sydney Morning Herald.

No. 14,658 — VOL. LXXI. — WEDNESDAY, MAY 12, 1875. — PRICE TWOPENCE.

BIRTHS.

MARRIAGES.

DEATH.

SHIPPING.

THE CHAMBERS AND AUSTRALIAN MAIL STEAM CO. (Limited).
QUEENSLAND ROUTE, to BRISBANE, NORTHERN QUEENSLAND PORTS, TORRES STRAITS
JAVA, and SINGAPORE to EUROPE, INDIA, and CHINA.
The Company's Steamers for the ensuing
SOMERSET (1000 tons, ...
under contract with the Queensland Government, will be dispatched from the Commercial Wharf, for ...
TO BRISBANE,
on MONDAY, the 17th instant, at 5 p.m., taking H.M. mails, goods, and passengers for the above port; and for Maryborough, Townsville, Somerset, Rockhampton, Gladstone, and Mackay.
The facilities for passengers by this route getting on to any of the European or Eastern ports are as follows:—
TO EUROPE.—Mail steamers weekly; and frequent first-class opportunities.
TO BOMBAY, MADRAS, AND CEYLON.—Mail steamer weekly.
TO GALLE (for Point de Galle), Fortnightly.
TO MANILA.—Fortnightly, in connection with French mail steamer from BRISBANE.
Full particulars as to rates of freight and passage money may be obtained on application at the office of the Company, 322, George-street.
SCOTT, HENDERSON, and CO., Agents.

THE EASTERN and AUSTRALIAN MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY (Limited).
Arrangements being now completed with the Messageries Maritimes Mail Steamers, this Company is prepared to book passengers at 5 through rate to MARSEILLES and other European ports, at rates which can be ascertained of the Undersigned.
SCOTT, HENDERSON, and CO., Agents.

OVERLAND ROUTE TO EUROPE, VIA SAN FRANCISCO AND NEW YORK.
The A. S. N. COMPANY'S first-class clipper screw steamship
MACGREGOR, 3167 tons,
Howes Grainger, commander,
will be dispatched from this port for
SAN FRANCISCO
(with her Majesty's mails), on SATURDAY, 5th June, calling at AUCKLAND and HONOLULU.
For rates of passage, and all information connected with the above, apply to
FREDK. H. TROUTON, Manager A. S. N. Co.

MAIL LINE ACROSS THE PACIFIC.—THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S
TIME TABLE
BETWEEN AUSTRALIA, NEW ZEALAND, AND CALIFORNIA.
The vessels of the Company leave Sydney (in New South Wales), calling at Auckland (in New Zealand), and Honolulu (in the Sandwich Islands), every 28 days, and San Francisco (in California), as under:—
LEAVE SYDNEY. ... LEAVE SAN FRANCISCO.
Macgregor ..... June 5 Mikado ..... May 26
Mikado ..... July 3 Oythera ..... May 26
City of Melbourne June 28
Macgregor ..... July 10
Mikado ..... Aug. 16
Oythera ..... Aug. 23
The sailing from San Francisco may be later, but the English mail does not arrive.
A train leaves San Francisco for New York daily, with through cars attached, and powerful steamers leave the latter city daily, for England, thus affording a speedy and enjoyable trip to Europe.
Connecting steamships from Europe and America are informed that the Company's local fleet trade from Sydney to all ports of the Australian colonies, by which means prompt connection is made with the above line.
FREDK. H. TROUTON, Manager.

THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS.
TO MELBOURNE.—Wednesday, Saturday, at 1 p.m.
Fares: Saloon at current rates.
TO AUCKLAND.—Macgregor, Saturday, 5th June, at 1 p.m.
TO NOUMEA, NEW CALEDONIA.—Steamer early.
TO FIJI, via NEW CALEDONIA.—Steamer early.
TO NEWCASTLE, RAYMOND TERRACE, and MORPETH.—Collaroy, to-morrow morning, Tuesday, at 8; and Dorunda, on Friday night, at 11.
TO BRISBANE.—Somerset Blackall, on or about fortnightly, at noon.
TO MARYBOROUGH.—Steamer early.
TO GLADSTONE Direct.—Helenslea, Friday, at noon.
TO ROCKHAMPTON, via GLADSTONE.—Balclutha, Friday, noon.
TO PORT DENISON.—Wonga Wonga, to-day, Wednesday, at 5 p.m. (See special advertisement.)
TO CLEVELAND BAY.—Wonga Wonga, to-day, Wednesday, at 5 p.m. (See special advertisement.)
TO COOKTOWN (ENDEAVOUR RIVER).—Wonga Wonga, to-day, Wednesday, at 5 p.m. (See special advertisement.)
TO HONOLULU, via AUCKLAND.—Macgregor, Saturday, 5th June, at 1 p.m.
TO SAN FRANCISCO, via AUCKLAND and HONOLULU.—Macgregor, Saturday, 5th June, at 1 p.m.
CARGO is now being received for transmission to any of the above ports.
FREDK. H. TROUTON, Manager.

STEAM TO COOKTOWN (Endeavour River), via PORT DENISON and CLEVELAND BAY.
The A. S. N. COMPANY intend dispatching their splendid steamship
WONGA WONGA, 1000 tons,
J. T. Darrell, commander,
to the above ports THIS DAY, Wednesday, at 5 p.m.
Intending shippers of stock are invited to inspect the superior accommodation this steamer possesses.
For rates of freight and passage money and all information connected with the above apply at the Company's Offices.
FREDK. H. TROUTON, Manager.

THE S. and N. R. S. N. CO.'S STEAMSHIPS.
TO GRAFTON, CLARENCE RIVER, via NEWCASTLE, with Passengers and Cargo.—The favourite paddle steamship AGNES IRVING, TUESDAY, the 18th May, at 2 p.m. and every TUESDAY at 2 p.m., having GRAFTON every SATURDAY, at 6 a.m., weather permitting.
To MACLEAY RIVER, via NEWCASTLE.—The BALLINA, on SATURDAY, 15th May.
JOHN WHITE, Secretary.
Steam-office, Bridge-street.

CLARENCE AND RICHMOND RIVERS STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.
NOTICE.
CLARENCE RIVER REGATTA ON QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY.
Should sufficient inducement offer, this Company will dispatch a special STEAMER from Sydney direct to the Clarence River on SATURDAY, the 22nd instant, so as to reach Grafton in time for the Regatta on Monday, the 24th.
JOHN WHITE, Secretary.
Steam-office, Bridge-street.

HUNTER RIVER S. S. N. CO.—STEAM TO NEWCASTLE AND MORPETH, RAYMOND TERRACE, &c.
FROM SYDNEY.
THIS (Wednesday) NIGHT, at 11, the MAITLAND.
THURSDAY NIGHT, at 11, the CITY OF NEWCASTLE.
SATURDAY NIGHT, at 11, the MAITLAND.
MONDAY NIGHT, at 11, the CITY OF NEWCASTLE.
FROM NEWCASTLE TO SYDNEY:
THIS (Wednesday) MORNING, at 10:30, the CITY OF NEWCASTLE.
FRIDAY MORNING, at 10:30, the MAITLAND.
TUESDAY MORNING, at 10:30, the CITY OF NEWCASTLE.
TUESDAY MORNING, at 10:30, the MAITLAND.
FARES BETWEEN NEWCASTLE and SYDNEY
Single Tickets, Saloon 12s 6d
Steerage 7s 6d
RETURN TICKETS AVAILABLE FOR 14 DAYS:
Saloon 20s
Steerage 12s 6d
River Passages, Saloon 2s 6d
Steerage 1s 6d
Goods and passengers for Clarence Town will be conveyed THIS (Wednesday) NIGHT, per MAITLAND.
F. J. THOMAS, Manager.
Office—foot of Market-street.

RICHMOND RIVER.—Clipper schooner ROB ROY, 84 tons burthen, G. and B. Nicoll, Evans-street.

ILLAWARRA, S. N. CO.'S STEAMERS.—To WOLLONGONG.—Friday, 9:15 a.m., and 11 p.m. GILLADULLA, ULLADULLA, BATEMAN'S BAY, TILBA TILBA, and MOLLYMERRA.—Monday, 11 p.m. BERI, BERI, BRAIDWOOD, and TWOFOLD BAY.—Saturday, 9 p.m. MERIMBULA, KIAMA, and TWOFOLD BAY.—Tuesday, 6:30 a.m.

PARRAMATTA STEAMERS.—HUNTER'S HILL, GLADESVILLE, TARRAMATTA, and BACK-TO-DAY, FROM KING-STREET.—7, 9, 11, 1, 3, 4:15, 6:30, 10, 11:30.
From Parramatta.—7, 9, 11 a.m., 1, 3, 6 p.m. 8.
Gentlemen in attendance to convey passengers to and from the steamers and the Track, &c. Vide M.V.
Steamers, Sliprails Leichhardt, and Lighters for hire at any hour.

THE CLARENCE AND NEW ENGLAND STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMERS, from Commercial Wharf, foot of Market-street.
For CLARENCE RIVER, Tenterfield, and NEW ENGLAND, on SATURDAY NIGHT, at 8.
F. S. BUYERS, Manager.

STEAM TO NEWCASTLE.—THE STEAMSHIP EMMA, R. Smith, commander, the favourite steamer, renowned for her great speed and easy motion at sea, will sail as follows:—
FROM SYDNEY (PATENT SLIP WHARF).
TUESDAY MORNING, at 9:
WEDNESDAY MORNING, at 9:
THURSDAY MORNING, at 9:
FRIDAY MORNING, at 9:
SATURDAY MORNING, at 9:
FROM NEWCASTLE.
On the SAME MORNINGS, at 10 o'clock.
Fares, as REDUCED by this steamer.
Saloon, 10s 6d. Steerage, 7s 6d.
Return tickets, available for 14 days.
Saloon, 20s. Steerage, 12s 6d.
Cargo received and stored daily, from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.
For freight arrangements apply to
C. J. STEVENS, Proprietor.
Offices—Patent Slip Wharf.

REDUCED FARES AND FREIGHTS.
STEAM TO COOKTOWN,
via the BRAMS
MARYBOROUGH
and
TOWNSVILLE.
The powerful steamship
WESTERN,
J. D. Harley, commander,
will be dispatched from PATENT SLIP WHARF, Sussex-street, for the above ports, on
SATURDAY next, 15th instant.
For rates of freight and passage apply to
C. J. STEVENS, Proprietor.
Offices—Patent Slip Wharf.

THE MANNING RIVER STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMSHIP
DIAMANTINA, Captain Howes,
will be dispatched from the Galedonian Wharf, foot of Bathurst-street, for TAREE, Manning River, on FRIDAY, 14th May, at 2 o'clock.
JOHN GRAHAM, Agents.
N. B.—All Freights payable at Sydney.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE.—The undermentioned Islands dispatching the steamers
YOU YANGS, or DANDENONG,
every Friday;
MACEDON, or BARRABOOL,
every Tuesday.
Return tickets (saloon) are issued, available for two months by either steamer.
The steamers will leave Melbourne for Sydney also every Tuesday and Friday.
W. M. HOWARD SMITH, Sloth's Wharf.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE.—The Melbourne Steamship Company will dispatch the
S. S. YOU YANGS, 600 tons,
J. H. South, commander,
on FRIDAY, 19th May, at 12 NOON,
For freight, passage, and all particulars apply to
WM. HOWARD SMITH, Sloth's Wharf, foot of King-street.

STEAM TO NEWCASTLE.—The
S. S. BARRABOOL
on FRIDAY, 14th May, at 8 p.m.
FARES—Saloon, 7s 6d; steerage, 5s 6d.
WM. HOWARD SMITH, Sloth's Wharf.

STEAM TO AUCKLAND.—
S. S. HERO,
1500 tons,
Thomas Logan, commander,
will leave the Grafton Wharf for Auckland on THURSDAY, the 20th instant.
For particulars of freight and passage money apply to
SCOTT, HENDERSON, and CO., Agents.

STEAM TO HOBART TOWN direct.—Steamship SOUTHERN CROSS, Thomas Corbett, commander, on TUESDAY, 25th MAY, at 4 p.m.
Saloon £5 5
Return (available for four months) 10 10
Steerage 3 10
FREDK. H. TROUTON, Manager.

MANLY BEACH STEAMER, leaves Queen's Wharf:—7.15, 10.15, 11.30, 2.15, 4.15, 5.30.
Woolloomooloo... 10.30, 11.45, 2.30
Manly Beach... 8.15, 9.15, 3.15, 5.
Fare—Return ticket, 1s 6d; children, 1s.
F. S. CARNEY.

MOSMAN'S FERRY.—WORKING DAYS.—STEAMER leaves Mosman's at 8.30, 10.30, 12.30, 2.30, 4.30, 6.45. Leaves Circular Wharf, 9.15, 11.15, 1.15, 3.15, 5.15.
SUNDAY.—Steamer leaves Circular Wharf at 10, 2.30, 3.30. Leaves Mosman's Bay, 10.30, 3, 5.
SATURDAY NIGHT.—Steamer leaves Circular Wharf, 6.30 and 11. Leaves Mosman's, 7 and 11.30.

MESSRS. GREEN'S PASSENGER SHIPS.—MELBOURNE TO LONDON.
NOTICE TO PASSENGERS.
The sailing arrangements of these safe and comfortable passenger ships are as follows:—

Ship.	Commander.	Sailing.
ADAMEMNON	J. Whitcombe ..	May 25.
NEWCASTLE	C. Le P. French	About June 15.

Each ship carries a surgeon.
WILLIAM LAIDLEY and CO., Agents, Exchange.

ABERDEEN CLIPPER LINE.—For LONDON.
The A1 Aberdeen clipper ship
AVIEMORE,
1050 tons register, T. B. Ayling, commander, having her lower hold full of wheat, and a quantity of wool down, with large engagements, will sail about middle of May.
For freight apply to Captain AYLING, on board; or to
MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO.
Wool received at all labor's.

FOR LONDON.—The favourite regular trader
GLENGARIN
894 tons register, John Finnister, commander,
having the whole of her head weight and a portion of her wool on board and stowed, will have quick dispatch. Has superior accommodation for a limited number of saloon passengers.
For freight or passage apply to Captain on board; or, to
DANGAR, GEDYE, and CO.
Wool received at Flood's.

FOR LONDON.
The WINDSOR CASTLE
will have immediate dispatch. Has superior accommodation for saloon passengers, and room for a few second class (in house on deck). Carries an experienced surgeon.
For freight or passage apply to
YOUNG and LARK, Agents.

FOR LONDON.
TO FOLLOW THE WINDSOR CASTLE.
THE ANN DUTHIE.
Has a considerable portion of her dead weight engaged. Intending passengers are invited to inspect the superior accommodation of this fine vessel.
Apply on board, to Captain M'KAY; or to GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.
The celebrated American clipper ship,
GLORY OF THE SEAS, 3000 tons,
Captain Knowles,
will be dispatched hence DIRECT on or about 26th May. Has unequalled accommodation for 1st and 2nd cabin passengers.
For rates and any other information, apply to
JOSEPH WARD and CO., Agents, Exchange.

FOR AUCKLAND.—The clipper schooner LOOKOUT, Captain Beaton, is now loading at Market Wharf, and having a large portion of her cargo engaged, will sail in a few days.
For freight or passage, apply to
R. T. GIBSON, Agent.
Bell's-chambers, Pitt-street.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO
The splendid A1 clipper ship
BRIDAL COMMERCE,
1480 tons burthen, John Kendall, commander,
will be dispatched from Newcastle on or about 1st JUNE next.
Has room for a limited number of saloon passengers.
Apply to CHARLES E. STOKES and CO., Bolton-street, Newcastle.

FOR HONGKONG, via COOKTOWN.—The
SCOTLAND,
2000 tons register, 600 h.p. screw steamer,
now daily expected, will call for above ports with prompt dispatch.
For freight or passage apply to SCOTT, HENDERSON, and CO., Agents.

FOR BOOKTOWN direct.—The
R. S. SCOTLAND
(1500 tons register, 600 h.p.),
offers a favourable opportunity to intending shippers and passengers to above port.
For freight or passage apply to
SCOTT, HENDERSON, and CO., Agents.

ONLY VESSEL for TOWNSVILLE, CLEVELAND BAY.—The (the ex-blockader ARIEL, 200 tons), is now loading at Market Wharf, and will sail in a few days. For freight or passage apply to O'R. BOND, on board; or to
R. T. GIBSON, Agent,
Bell's-chambers, Pitt-street.

FOR COOKTOWN.—The clipper brig MARY GRANT, 170 tons burthen, Captain Hughes, now loading, sails in a few days.
For freight or passage apply to
R. T. GIBSON, Agent, Bell's-chambers, Pitt-street.

FOR MELBOURNE WHARF.—The schooner MINNA BELL, Captain Rawson, will have immediate dispatch. For freight apply to JOSEPH WARD and CO., Exchange.

ONLY VESSEL FOR BRISBANE.—The well known clipper schooner YOUNG AUSTRALIAN, 120 tons, Andrew Moir, commander, will be dispatched as above, having a large portion of her cargo engaged. Ships are requested to make immediate arrangements.
For all particulars apply on board, Patent Slip Wharf; or to WM. LAIDLEY and CO., Exchange, Agents.

FOR MACQUARIE RIVER.—Regular weekly cargo Market Wharf. Freight payable in Sydney, T. S. Sadleir.

FOR RICHMOND RIVER (all ports), schooner Annie Lewis, Wm. Frost, master, now receiving cargo at Patent Slip wharf. Shipper please send cargo down at once. Freight payable in Sydney. G. F. MASON, agent.

SHIP SEA STAR, from London.—Consignees by the above vessel are informed that all goods not cleared by 5 p.m. on WEDNESDAY, 12th instant, will be placed in bond under inspected entry. Bills of Lading must be produced and freight paid at the office of the undersigned, where delivery orders may be obtained.
MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO.

SHIP ARIZONA, from Sunderland.—All ACCOUNTS against the above vessel must be sent in duplicate to the undersigned before noon, THIS DAY, or they will not be recognised.
GEO. A. LLOYD and CO., Agents.

FOR FREIGHT or CHARTER, the clipper brigantine SILVER CLOUD, now discharging cargo at Campbell's Wharf.
FARBURY, LAMB, and CO., Agents.

WANTED, to Charter for three or six months, from 1st June or 1st July, a STEAMER, to carry 50 passengers, to ply on a ferry 10 a.m. 3 p.m. daily, Sundays excepted. Particulars from Mr. WILLIAMS, at the office of the undersigned.
C. E. FRANNERET.

FOR SALE, brig CAROLINE, carries 55 tons, nearly new, cheap. MOSS and CO., 416, George-street.

FOR SALE, brig, a 18-feet SKIFF. A. W. BLAIR, Steam Mills, Sussex.

FOR SALE.—The fastest steamer in the Australian colonies, the ECLIPSE, 70 x 10 x 5.
For full particulars apply to
FORMAN and CO., Engineers and Iron Shipbuilders, Yarra Bank, Melbourne.

FOR SALE, a BRIGANTINE, carries 160 tons, well found. M'Grand and Co., 410, George-street.

FOR SALE, the Screw Steamer GOLDEN ROSE. MOSS and CO., Ship Brokers, 410, George-street.

FOR SALE or CHARTER, the fine A1 barque JEANNIE LOUTTIT, 402 tons register, A1 at Lloyd's, just arrived from Otago, where she has discharged a large cargo without a stain, is open for sale or Charter to any part of the world.
Apply to BEILBY and SCOTT, Agents.

BLACKWOOD'S METALLIC PAINT COMPANY.—FOR SHIP'S USE.
This Company's ISOLESMORE, in Red, Brown, Green, and Black cannot be surpassed for body and durability as a paint for vessels. As Sydney Harbour is never without a great number of ships painted with Isolesmore, owners of vessels can easily ascertain the facts.
Steam Works, Pyrmont, near Bridge.

MEETINGS.

ROYAL SOCIETY OF NEW SOUTH WALES.—The Annual GENERAL MEETING of the Royal Society of New South Wales for the year 1875-76, will be held in the Society's Rooms, Elizabeth-street North (late Clerk's Assembly Rooms), THIS EVENING, the 12th May, at 8 o'clock. Business: Election of Officers for the current year; reception of the Treasurer's Financial Statement for the year 1874-75; Election of new Members; Anniversary Address by Rev. W. B. Clarke, Vice-president.

PERSONS Opposed to the MEDICAL BILL (if not withdrawn) are invited to a Preliminary MEETING, THURSDAY next, 7.30 p.m., Temperance Hall, Pitt-street. RICHD. SADLEIR (by request).

SYDNEY HUNT CLUB.—A Special General MEETING of members of the above Club will be held at Tattersall's, at 4 o'clock, on THURSDAY next, 13th instant.
Business:
"To consider the desirability of forming a new Committee, and other important general business."
By order,
T. S. CLIBBORN, Secretary S. H. C.

COMPLIMENTARY PICNIC to Messrs. HUME and CO.—An adjourned MEETING of Licensed Victuallers and friends favourable to the above will be held on WEDNESDAY EVENING, the 12th instant, at 8 o'clock, at Mr. Webber's, Rose Inn, George and Bathurst streets, when all are respectfully invited to attend.
HENRY SIMPSON, } Joint
JAMES LAMBERT, } Hon. Secretaries.

A MEETING of Shareholders in Davies and Lambert's Prospecting Lease, Oberon, will be held at Wood's, Post Office Hotel, at 10 o'clock, TO-DAY.
JAMES LAMBERT, Manager.

SYDNEY FEMALE REFUGE.—Annual MEETING MONDAY EVENING, 17th instant, at Temperance Hall. WM. GRANT, Hon. Secretary.

TEMPERANCE HALL, Pitt-street. The Weekly Free Temperance MEETING THIS EVENING, at half-past 7, for addresses, taking pledges, &c. Pledges given daily by applying to the Secretary at the above hall.

I. C. G. T. — No. 6, DAYSPRING LODGE.—A MEETING, THIS EVENING. Members earnestly requested to attend.
A. C. TUNBELL, W. Sec.

PERSEVERANCE, C. C.—Members please meet at Burwood Hotel, THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock. Business important.
D. J. S. WATSON, Hon. Sec.

PITT-STREET LITERARY and DEBATING SOCIETY.—Subject for discussion THIS EVENING will be, "Does moral power or money power exercise the greater influence?" Mr. Gillam will open on the side of money power? To commence at 7 to share.
H. W. ROXALL, Hon. Sec.

MASONIC.—Australian Lodge of Harmony, No. 505 R.C., Monthly Meeting, This Evening, at 7.

MASONIC.—Lodge St. Andrew, No. 1, N. S. W. Constitution.—Monthly Meeting This Evening at the Masonic Temple, Clarence-street. By order of R.W.M. J. Aurez, Secretary.

MASONIC LODGE ST. ANDREW, 359, Scotch Constitution.—Regular Monthly MEETING, THIS EVENING, at half-past 7 prompt, in the Masonic Hall, York-street.
JAS. W. EVANS, Secretary.

MASONIC.—Lodge St. Andrew, 359, under charter from the Grand Lodge of Scotland.—Monthly MEETING, THIS EVENING, Masonic Temple, at 8 o'clock. By order of the R. W. M.

NO. 12, L. O. Lodge.—The Regular Monthly MEETING of the above will be held in the Prince-street schoolroom, THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, at 8 sharp. By order of the W.M.

ST. ANDREW'S Scottish Sacrament Society meet at Oddfellows' Hall, To-Night, at 6:30 precisely, pro. [illegible]

146, ROYAL BLACK PRESBYTERY, I.O. meets THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, at Knights' Cenotaph, Richmond Terrace. By order, [illegible]

NO. 1, NO SURRENDER, LOYAL ORANGE LODGE.—Monthly MEETING THIS EVENING, in the Presbyterian School-room, Pitt-street. Brethren, Rev. D. Allan will complete Lecture. The Deputy Master, All members invited. Full attendance requested. By order of the W. M.

NO. 1 L. O. L.—AN ARCH-PURPLE MEETING, in connection with the above Lodge, will be held in the Orange School-room, THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, at half-past 7 o'clock. CANDIDATES for registration to be present, and visitors cordially invited.
ALFRED PERRY, Secretary.

RESIDENTS OF NORTH WILLOUGHBY.—A Public MEETING should be convened, for the purpose of expressing our thanks to the late Mayor, JAMES REID, for his exertions in obtaining for us through the instrumentality of our representative, J. B. FARNELL, Esq., a grant from the Government of £400, for repairs to our roads. We, consequently entrust the value of this grant or the improvement of Willoughby to any person or party on by Government £400.

MEETINGS OF PUBLIC COMPANIES.

AUSTRALIAN GASLIGHT COMPANY'S OFFICE, Sydney, 10th April, 1875.
The Annual MEETING of this Company being adjourned, a SPECIAL MEETING of the proprietors thereof, to be held at the Company's Office, Sydney, THIS DAY, the 12th of May, 1875, o'clock p.m., for the following purposes, viz.—
That the Committee and Secretary do refer the question of increasing the number of shares to be held by any one person [illegible] to be established by enlarging the said number to [illegible] Directory recommend.
By order of the Board,
H. MANSFIELD, Sec.

LECTURES.

A LECTURE will be delivered by Mr. ALFRED ALLEN, Canvassing Agent and Lecturer for the Australian Mutual Provident Society, in the Congregational Church, Pitt-street, This Evening (Subject—"Life Assurance and its Advantages." The chair will be taken at 8 o'clock by the Rev. W. Bradley. Several gentlemen are expected to address the meeting. Ladies are specially invited. At the close of the meeting proposals for assurance will be taken. Admission free.

RELIGIOUS ANNOUNCEMENTS.

THE CONGREGATIONAL HOME MISSIONARY SOCIETY FOR NEW SOUTH WALES.—A Special MEETING of the Committee of the above Society will be held in the Vestry of Pitt-street Congregational Church, on THURSDAY, the 13th instant, at half-past 4 in the afternoon.

LOST AND FOUND.

CANARY LOST. Reward if returned. WICKHAM, Piper-street, Woollahra.

DARK Brown shaggy Shetland PONY, stands 12 hands high, white star on forehead, strayed from our yards, to-day, at 11 o'clock. Any one detaining the same after this notice with the prosecuted; if returned at once, a reward will be given.
HAWKES and CO., 33, High-street.
May 11, 1875.

LOST, a Pointer SLUT, liver and white. A reward. 30, Pott-street.

LOST, a KEY for a Chubb's lock, with handle "joined." Reward. J. K. Davis, 95, King-street.

LOST, a GREEN Reward, if strayed, 55 on conveyance, Darlinghurst. WALBURTON, Pyrmont.

LOST left in my charge, Owner can have the same by giving description, and paying expenses. P. George, Sydney Ice Works.

10s REWARD.—Strayed, from Bay View Cottage, Manly Beach, a small BULL, Belmont, seven weeks ago, cream-coloured GOAT, in kid. Anyone found possessing him will be prosecuted.

VOLUNTEER NOTICES.

VOLUNTEER FORCE.—The order for the issue of new accoutrements to the 2nd Battalion Volunteer Rifles, on Saturday, the 15th May, is CANCELLED.
By command,
W. B. S. CHRISTIE, Captain,
Brigade Major.

1ST BRIGHMENT V. B.—The Battalion will PARADE in Field-day Order, on SATURDAY, the 15th, at the Victoria Barracks, at 2:30 p.m.
By order,
W. CHATFIELD, Captain, Adjutant.

1ST BRIGHMENT V. R.—Officers commanding Companies.—The Adjourned MEETING of the Royal Society at the Regimental Office, on THURSDAY, To-morrow at 6.15 p.m., for the purpose of making arrangements for a Ride March on the 26th instant with the Third Regiment (Western).
By order,
W. CHATFIELD, Captain, Adjutant.

PRINCE ALFRED'S OWN V. A.—Full muster requested at Company DRILL, To-night, Hyde Park Battery.—Assessing DRILL, 7.30; presentation of prizes afterward. W. COOPER, Captain.

VOLUNTEER LAND ORDERS purchased by CHATFIELD and MACKENZIE, 99, Pitt-street.

VOLUNTEER LAND ORDERS wanted for cash, bought, or advanced on. E. JOHNSON, 152, Pitt-street.

WANTED, This Day, one Volunteer LAND ORDER. Fahey and Co., Bond-street.

BUSINESS CARDS.

A CARD.—French Gloves, Boot, Hosiery, and Mercery Depot. Johnson & Carroll (late Lewis), 10, Hunter-st.

ALL descriptions of Sewing-machines Cleaned and Repaired. Miller, Sewing-Machine Factory, 426, Pitt-st.

A. SHADBOLT, Baker, 71, Hunter-street, delivers Bread daily at Waverley and Randwick.

A SINGLE TOOTH, to 64; extraction, 1s; stopping 2s. EDWARDS, DD, Dentist, 238, Geo.-st., op. Bridge-st.

ALFRED ALLEN, Canvassing Agent for the Australian, Mutual Provident Society, 105, Pitt-street.

ALFRED H. MOORE, Writing Master, &c., 241, Castlereagh-street.

BEAUMONT and SONS, 419, George-street, Painters, Gilders, and Paperhangers. Estimates given.

BINSTED, W. H., Surveyor, Licensed under Real Property Act. Office, 199, Pitt-street, op. Union Bank

CORNS, Bunions, and Defective Nails cured by Mr. Alexander, Surgeon-chiropodist, 430, George-street.

CUTLER, 389, George-st., only practical Truss and Surgical Instrument Maker in colony. Prize In. Rs., 1875.

GEORGE BISHOP, Surveyor and General Draughtsman.—Estates Subdivided, &c. 182, Pitt-street.

HAGHNEY and SONS, Horse Clippers and Singers; by steam. Manufacturers, 561, George-st., Brickfield-hill.

J. BERNASCONI, Picture Frame Maker, 400, Pitt-street S. between Liverpool and Bathurst streets.

J. LAWLER, BEDDING MANUFACTURER, IRON, PORTER & IRON BEDSTEADS, AMERICAN CHAIRS, CURLED HORSEHAIR, &c., &c., &c., 517, GEORGE-STREET, BRICK FIELD-HILL.

M'COY, BROTHERS, Boot, Shoe, Saddle, and Harness Manufacturers, 561, George-st., Brickfield-hill.

MR. G. SMYTHE, Dentist, 502, Elizabeth-street, near Devonshire-street (late 27, Hunter-street).

MR. J. SPENCER, Dentist, 8, Wynyard-square.—Awarded the R. S. W. Exhibition Medal, 1874, recommendably, for proficiency in Mechanical Dentistry. Also THE LONDON INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION MEDAL for 1872. Painless extraction by aid of NITROUS-OXIDE GAS.

PASSENGER SHIPS.—Persons desirous of Partners. Apply F. Neally, auctioneer, Mort's-passage, Geo.-st.

PHRENOLOGY.—Verbal and advice, 1s; ditto, from 2 to 4, 2s 6d; examination for head-setting. Edwards, 325, George-st.

W. R. SAWYER, Wholesale Boot and Shoe Manufacturer, Bathurst, Sussex Hills, off Albion st.

TRONBARK, Billet Wood; Sarsaparilla and other Gods Troops. Mourigan and Co.'s Woolloomooloo Bay.

PERSONS ADVERTISED FOR.

MARY WALSH, Mary FITZGIBBON (maiden name JOHNSON), and BRIDGET O'HARA (maiden name WELCH) who came to New South Wales in 1841, are requested to communicate with, or call upon LEVY and DE LISSA, Solicitors, Hall's-chambers, Pitt-street, Sydney.

CAPTAIN W. REYNOLDS, late of Mount Fanny, please call on Mac Donnell, Brothers, 326, George-st

OFFICIAL TELEGRAM AGENCY, (Limited)—London Cellarman [illegible] Halpin, Barnet, herein called "Recipient unknown. Please acknowledge.
GILCHRIST and WESTON.
A Spring street.

MR. THOMAS JAMES, late of Golden-square, Sandhurst, Victoria, formerly [illegible] Major of Brigade, Melbourne, now of London, and Swiss Boarding House, King-street.

THE CASMAN who drove two ladies from M'Kay's, George-street, to Newtown Road, Tuesday, 11th instant, will please call at 5, Lloyd's-chambers, George-street, THIS DAY, at 11.

MISS KENT would oblige by calling at Mr. Tickle's, 365, George-street.

MR. CONLON—call for Nos. or send in seven days. S. WINN, 166, Clarence-street. (Limited).

POR HOY.—5.45 p.m. TO-DAY, at Shea's.

IF Mrs. ANN GIBBS, who is about going to Melbourne, will call at once at Messrs. STRAUS and ADAMS', Oxford-street, she will hear of important news.

JULIUS YOUND, Butcher, late of Orange, call at SHADLES'S, 71, Hunter-street, Sydney. Important news from home.

THOMAS HEALEIT.—Your SISTER would like to see you. Inquire, 771, Kent-street.

THE CASMAN who drove a lady and gentleman round Hyde Park on Monday night is requested to leave Diesel and Waterpoint Overcoat at W. Plumb's, Williamstreet, where he will be rewarded.

SHOULD THIS meet the eye of ELLEN KELLY (maiden name Usher) she is requested to write to her MOTHER (the old address), as she has important news for her.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.—Wanted, for St. Wednesday in May at 31, Wednesday. Have your ready.

BUSINESS ANNOUNCEMENTS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the PARTNERSHIP hitherto carried on between the undersigned, ALEXANDER GUNNING and FRANCIS HAYTER, as Grocers in the Wellington District, under the style or firm of GUNNING and HAYTER, was on the fourth day of April now instant, DISSOLVED by mutual consent.
Dated at Sydney this twenty-fourth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five.
ALEXR. GUNNING,
FRANCIS HAYTER.
Witness to the signature of the said Alexander Gunning—H. D. MADDOCK, Solicitor, Sydney.
Witness to the signature of the said Francis Hayter—HASTINGS O. KING, Overseer, Mumbelcumba.

Referring to the above, it is hereby notified that I, the undersigned, have this day admitted MR. HENRY WHARTON into PARTNERSHIP with me as Grocers, and that the business will be carried on under the style or firm of HAYTER and WHARTON.
Dated at Sydney, this twenty-fourth day of April, A.D. 1875.
FRANCIS HAYTER.
Witness—HASTINGS O. KING.

NOTICE.—The firm of HARMAN and OLIFF, Steam Mills, Sussex, DISSOLVED, by the undersigned, as having given notice that I am still carrying on business at the old establishment, back of Aickman's, butcher, Lower George-street.
HENRY HARMAN.
WM. BURTON, Pyrmont.

TENDERS.

TO MASONS.—TENDERS required for foundation of house, at Glebe. Apply for plans, &c., at LEE'S new house, Moore Park Road, opposite rifle butts.

TO CARPENTERS.—TENDERS required for Work, 2 large Houses; labour only. Bond, 64, Sussex-st.

TENDERS required, for erecting, new PULPIT and RE-ERECTING Tabernacle, Presbyterian Church Place, &c., apply Mr. SPROULE, at Miller and Harrison's sawmills, Darling's Wharf.

MUNICIPAL DISTRICT OF MACDONALD TOWN.—TENDERS will be received by me for the supply of any amount of White Metal, and [illegible] required, to be delivered at any part of the Municipality. Said harbors to be sent in to me not later than 6 o'clock on SATURDAY, 8th June next, by one week.
G. K. TARRANT, Council Clerk.
Macdonald Town, 10th May, 1875.

TENDERS Wanted for Carpenter and Joiner's Work, by J. Abigail, Dundas-street, Kingsclear, Enfield.

AUSTRALIAN JOCKEY CLUB.
TENDERS are invited for the Erection of a new Grand Stand at Randwick.
1st. Excavation, masonry, and brickwork.
2nd. Supply of iron work only.
3rd. Carpenters' work and finishing trades, for the whole in one lump.
Plans and specifications to be seen at the A. J. C. Office, 172, Castlereagh-street.
Tenders to be sent to the undersigned not later than 12th June next.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
T. B. CLIBBORN,
Secretary A. J. C.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS are invited to erect a Balcony to the York-street frontage of the Masonic Hall. Plans and specifications, 256, Palmer-street.
DAVID M'BEATH, Architect.

TO BUILDERS.—Fresh TENDERS are invited for the Carpenters and Joiners' Work of three Houses in Oxford-street, for A. W. Little, Esq. Plans and specifications at 256, Palmer-st. DAVID M'BEATH, Architect.

AUCKLAND HARBOUR BOARD.
TENDERS FOR STEAM DREDGE.
Harbour Board Office, Auckland, N.Z.
April 26th, 1875.
TENDERS will be received at this Office until TUESDAY, the 29th June, 1875, at noon, for the construction of a Steam Dredge for the port of Auckland, in terms of plans and specification, to be seen at the office of R. O. Moriarty, Esq., Engineer-in-chief for Harbours and Rivers, N. S. Wales.
Tenders to be addressed to the Chairman, and endorsed "Tender for Steam Dredge."
WILLIAM C. DALDY, Chairman.

TO THE MEDICAL PROFESSION.—TENDERS required for a MEDICAL OFFICER, to attend the members, their wives, and families of Court Kosciuszko Order of Royal Foresters. Tenders to be sent in on or before the 15th May, addressed Mr. ALFRED DOVEY, No. 9, Harbour-street, Sydney.

TENDERS are invited for the Conveyance of Steam Boiler from Sydney to Newcastle. Apply to Messrs. CHAPMAN and CO., Pacific Foundry, Druitt-street.

TO CONTRACTORS.—TENDERS are Invited for the Excavation and Masonry of the Foundations and Basement Story of one Pavilion of THE PRINCE ALFRED HOSPITAL.
Plans and specifications may be seen on application to

PUBLIC COMPANIES.

THE UNITED INSURANCE COMPANY
FIRE AND MARINE.
Capital, £500,000. Unlimited Liability.

HEAD OFFICE: 275, GEORGE-STREET, SYDNEY.

DIRECTORS:
J. R. Cattell, Esq., Chairman | J. B. Rundle, Esq.
L. W. Levy, Esq. | Richard Hill, Esq., M.P.
Edward Flood, Esq. | James Ewan, Esq.

Melbourne Agent: JOHN WATSON, Esq., 60, Collins-street West.
London Agent: J. B. WATT, Esq., 5, East India Avenue.

F. T. WATKINS, Manager.

FIRE and LIFE INSURANCE and ANNUITIES.—The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.
A. STANGER LEATHES, Resident Secretary, corner of Pitt and Spring-streets.

NEW SOUTH WALES LAND MORTGAGE and INVESTMENT ASSOCIATION.

DIRECTORS:
Hon. G. W. Allen, Chairman.
Hon. J. Lucas, M.L.A. Professor Pell
Hon. J. Sutherland, M.L.A. Michael Chapman, Esq., J.P.
LAND and DWELLING-HOUSE BRANCH, by means of which members can obtain freehold land or dwellings, with immediate possession, on weekly or monthly payments.
Prospectuses on application at the office, No. 305, George-street.

RANDOLPH NOTT, Manager.

PACIFIC FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY OF SYDNEY.

Capital, £1,000,000.

DIRECTORS:
Hon. Jacob L. Montefiore, M.L.C., Chairman.
H. E. A. Allan, Esq. W. Tucker, Esq.
Alfred C. Garrick, Esq. Jas. Watson, Esq., M.L.A.
London Agents: Messrs. Levy, Smith, and Co.

Risks taken at lowest current rates.
Marine Policies made payable in London or at any of the company's agencies when required.
A Table of Rates may be obtained at the Company's Office, 91, Pitt-street.

E. L. MONTEFIORE, Manager.

THE NEW ZEALAND INSURANCE CO. FIRE AND MARINE.

SYDNEY BRANCH..... 143, Pitt-street.
INVESTED FUNDS..... £214,000.
With unlimited liability of Shareholders.

FIRE INSURANCES effected on Buildings, Goods, Furniture, Rent, &c.
MARINE RISKS taken at lowest current rates on Hulls, Merchandise, and Freights.
Claims payable in London, New Zealand, or any of the Australian colonies, at the option of the insured.

S. HAGUE SMITH, Agent.

BONUS 20 PER CENT. FOR LAST YEAR. AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL FIRE SOCIETY.

Capital, £100,000. With power to increase to £1,000,000.

DIRECTORS:
Hon. John Sutherland, Esq., M.P., Chairman.
Manuel F. Josephson, Esq. William Day, Esq.
John Wetherill, Esq. William Hoslet, Esq.

ONLY MUTUAL FIRE SOCIETY IN THE COLONY.

Assurers participate in profits, and are free by law from all liability for losses.
Prompt and liberal settlements for fires.
Damage by Lightning and Explosions by Gas paid.
Fire Insurances at LOWEST RATES.

JAMES HENDERSON, Manager.

Offices—285, Pitt-street.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—Capital, £1,945,000. Income, £239,000.

Reserve fund, £240,000.

Established in 1803. Losses paid since the foundation of the Society, £3,132,000.

Insurances effected on buildings, merchandise, and ships. Losses from fire by lightning made good, and all claims on adjustment paid in Sydney.
FANNING, GRIFFITHS, and CO., Agents, Spring-street, Sydney.

BATAVIA SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
London Agents—Messrs. Baring, Brothers, and Co.

MARINE RISKS of every description, including hulls, accepted, and Policies made payable at the various agencies of the Company.
MACKENZIE, GODDARD, and CO., Agents, Exchange, Sydney.

BOROUGH COUNCIL NOTICES.

BOROUGH OF THE GLEBE.—A COURT of PETTY SESSIONS, for the hearing of Appeals, &c., will be holden at the Police Office, George-street, Sydney, on SATURDAY, the 22nd May instant, at 10 a.m. Appeals must be in writing, and delivered to the Council Clerk (7) seven days at least previous to said 22nd day of May instant.

W. DE BURGH HOCTER, Council Clerk and Surveyor.

Council Chambers, May 8, 1875.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
ECCLESIASTICAL JURISDICTION.
In the Estate of EBENEZER ORR, late of Sydney, in the colony of New South Wales, Grazier, deceased.
NOTICE is hereby given that the accounts of ROLLO CAPE, of Pitt-street, Sydney, in the colony of New South Wales, Gentleman, the administrator of the Estate of the abovenamed deceased, left unadministered, have this day been filed in the proper office of this Honourable Court, and all persons having claims against the said Estate, or being otherwise interested therein, may come in before me at my office, Supreme Court-house, King-street, Sydney, on or before the 21st day of May instant, at the hour of 11 of the clock in the forenoon, and inspect the said accounts, and, if they shall think fit, object thereto.
Dated this 10th day of May, in the year of our Lord 1875.

For the Prothonotary,
T. M. SLATTERY,
Chief Clerk of the Supreme Court.

RANDOLPH CHARLES WANT, Proctor for the said Administrator.

NOTICE.—TWO POUNDS REWARD for one CARPET BAG, small size, addressed to Mr. JOHN WENSLEY, Ashfield, Sydney; the same having been left at Ashfield Railway Station, on the 20th of April last, under the seat, in a second-class railway carriage, train 6 h. 5 m., from Sydney. Any person delivering the said carpet bag to Mr. JAMES PRING, Ashfield, will receive the above reward.

JOHN WENSLEY.

NOTICE.
HOTEL DE FRANCE, George and King streets.
The patrons of this hotel and the public are respectfully informed, that business is resumed, and will be carried on under the immediate supervision of MME. COURVOISIER.

GILCHRIST AND WESTON
PROPERTY AUCTIONEERS, AND ESTATE AGENTS,
Sale Rooms, 5, Spring-street,
undertake the disposal of Real Property and Estate by public or private Sale, negotiation of loans on mortgage collection of rentals, and general agency of House Property.

NOTICE.—TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—This is to give Notice that no person is authorised to sell any STOCK or any other goods on my account, and I will not be responsible for any DEBTS that my wife (Sarah Helena Nelch) may contract after this date.

E. C. NEICH.

Bowral, 7th May, 1875.

INDENTS.—The undersigned are prepared to execute Indents on the most favourable terms, for all kinds of Merchandise of British, Continental, or American manufacture.
RABONE FEEZ, and CO., 3, Wynyard-street.

HILL END AND TAMBAROORA.
MR. W. G. COLLINGS,
Mining Agent, Manager, and Broker.
Reports and surveys carefully made, and inquiries answered.

CHAMPAGNE VINEYARD PROPRIETORS COMPANY'S COGNAC.

The Undersigned are AGENTS for the Company at Sydney, and have a stock in bulk and cases constantly on hand.
HARBOTTLE, BIDDULPH, and ALSOP, 121, Pitt-street North.

Sydney, October 1, 1872.

ADVANCES ON WOOL.—The undersigned undertake the consignment of Wool, for sale either in this market or for shipment to London, America, and the Continent of Europe, and are prepared to make liberal advances on business entrusted to their care. FANNING, GRIFFITHS, and CO., SPRING-STREET SYDNEY.

RAYNES, TREEVE, AND CO., Mort's Rooms, Pitt-street,
Auctioneers, Land and Estate Agents, and Valuators, undertake the management of Estates.
Mortgages negotiated.
Cash advanced upon properties submitted for sale.

AMERICAN COMMERCIAL AGENCY.
W. WESTGARTH, Manager,
273, George-street, Sydney.
WANT and CO. beg to intimate that they have taken over the several agencies arranged for by W. Westgarth on his recent visit to San Francisco, and are prepared to indent direct from the manufacturers from
SAMPLES, PATTERNS, and DESIGNS,
all descriptions of American merchandise and manufactures, amongst which may be enumerated—

Agricultural Implements	Brassware of every description
Hooker's Steam and Hand Pumps	Windmills and Pumping Gear
Rock Drilling Apparatus	Saddlery, Harness, and Whips
Carriages and Buggies	Printing Presses and Materials
Fire and Burglar Proof Safes	Woodware of every description, Brooms, &c.
Billiard and Bagatelle Tables	American Tacks (every variety)
Yale Co.'s Locks, Hinges, &c.	Californian Champagne and other Wines
Axes, Shovels, and General Ironmongery	Alden Co.'s Dried Fruits and Vegetables
Stoves for cooking and parlour use	Maizena and Starch Goods
Photographic Views of American Scenery	Preserved Fish, Meat, Vegetables, &c.
Cigars and Tobacco	Canned Fruits (for cooking and dessert)
Elegant Paperhangings	Double Superfine Mustard.
Tinned, Japanned, and Galvanized Ware	
Mining and other Machinery	

And a variety of American Notions, &c., &c., &c.
☞ Samples of most of the above attracted marked attention and interest at the late Intercolonial Exhibition, and were in almost every instance awarded prizes.
N.B.—Special attention will be paid to the introduction of all the most approved descriptions of labour-saving machinery.
By the establishment of rapid steam communication with San Francisco, coupled with the fact of being in direct correspondence with manufacturers, WANT and CO. are enabled to offer special advantages to those ordering goods through them, and to ensure speedy and satisfactory execution of indents.

DUBUISSON, ROBRY, and CO. Importers and Commission Merchants, Noumea, New Caledonia.

TIN.
HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN receive TIN ORE for SALE or shipment, and will make liberal advances when required.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN STOCK AND STATION AGENTS, and CATTLE SALESMEN,
WOOL STORES—Circular Quay.
SALE YARDS—Homebush and Sydney.
OFFICES—Bell's-chambers, Pitt-street, Sydney.
LIBERAL ADVANCES made on all Produce or Stock consigned to us.

MR. W. H. DELOITTE, General Agent, Accountant, and Shipbroker (Office—next Customs Buildings, Circular Quay, Sydney), undertakes Squatters' and Ships Agency, also, Agency for Absentees, and sales of real property by private contract.
Matters of account and audit undertaken on reasonable terms. Having had fifteen years' experience in business in Sydney, Mr. Deloitte is qualified to carry out properly any matters entrusted to his care.
Advances on Wool, &c., consigned to him for sale.
Sydney, 22nd March, 1875.

IN THE ESTATE of the late FRANK WERUNSTEIN, of Bathurst, deceased.—As a final DIVIDEND is about to be declared in the above estate, all claims must be sent in to the undersigned on or before the 13th instant, after which time the sum in hand will be divided among those only whose claims have been received.

E. SABER, Trustee, 500 and 502, George-street.

CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS and SOCIETIES RECEIVED WITH THANKS, from Sir HERCULES ROBINSON, K.C.M.G., FORTY POUNDS STERLING.
E. RAMSAY, Collector, 410, George-street.

BANK OF NEW ZEALAND
NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.
Advices have this day been received from Auckland, that at a meeting of Proprietors held there on the 29th ultimo, a Dividend and Bonus equal to 15 per cent. per annum was declared for the half-year ended 31st March last.
Dividend Warrants will be payable at the temporary office of the bank, 32, Hunter-street, on and after the 8th instant.

EDWARD B. HOLT, Manager.

Sydney, 7th May, 1875.

ASSIGNED ESTATE OF C. S. SMITH, NEWCASTLE.—We have this day sold to Mr. J. KINGSTON, the Stock, Fixtures, and Book Debts, in the above Estate.

J. W. CLIFF,
CHR. NEWTON, } Trustees.

Sydney, 5th May, 1875.
In reference to the above, I have to request that all DEBTS due to the above estate be paid to me at the City House, Hunter-street, Newcastle, during the present month.

J. KINGSTON.

BOOKS, STATIONERY, AND MUSIC.

MR. REGINALD TOMS'S Caprice pour Piano, "Une Etincelle." To be had at all music sellers'.

COPIES of Dr. Badham's ADDRESS to the University Debating Society, may be had at all booksellers.

VIRTUE'S SHAKESPEARE.—Subscribers supplied on arrival of ship Kosciusco. Fursell, 227, George-st.

JUST PUBLISHED, Dr. LANG'S "HISTORY OF NEW SOUTH WALES, from the founding of the colony to the present day." 4th edition, 2 vols. Cr. 8vo, 21s., posted 23s 6d. WILLIAM MADDOCK, 383, Geo.-st

FIVE SHILLINGS (5s.) will be given for a copy of the "BRITISH TRADE JOURNAL" of December 1st, 1874. Apply 517, George-street.

HORTICULTURE AND FARMING.

BOUQUETS of VIOLETS, Hand Bouquets, Wedding Bouquets, Camellia Blooms, &c. 423½, George-st.

ORANGE, LEMON, and other Fruit TREES Ornamental Trees, Shrubs and Flowering Plants Lilly, Hyacinth, Gladiolus, and other choice Bulbs Lucerne, Clover, Prairie and Perennial Rye Grass, &c. New Zealand Potato Oats, prime sample Vegetable and Flower Seeds in great variety Flower Pots and Stands, Hyacinth Glasses, Syringes, Gloves Knives, Pot Covers, Bouquet Papers, Labels, &c.
SHEPHERD and CO., Darling Nursery, and 423½, George-street.

BOUQUETS of Violets, Camellia Blooms, Wedding, and other Bouquets
Seeds, Plants, and Fruit Trees of every description.
Descriptive priced catalogues free on application.
SHEPHERD and CO., Darling Nursery, and 423½, George-street, Sydney. Established 1827.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

GIBSON'S Horse and Carriage Depot, 282, Pitt-st. Horses and Vehicles bought, sold, exchanged, or hire.

BUGGIES! BUGGIES! WAGGONS! CARTS! &c. The largest, cheapest, and best assortment in the colony Buggies, £26; Waggons, £26; Spring-carts, £13, at ROBERTSON'S STEAM COACH and BUGGY MANUFACTORY, Pitt-street, near Haymarket.
N.B.—Country visitors are invited to inspect the works.

FOR SALE, a first-class HORSE, in good condition, suitable for safety or delivery van. JAMES LEVICK and CO., 264, George-street.

FOR SALE, a first-class Hooded PHAETON, suitable for invalid, £35. 434, George-street.

FOR SALE, one of the prettiest little OMNIBUSES in town; imported. 434, George-street.

FOR SALE, a very superior small WAGGONETTE, imported; a bargain. 434, George-street.

FOR SALE, a very elegant Mail PHAETON, almost new. 434, George-street.

FOR SALE, Hansom CAB and Harness, in good order; a bargain. Australian Inn, Parramatta-street.

FOR SALE, a small SPRING-CART: price 3 guineas. Apply 18, Little Bourke-street, Surry Hills.

DRAY HORSES—2 for SALE, subject to any trial, accustomed to town work. Hebblewhite, 432, Geo.-st.

FOR SALE, a very handsome C. Spring BUGGY by Kimball and Co., with harness, and a very fast brown mare, the lot or separate. Apply Ravenswood, two doors out of Tea Gardens, Waverley.

FOR SALE, a good SADDLE HORSE, suitable for collecting. Hains and Walsh, 82, Sussex-street.

HANDSOME bay saddle and harness Horse, £25; chestnut first-class buggy Horse, £12; bay thorough quiet buggy and saddle Cob, £10; Cob, Saddle, and Bridle, £8. KNIGHT, 267, Castlereagh-street.

COVERED Express Waggonet, £40; double-seat Buggy, £30; 4-wheel Dogcart, £20; Gig, £10; Pagnel Cart, £10; Gig, £6; double-plated carriage Harness, £8; single buggy Harness, £3; Side-Saddle, 70s; Saddles, 30s. KNIGHT.

2 PAIRS good stanch Horses for waggonette or buggy, £20 and £30 pair. GIBSON, 282, Pitt-street.

STANCH Heavy Cart HORSE, £16; ton trial anywhere. GIBSON, 282, Pitt-street.

HORSE, Buggy, and Harness, £30. GIBSON, opposite School of Arts.

FOR SALE, a young HORSE, used to the roads, a mud and quiet; sand trials. 176, Clarence-street.

FOR SALE, quiet PONY; drives small chaff machine. Drinkwater's bedstead factory, Enmore Rd., Newtown.

SINGLE and double seat BUGGIES, TRAYS, SOCIABLES, PHAETONS, WAGGONS, PANNELS, &c.

T. MOORE, Coachbuilder, Oxford-street.

FOR SALE, a first class HACK. J. GRIBBEN, Elizabeth-street.

WANTED, a HORSE, for a spring-cart; must be able to draw 1 ton. Geo Ick, 105, George-street.

BUILDING MATERIALS.

SLATES, Cement, Sheet Lead, Galvanized Iron, Zinc, Marble Mantelpieces, Plaster, Register Stoves, Guttering, Ridging, &c.; Drain Pipes all sizes. CRANE and SON, 21 and 23, New Pitt-street, Circular Quay.

BRITISH PLATE and Sheet Glass Warehouse.—The largest and best assorted stock in the colony. Oils, Lead, Colours, Brushwares, Paperhangings, &c. JAMES SANDY and CO. (late Thomas Eden's), 255, George-st.

OREGON BOARDS, 1-in. tongued and grooved, extra full cut. MILLER and HARRISON.

GALVANIZED IRON, Hobart Town Palings, MILLER and HARRISON, Albion Wharf.

CEMENT at reduced prices; Cedar, Pine, and Hardwood. MILLER and HARRISON.

BEECH, KAURI, and MARYBOROUGH PINE. MILLER and HARRISON, Albion Wharf.

DOORS, SASHES, Architraves, Skirtings, Mouldings, MILLER and HARRISON, Albion Wharf.

150,000 FEET American Clear PINE. 100,000 feet Carpenters' Clear Pine, 1½ and 2 inches, very cheap. John Taylor and Co.

130,000 FEET American Shelving, dressed both sides, cheap, light carriage.

105,000 FEET Oregon SPARS, in long lengths; also DEALS, &c.

150,000 FEET HARDWOOD, all sizes and long lengths.

IRONBARK Girders, Palings, Posts, and Rails, Shingles, &c.
A large assortment of Maryborough and Colonial PINE, Cedar, all sizes. Also, Doors, Sashes, Turnery, Cases, Architraves, Skirting, Moulding, &c., in stock and made to order.

JOHN TAYLOR and CO., (late Booth and Co.)
85, SUSSEX-STREET and BALMAIN.

PLASTER OF PARIS, Hilton's Brand: Portland Cement, ditto ditto, on SALE, by Rabone, Feez, & Co.

DAMP WALLS. DAMP WALLS.—IOCHROME.
This Company's Iochrome has been largely used to protect buildings of plain bricks and cemented walls, and has given every satisfaction. For information apply to the Manager, at the Works,
Blackwood's Metallic Paint Company, Pyrmont, near Bridge.
N.B.—To save disappointment be sure you get the right paint.

CEDAR.—Two Cargoes of superior Cedar and Beech LOGS. C. B. BOND, 64, Sussex-street.

50,000 FEET Gutters, Pipe, Ridging, &c., cheap; Lead, Lead Pipe; 5 to 10 feet Iron, "G. O." and "Orb" Plain Iron, Cast Iron-Down Pipes. JAMES A. BROWN, 276, Pitt-street.

SLATES, Cement, Sheet Lead, Zinc, Black and Galvanized Tubing, all sizes. CARY, Railway Bridge.

FOR SALE, cheap, SHOP FRONT, 8 x 9 glass; mantelpiece, glass door, and fitting. CLARK and THOMSEN, 276, George-street.

200 SACKS Marble LIME just received; also super. Portland Cement, at Depot, 6, King-st

LIME, fresh from kilns, Marulan and Parramatta Junction. J. HOGG'S Lime Stores, Sussex-street.

PARRAMATTA.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

DISTRICT COURT.—The second sitting of the District Court for the current year was holden on the 10th instant Mr. District Court Judge Wilkinson presided. There were forty-six cases disposed of, nearly all of which were undefended. M'Cullough v. Whiteman; plaintiff claimed £5 for money lent. Defendant pleaded a set-off of £10 18s. 3d., and obtained a verdict of £4 18s. 3d. Mr. J. E. Bowden for plaintiff Mr. T. H. Hellyer for defendant. Ireland v. Chave; plaintiff claimed £10 for damages, occasioned by defendant's cow breaking into her orchard on several occasions, and letting in other cattle, destroying apples and injuring trees; verdict for plaintiff, £5. Mr. T. H. Hellyer for plaintiff, Mr. J. E. Bowden for defendant. Perv. Houston: plaintiff claimed £116 for rent; defendant attempted to show a partial eviction; verdict for plaintiff, £115. Mr. E. Bowden for plaintiff, Mr. Ashdown for defendant.

BOROUGH COUNCIL.—The regular meeting of the Borough Council was held on the 10th instant, at 3.30 p.m. Present—Aldermen Pye (who presided), Booth, Ritchie, Trott, Willis, Good, Burgo, Cox, Taylor, and Mason. The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed. Reports were received from the Improvement Committee:—That in consequence of their inspection of Mr. Gregg's premises they had not felt justified in permitting him to carry his drain across the footpath to the street gutter, without again referring the matter to the Council. That in reference to Howlett's application for increased pay, based on the ground of the increased cost of living, the committee recommended an increase of 6d. per day to all Council labourers receiving not above 5s. a day. That they had inspected the stepping stones at the foot of Smith-street, and estimated the probable cost of repairing them at £8, but could not recommend anything to be done till it had been ascertained what were the intentions of the Government in reference to the deepening of the river at that place; and also drawing attention to the insufficiency of the drainage on the west side of Church-street, between George and Macquarie streets. From the Hackney Carriage Committee, recommending the adoption of a new scale of charges in substitution for the present one; and that in future the carriage numbers should be painted on the panels and lamps instead of on the driving box as at present. From the Finance Committee, reporting payment of £52 10s. for salaries and £167 4s. 11d. for wages, and recommending sundry accounts amounting to £85 17s. 8d. for payment. Correspondence from Mr. Arthur Betts, asking for a grant of £10 or £15 for repair of Kissing Point Road between All Saints' Church and the boundary stone, and undertaking to contribute about £10 in labour, or if the Council would not vote the money, but would have suitable stone placed along the road, he would find the labour to fill up the holes with it under the instructions of the Improvement Committee. Received and referred to the Improvement Committee to carry out in the way they think best. From John Costello, complaining of the mud from Rose-street being thrown on to the footpath and rendering it impassable. Received and referred to the Improvement Committee. From Alexander Forsyth, representing that the Council's improvements were proving the ruin of his Gegin-street property, and threatening that if the Council did not remedy his grievance, he would endeavour to make them. Received. From Samuel Barber, requesting permission to open up and clear a drain from his premises, George and Church streets, to the sewer. Received and referred to Improvement Committee for report. From W. King, in reference to some improvements needed in Farnell-street and Duck-lane. Received, and referred to the Improvement Committee. From A. Christie, asking leave to connect his property, George-street, with the adjacent sewer. Received and the Council Clerk instructed to write to Mr. Christie the leave asked. From Mr. Rochester, asking leave to have crossings to his store and to the back gateway of his property. Received, and referred to the Improvement Committee. The following motions were carried:—"That the holes in Church-street, from the Pennant Hills Road to Barney-street, be repaired with rubble at a cost not to exceed £15." "That the tender and contract of Michael Hagin to supply horse, carts, and men to this Council for twelve months be cancelled from this day forthright." "That his worship the Mayor be requested to call for tenders from persons willing to supply horses, carts, and drivers for the remainder of the municipal year, and that tenders be sent in not later than Monday the 24th instant at noon, addressed to the Mayor." That the stone drain in Pennant-street, near the Catholic Chapel, be taken up, and substituted with an underground drain, at a cost not to exceed £10. That his Worship the Mayor be requested to apply to the Government to grant to the Council of Parramatta the allotment of land with the buildings thereon, formerly used for the Broken-back Bridge tollbar. That Villiers-street, from Pennant-street to the river, be repaired, at a cost of £5. That the Improvement Committee report as to Macquarie-street, eastwards from the School of Arts, being repaired, at a cost not exceeding £10; and that the work in Gaggin-street, as recommended in the Improvement Committee's report and adopted by this Council on 12th April, 1875, be carried out forthwith, at a cost not exceeding £4."

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.—The Right Reverend the Bishop of Bathurst preached at St. John's Church on the morning of the 9th instant, on behalf of the Church Society. He also took part in the evening service at the same place.

HALF-HOLIDAY MOVEMENT.—Some of the storekeepers appear to have got tired of closing on the Wednesday afternoon, and have advertised that in future their establishments will be open during the usual hours of business. The names of two or three of the leading firms are amongst those attached to the notice. The supporters of the half-holiday, however, are not quite discouraged by this, and are urging the customers to advocate their cause. Up to the present time such appeals have always been readily responded to, but the issue is doubtful.

May 11.

THIS DAY, at 11 a.m., plants. Bradley, Newton, and Lamb, auctioneers, Pitt and O'Connell streets.—ADV.

SYDNEY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

THE usual fortnightly meeting of the Sydney Municipal Council was held yesterday, at the temporary Town Hall, York-street. There were present his Worship the Mayor (in the chair), and Aldermen Oatley, Chapman, Day, Mace, Merriman, Green, Macintosh, Moore, Rowe, Davies, and Harris.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed.

HEALTH OFFICER'S REPORT.

The following report was read by the Clerk:—

Health Office, Sydney, May 9, 1875.

To the Right Worshipful the Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Sydney.

Gentlemen,—I have the honour to submit my Health Report for the month ending April 30.

During the past month the total number of deaths registered was 207, of which 55 were under five years of age. During the same period there were 295 births recorded.

In April, 1874, the deaths were 115, of which 37 were under five years, and the births numbered 331.

The late prevailing epidemic has nearly disappeared, there being but few known cases in the city at the present time; the late seasonable rains tending, no doubt, to thoroughly cleanse the drains and sewers, thus producing a favourable change.

I have the honour to be, Gentlemen,
Your most obedient servant,
G. P. DANSEY, City Health Officer.

Alderman OATLEY thought the Health-officer should state in his report the number of houses visited and nuisances reported or suppressed. The report should be more explicit; they appeared to be merely copies of portions of reports from the Registrar-General's office.

Alderman MOORE thought the Health-officer's reports were merely taken from the Registrar-General's reports. The Council ought certainly to have some return for its expenditure.

Alderman CHAPMAN thought the Council ought to know what it got for the money it paid. It struck him that they could get the information now given them from the Registrar-General's office; or it might, he thought, be got from the newspapers. He thought the Health-officer ought to report the number of houses, and the particular cases that came under his notice.

Alderman DAVIES thought that if all the information which the City Health Officer gave them could be got by any alderman from the Registrar-General's office, it was a wasteful expenditure of money to pay a health-officer. The Council ought to have further information than that supplied by statistics published by the Government. They should know whether their officer paid personal visits of inspection to the different parts of the city.

The MAYOR said that, after the remarks that had been made, he should feel it his duty to request Dr. Dansey to be more explicit in his reports.

PETITION.

Alderman MERRIMAN presented a petition from residents of Devonshire-street, asking for the erection of a lamp in the said street.

Petition received and referred to the Lighting Committee.

CORRESPONDENCE.

The Clerk read a letter from the Colonial Secretary's Office, to the effect that the Government could not lay down kerbing and guttering in front of the gaol and other public buildings at Darlinghurst, as they had no funds out of which the cost of the work could be defrayed. Also a letter from the Paddington Municipal Council, to the effect that the Council could not vote any portion of its funds to the reclamation of a portion of Rushcutter Bay, as no part of the land was within the Paddington Municipality; but the Council offered to give all the assistance that was in its power towards the work.

QUESTIONS.

Alderman CHAPMAN asked the Mayor whether an information had been laid at the Town Hall to the effect that a resident in King-street was about to have the water laid on direct from the main to a water-closet? and whether the Mayor had given instructions to the officers in reference to the matter.

The MAYOR said he gave instructions to Mr. Clayton to wait upon the citizen in question, and also the plumber who was engaged to do the work, with the view of stopping the work and inducing the citizen to erect a cistern. But both the citizen and the plumber set the Corporation at defiance, and said that there was no law to prevent them connecting the closet with the main. He had since seen the City Solicitor, and that gentleman had informed him that the Corporation had no power to stop the proposed connection.

Alderman CHAPMAN said that if the Corporation had had power to stop such connections they would have acted upon it long since. But whilst everything had been said against the Council by persons outside, the Parliament had always refused to give the Corporation the necessary powers.

Alderman CHAPMAN could only suppose that the citizen in question, who was a chemist and druggist, was merely pushing on his own business in increasing the unhealthiness of the city. He was surprised that any citizen should be guilty of such improper and indecent conduct.

Alderman GREEN asked,—"What progress has been made towards the completion of plans, specification, &c., of the New Town Hall?"

The MAYOR said: I believe nearly all the plans are completed.

Alderman GREEN asked,—"What progress has been made towards fitting up temporary offices in the New Town Hall?"

The MAYOR replied: The flooring is nearly completed. We expect to have it ready for occupation in two months.

Alderman ROWE asked,—"How many supply tanks have been fixed to waterclosets since the passing of the resolution compelling the use of the same?"

The MAYOR replied: 236 cisterns to closets have been fixed since passing resolution; 80 of these have been fixed to old closets; several others have been fixed to old closets throughout the city, but no return of them has been made to this office.

Alderman ROWE asked,—"When will the Health-officer, City Engineer, and City Surveyor's report be ready with reference to conveying nightsoil and city refuse out to sea in covered barges?"

The MAYOR replied, the report will be ready by next Council meeting.

Alderman ROWE asked,—"When will the City Surveyor, be ready to report with reference to re-naming of sundry streets and lanes of the city?"

The MAYOR replied, in a few days.

Alderman ROWE asked,—"Where is the city nightsoil and refuse being deposited?"

The MAYOR replied.—Street sweepings and house rubbish are deposited at Moore Park, Bowling-street, Macquarie-street South, Harris-street, Carlton-street, Upper Fort-street-Government reserve, Inner Domain, Kelly's-run-Hunter and Rushcutter Bay). Nightsoil is deposited with market gardeners outside the city under arrangement with the nightmen, as also in any convenient places without the boundaries of the city. There are no places set apart for the deposit of nightsoil.

METROPOLITAN CATTLE SALE YARDS.

The MAYOR reported to the Council that, since the last fortnightly meeting of the Council, a deputation, representing various stock and station agents in and around Sydney, had waited upon him to urge upon the Corporation the necessity of its proceeding to the erection of metropolitan cattle sale yards. The deputation left with him a copy of a draft bill to deal with the question. He had referred that bill to the City Solicitor, and when he received it back, he would at once submit it to the committee of the Council for consideration.

FINANCE.

Alderman MERRIMAN moved,—"That the report of the Finance Committee, received this day, recommending the payment of sundry accounts, be adopted."

Seconded by Alderman OATLEY, and carried.

CITY FUND.

Alderman MACINTOSH moved,—"That the report of the Finance Committee on the financial position of the Corporation in connection with the City Fund for the year 1875 be adopted." He hoped this would be the last year the Council would have such small means at its disposal for city improvements.

Seconded by Alderman DAY, and agreed to.

LIME-STREET WHARF.

Alderman DAY moved,—"That the report of the Finance Committee, received this day, recommending that the lease of Lime-street Wharf, held by Mr. Benjamin Jenkins, for a term of three years, be extended to five years, upon condition that permanent improvements of the value of £260, be executed by the lessee, to the satisfaction of the City Surveyor, be adopted."

Alderman CHAPMAN seconded the motion.

Alderman MACE opposed the motion on the ground that it was a wrong principle to have improvements carried out by a second person as proposed in the motion.

The motion was carried on division—Alderman Mace alone voting against it.

ERECTION OF LAMP.

Mr. DAVIES moved,—"That in compliance with the petition of residents in Esther-street and its vicinity, a lamp be placed at the junction of Esther and Wilshire streets."

The MAYOR ruled the motion out of order, as the matter had not been considered in committee, in accordance with the Corporation by-laws.

Alderman DAVIES dissented from the Mayor's ruling.

Some discussion ensued, in the course of which Alderman DAVIES alleged that he was only asking for the expenditure of some £18 or £20, when other aldermen had got the Mayors to expend ten or twenty times that amount without any resolution of the Council. £60 or £60 a day had been expended in that way. This statement was denied by Alderman DAY and other aldermen; and the MAYOR said that since he had been in office he had refused to sanction any expenditure without a resolution of the Council, unless it was some small expenditure upon a work of urgent necessity.

A motion, moved by Alderman DAVIES,—"That the Mayor's ruling be dissented from," was negatived, the mover alone voting in favour of it.

JOHN-STREET WHARF.

Alderman DAY moved,—"That the report of the Finance Committee, recommending that the tender of Mr. Matthew Byrnes for a three years' lease of the wharf, John-street, Pyrmont, at a yearly rental of £26, be accepted."

The motion was seconded and carried.

WATER AND HEALTH COMMISSION.

Alderman ROWE asked the indulgence of the Council whilst he made a few remarks respecting the Report of the City Health and Sewage Commission. He found by their report that they had discovered a mare's nest. At his instigation, the City Engineer, twelve months ago, was instructed to report upon the desirableness of using tanks or cisterns for water-closets, and as to the best kind of cisterns that could be used. The Council at that time was fully aware that the mode in which the water was conveyed to the closets was very objectionable and likely to pollute the water. There were 6400 closets connected with the mains—4700 directly connected, the other 700 having the water intercepted by means of tanks.

Alderman CHAPMAN: There must be by this time thousands of closets where the water is intercepted by tanks. Since the report referred to, numbers of citizens had had their water services altered.

Alderman ROWE continued: The *S. M. Herald* spoke of the commission as having made an inquiry in a manly outspoken manner. It was well known that the City Council was as much opposed to the mode of supplying water to closets as the Commission could be; but the Council could not do what it had not the power to do. After receiving the reports of its officers, the Council did all it could. About that time the Gardiner question was absorbing the attention of Parliament; and if the Council had stepped to that body for a short Act, it would no doubt have met the fate it always met with at the hands of Parliament. He hoped that a bill would be passed to compel citizens to use tanks for the supply of their closets. There were in the city some 7000 or 8000 cesspits. It would have been well if the Commission had turned their attention to these instead of the discovery of something that was discovered many months ago. The cost of altering the present connections would be about £14,000 or £15,000. From the remarks in the *Herald*, one would suppose that the whole of the 4700 closets spoken of were contaminating the water. That was a mistake. When the water was full on, that in the mains could not get contaminated.

Alderman MACINTOSH said it had always been fashionable for scientific bodies to abuse and find fault with such bodies as city councils. The same would be the case in a hundred years to come. But he did not think that any body of aldermen ever accepted office with greater sincerity, or a stronger desire to do their duty to the city, than the Sydney aldermen. They had exercised all the powers they possessed in governing the city; but the scientific individuals composing the Health and Sewage Commission had discovered a mare's nest. Not only did the Council discover the evil many months ago, but they had done all they could to induce the citizens to use cisterns, and had given prizes for designs for the cheapest and best cisterns that could be used.

Alderman DAY said he had tried by every means in his power since he had been an alderman to put a stop to the evils complained of by the Commission. He had waited upon the editors of the *Herald* with the view of enlisting their assistance in checking the evil, but that journal took no notice until a Board of professional men was appointed, and then it said that the thanks of every citizen was due to that Board. The reports presented to the Council by its officers, and the discussions that had taken place in reference to the matter, had appeared in the *Herald*, but that journal did not notice them until the Commission reported.

The Council then rose.

REPORT of the FINANCE COMMITTEE on the state of the City Fund for the year 1875.

Your committee have the honour to present to the Council statements of the probable position of the City Fund for the present year:—

The debit balance at the Bank on the 1st January was...		£15,675
With liabilities upon contracts, works, &c., of	...	9,120
together	...	24,795
Against this, there was due for rates and for works executed £900		
and the value of metal stock was 250		1,150
making a total liability of		£23,645
Council voted for the works of the City for the past year		£34,571
The expenditure and liabilities incurred during that period was	£59,095	
Less previous contracts, and works to be re-repaid	1,745	57,351
Showing an excessive expenditure of		£22,777

Debentures to the extent of £10,000, being the balance of the amount authorised to be raised on the City Fund, have been issued during the year.

The salaries of the officers, as proposed to be distributed between the City, Water, and Sewerage Funds, is shown by appendix B.

The several items of expected revenue during the year 1875 are exhibited in schedule C, and your committee would recommend that the same be appropriated for the several purposes enumerated in appendix D.

BENJAMIN PALMER, Chairman.

Town-hall, Sydney, 5th May, 1875.

APPENDIX A.

Receipts and disbursements on account of the City Fund, for the year ending 31st December, 1874.

RECEIPTS.

City rate			£37,362 5 6
Watering street rate			2,708 9 5
Rents—markets, wharfs, baths, &c.			10,293 7 1
Fees, fines, and licences			1,745 18 0
Paving rate			330 7 1
Sale of stores, printed papers, &c.			54 0 4
Rent—Randwick toll			443 2 0
Government endowment...			10,000 0 0
Sale street sweepings			1,803 10 0
Rent of land and agistment			5 5 6
Repayment works			137 1 5
Rent—Land, Haymarket ... ...

THE BOYTON LIFE-DRESS.

Towards the end of October last year (says the *Times* of March 2) a statement went the round of the papers to the effect that an American had jumped overboard from the National Liner steamship Queen some miles from the Irish coast and had succeeded in gaining the shore safe, warm, and dry, a violent storm notwithstanding. Although it was mentioned that the adventurer was equipped with a live-saving apparatus, the statement taxed the credulity of most people who know what the sea is in a storm. The fact, however, is well authenticated that Captain Paul Boyton, of the New Jersey Life Saving Service, Atlantic City, did so quit the vessel, and after remaining in the sea for seven hours, and drifting some miles along the coast, he was at length cast ashore high and dry at Trefaska Bight, on the Skibbereen coast, and the next day made his way to Cork, where he rejoined his anxious friends on board the Queen. Captain Boyton is no stranger to the water, having saved many lives along the American seaboard, where he has been stationed with the Life-Saving Service. The dress in which he accomplished his feat, although known by his name, is really the invention of Mr. C. S. Merriman, of New York, Captain Boyton's mission being to introduce it into Europe. The dress is made of solid indiarubber, and is in two parts, the lower being the pantaloons, to which boots are attached, and the upper the tunic, with sleeves, gloves, and helmet connected to it. The pantaloons are formed with a waistbelt or hoop of steel, which is elastic, and has a rib of indiarubber running round the outside. The tunic has a similar rib of rubber around the inside of the waist, which is drawn over and contracts under the rib on the pantaloon belt, and by its elasticity, gripping it tightly, forms a water-tight joint. This joint is further secured by an outer belt of rubber fastened with a buckle. Having put on this suit in the order indicated in our description, the operator next proceeds to inflate it, which he does by blowing in turn through five tubes, fitted with stop valves, each tube communicating with an air chamber. Of these chambers there are two in the pantaloons, two in the tunic, and one in the helmet. In the front of the helmet an aperture is left large enough to show the eyes, nose, and mouth of the operator, and the act of inflating the helmet brings the edges of the rubber in close contact with the face, so that there are only a few square inches of exposed surface. The suit weighs 15 lbs., and when fully inflated is stated to be capable of sustaining a weight of 300 lbs., which allows for the weight of a person saved by the wearer from drowning, besides which the inventor has provided for the contingency of damage to any one of the air-chambers. The suit when out of use is packed in an indiarubber bag weighing about 2 lbs. This bag has a compartment round the mouth in which three gallons of water may be stowed away. In the bottom of the bag are placed provisions, signal lights, &c., and air is blown into the water compartment, which expands the mouth of the bag inwards and so closes the opening, which can further be strapped tight. Equipped in this dress, and thus provisioned and provided with a paddle, Captain Boyton undertakes to make any reasonable voyage that may be suggested to him. As the dress fits loosely and is put on over the ordinary clothing, the temperature of the body is equably maintained. With a little practice, the dress can be put on and inflated in two minutes.

Since his exploit off the Irish coast Captain Boyton has exhibited his powers of flotation in the dress on many occasions and in various waters, among others being those of Cork Harbour, Kingstown Harbour, Dublin Bay, the Liffey, and, lastly, in the Thames, making a voyage from Wapping to Lambeth. His object is to get the life-saving dress adopted by the Arctic Expedition, the National Lifeboat Institution, and the Royal Humane Society as adjuncts to their present apparatus. For this purpose exhibitions have of late been given by Captain Boyton at the Paddington Baths, Queen's Road, Bayswater, and one given on Wednesday evening was attended by a member of the Committee of the Arctic Expedition, who was present for the purpose of investigating the capabilities of the life-preserving dress with the view of adopting it. Mr. Plimsoll, M.P., who has taken an active interest in the invention, was present during the evening, and the Admiralty, the National Lifeboat Institution, and the Royal Humane Society were also represented. Various aquatic feats were performed, which fully demonstrated the adaptability of the new dress for preserving life in water and called forth expressions of approval from those present. The severer practical tests to which we have referred are, however, of more value than those made in a swimming-bath, although the latter serve to show the manipulation of the dress and its applicability to its intended purposes. A practical testimony to its value is afforded by the course taken by the United States Government, who, we are informed, after giving the dress a year's trial, have recently ordered 4000 of them for their naval service. It is also being supplied for constant use in the American Life-Saving Service. Taking all the facts connected with this apparatus, it is not possible to evade the conclusion that it would prove both useful and valuable in the various departments we have indicated.

An experiment of an interesting and practical character was successfully made with the Boyton life-dress on Saturday, March 6, upon which occasion Captain Boyton, accompanied by two other gentlemen, made a trip down the Thames from Westminster to Greenwich. Captain Boyton's companions were Lieutenant Morgan and Mr. Willis, the latter gentleman being a surgeon, and each was equipped in a Boyton life-dress. A fourth gentleman, Mr. Distin, was to have formed one of the party, but was prevented by a pressing engagement. The party left Westminster-bridge at half-past 2 o'clock, the three voyagers at once taking to the water, and Captain Boyton's friends and several scientific gentlemen being accommodated on board one of the Woolwich steamboats, which the company had arranged should accompany the expedition. Although, beyond a short notice issued by the Steamboat Company, the aquatic trip was quite unannounced, it excited great interest, and the north side of Westminster Bridge and the whole line of the Thames embankment were crowded with spectators long before the time of departure. The three voyagers were accompanied by a large fleet of small boats, which at times pressed upon them somewhat inconveniently. The Boyton life-dress having been described in the *Times* of the 2nd instant, it is unnecessary here to do more than state that it consists of a solid indiarubber tunic, with headpiece and gloves attached, and a pair of pantaloons terminating in boots. It is secured with a watertight joint at the waist, and the wearer is rendered buoyant by the inflation of five air-chambers, the headpiece having a small opening, which only exposes the eyes, nose, and mouth of the user. Upon the present occasion Captain Boyton took in tow an indisrubber canoe and a large tin canister or floating magazine, the former containing a supply of rockets and signal lights, and the latter, which has a close-fitting lid, some working tools, a stock of provisions and cigars, while suspended from it was an axe. Each gentleman had a socket strapped on to one foot, in which he carried a flag, Captain Boyton flying the American, Lieutenant Morgan the English, and Mr. Willis the Irish colours. As soon as the party were afloat, Captain Boyton fired a series of signal rockets, a performance which was repeated at intervals on the way down to Greenwich. The tide was in favour of the voyagers, and they were further assisted by canoe paddles, of which each had one. The Thames Embankment was crowded with spectators the whole of its length, and the bridges were similarly thronged. The expedition continued its way down the river, the steamer calling at the various piers, and at each receiving a fresh accession of passengers. In the Pool, Captain Boyton illustrated the manner in which a lifeline could be carried from shore to a ship, assuming either that no boat was at hand, or that, if handy, the sea was too heavy to launch her. Captain Boyton received the end of the line from his brother, who was on board the steamer, and by whom he is efficiently assisted in all his experiments; aided by his paddle he rapidly carried the line a long distance across the river to a passing barge, which represented the vessel in distress.

In the Pool also, Captain Boyton and his two companions partook of a luncheon, which, including bottled beer, they carried in their magazine, after which fresh cigars were lighted, and they continued their course. Greenwich Hospital was reached at a quarter before 5, the time occupied having thus been two hours and a quarter, and the distance travelled upwards of seven miles. It should be understood that this was no speed test, as many stoppages were made on the way down. At Greenwich a large concourse of people awaited the three voyagers, who were enthusiastically received. They proceeded to the Ship Hotel, where further explanations respecting the dress and its capabilities were afforded. The voyagers were not in any respect the worse for their two hours' immersion and their exertions in paddling, and, although a cold raw day, the temperature of their bodies was equally maintained throughout. This point was especially noted by Mr. Willis, the medical gentleman of the party, who took his own temperature, from beneath the tongue, at starting and at the finish. At starting he found it to be 99 degrees, which was rather above the normal temperature of the body, but the increase was accounted for by Mr. Willis by the slight excitement consequent upon the occasion. The temperature at the finish he found to be 100 degrees, and at no time on the journey did he experience any sensible reduction. It should be mentioned that Mr. Willis had only once previously tried the dress, and that was in the Paddington Baths, while Lieutenant Morgan had never had it on before. The experiment satisfactorily establishes the value of the Boyton life-dress *in many respects*, and the ease with which various operations can be carried on in water by the wearer suggests its applicability to the purposes of fishing, shooting, exploring, &c. Although well proved elsewhere, its capabilities on a rocky and dangerous coast, and in a rough sea, have not yet been demonstrated in England. This it is Captain Boyton's intention shortly to do, and, what is more, he purposes making a voyage from Dover to Calais as soon as his arrangements will permit. Its usefulness in another direction was suggested on Saturday by Mr. Simmons, the aeronaut, who formed one of the party, and that is as an adjunct to other apparatus carried in a balloon. As a means of affording safety in the event of a balloon descending at sea, as balloons have done before, and doubtless will do again, Mr. Simmons considers the Boyton dress simply perfect. Altogether the experiments of Saturday were highly interesting, and they were as successful as they were interesting. They were succeeded by a private dinner at the Ship Hotel, to which Captain and Mr. Boyton invited a select party of friends.—*Times*.

NEW SOUTH WALES PARLIAMENT.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

TUESDAY, MAY 11.

THE SPEAKER took the chair at twenty-nine minutes past 4 o'clock.

RESERVE ON BONE CREEK.

Mr. W. C. BROWNE asked the Secretary for Lands—"1. Is he aware that Reserve No. 81, of 640 acres on Bone Creek, adjoining the road from Murrumundi to Coolah, county of Pottinger, is not accessible to the public? 2. Is it the intention of the Government to proclaim this reserve a reserve for travelling stock; and, if so, when?"

Mr. ROBERTSON said that the Government were not aware. The Crown bailiff had been requested to report. The reserve, however, had not been withdrawn from lease. 2. The matter would receive the early consideration of the Government as soon as the facts were made known to them.

POLICE BUSINESS AT COONAMBLE.

Mr. T. G. DANGAR asked the Colonial Secretary,—"1. Is it a fact that the police business at Coonamble is conducted in the private residence of Mr. Weston, the Clerk of Petty Sessions there, and rent paid him for the use of such; and, if so, what rent? 2. How many Government appointments does Mr. Weston, the Clerk of Petty Sessions at Coonamble, hold?"

Mr. ROBERTSON answered,—1. Yes; a room was rented for the purpose at 10s. a week. 2. Mr. Weston, as was usual with other officers in a similar position, held the appointments of clerk of petty sessions, coroner, land agent, agent for the curator of intestate estates, clerk of small debts Court, commissioner for taking affidavits, and postmaster, at Coonamble.

COURT-HOUSE, &c., AT COONAMBLE.

Mr. T. G. DANGAR asked the Secretary for Public Works,—"1. Has any money been voted for erection of Court-house, &c., at Coonamble; if so, what amount, and when voted? 2. Have tenders been called for, or accepted, for this work; if not, what steps have been taken, or expected to be taken?"

Mr. LACKEY said that £800 was voted on the estimates of 1874; but as a contract for the work could not be taken in time, the vote lapsed. The amount required having been re-voted, the necessary plans were now in course of preparation, and, when completed, tenders would be again called for.

MUNICIPALITIES ACT OF 1867.

Mr MACINTOSH asked the Colonial Secretary,—"Has the Government taken into consideration the necessity of amending the Municipalities Act of 1867, so far as extending and increasing the amount of endowment now granted by the provisions of section 165 of the said Act?"

Mr. ROBERTSON said that this matter had engaged the earnest and careful consideration of the Government from the time they took office. They found a measure in some way approaching this subject left by their predecessors, but, unquestionably, it was necessary to treat the whole subject more fully. The Mayor and Corporation of Sydney had in course of preparation a bill which they desired should be submitted to the Government before the Government brought in their bill; and for this they were waiting, being desirous of showing every consideration to the Corporation with which they intended to accept their proposals. A bill to deal with the subject fully could not be brought in this session, but he hoped in a few days to introduce a bill to deal with the immediate requirements of the city.

MUNICIPALITY OF PROSPECT AND SHERWOOD.

Mr. TAYLOR, for the Postmaster-General,—"Is it intended to provide any, and, if any, what additional postal accommodation for the inhabitants of the municipality of Prospect and Sherwood?"

Mr BURNS said that increased accommodation was required, but had not decided in what shape it should be granted.

BALANCES UPON CONDITIONAL PURCHASES.

Mr. DAWDES asked the Secretary for Lands,—"In reference to the reply given by the Secretary for Lands on the 15th April last to a question asked by the hon. member, Mr. Piddington, before it is stated that the balances remaining unpaid upon conditional purchases amounted to £1,317,482 15s. 3d.—is arriving at that amount, has any allowance been made in respect of lapsed, forfeited, and cancelled conditional purchases; and, if so, what allowance?"

Mr. ROBERTSON said that the answer referred to was intended as an approximate one, and allowances had been made therein for refunds of cancelled selections to the extent of £125,765. No allowance was made for selections which had been declared lapsed or forfeited, as that amount could not be arrived at in the short time allowed for the question.

THE COLONY OF QUEENSLAND.

Mr. H. C. DANGAR asked the Colonial Treasurer,—"Do the Government intend to take steps to obtain from the Government of Queensland payment of the proportion of debt taken over by that colony on its separation from this colony?"

Mr. FORSTER said that ineffectual attempts were made years ago by Governments and by Legislatures, to deal with this question, but nothing had been done for years, and he could not say that the question had been, in any way, under the consideration of the present Government; but on the hon. gentleman's suggestion, and, as the matter was of some importance, it would be dealt with when more pressing business allowed.

THE WAVE BREAKER.

Mr. STUART asked the Colonial Secretary,—"1. Have the Government received communications from Captain C. A. Blom Crawford respecting his discovery styled the 'Wave Breaker?' 2. Have the Government, in accordance with such communication, conveyed representations, or made any observations concerning such discovery to her Majesty's Government?"

Mr. ROBERTSON replied in the negative to both questions. The Marine Board was unable to decide on the merits of the invention in consequence of the insufficient character of Captain Crawford's information. The proper course for him to take would be to secure his patent according to law.

EMPLOYES ON THE RAILWAYS.

Mr. W. C. BROWNE asked the Secretary for Public Works,—"1. Have uniforms been issued to the *employés* of the Great Northern Railway this year; and, if not, when will they be supplied? 2. The like information with regard to the *employés* of the Southern and Western Railways?"

Mr. LACKEY said that previous to last year the guards and porters employed on all the lines were allowed a sum of money allowance for dress; but the system of supplying uniforms instead had since been tried on the South and West lines; and, as it had been found satisfactory, the system would be extended to the *employés* on the Northern line.

PAPERS.

Mr. ROBERTSON laid on the table by-laws, Wagga Wagga Free Library; report respecting the employment of prison labour at Trial Bay; return of moneys expended under the Volunteer Force Regulation Act of 1867; return having reference to the Real Property Act; copies of all documents of and having reference to the non-granting of second land orders to volunteers; correspondence, &c., respecting the appointment and dismissal of the Curator of the Museum.

Mr. LACKEY laid upon the table a return showing the number of accidents that occurred on the railway from 1863 to 30th April, 1875, with names of persons killed and injured, and the amount of compensation paid.

The documents were ordered to be printed.

CANCELLATION OF RESERVE.

Mr. DIBBS moved,—That there be laid upon the table of this House, copies of all correspondence, reports, letters, telegrams, papers, and minutes, relating to the cancellation of reserve No. 123 on Byron Run, New England district."

Agreed to.

PETITION PRINTED.

Mr. FARNELL moved,—"That the petition presented by him on the 7th May, from stockholders and agents, against the passing of the Goulburn Cattle Sale-yards Bill, be printed."

Agreed to.

CASE OF JOHN CHIPLIN.

Mr. DAVIES (for Mr. Butler) moved,—"That an address be presented to the Governor, praying that his Excellency will be pleased to cause to be laid upon the table of this House, copies of the depositions in the case of the prosecution of one John Chiplin, at Hargraves, on or about the 4th of September, 1874, on a charge of perjury, preferred against him by one William Johnstone; also, copies of all correspondence between the said Chiplin and Mr. Lydiard, Inspector of Police, and Mr. Walsh, M'Nanulty, and Mr. Foxbery, Inspector-General of Police respectively, in reference to the said prosecution."

Agreed to.

OFFICE OF AGENT-GENERAL.

Mr. PARKES moved,—"1. That it is desirable that the office of Agent-General in England should be filled by a person possessing the most recent and correct knowledge of the condition and prospects of the colony, acquired by residence and experience. 2. That the office ought not to be regarded merely as an office of profit, to be held on good behaviour, like the ordinary offices under Government, but that the incumbent thereof ought to be subject to recall at any time for reasons of policy, without censure or dissatisfaction being implied by such a act of recall. 3. That the foregoing resolutions be transmitted by a message to his Excellency the Governor." He thought he would be able to give some reasons why the House should affirm the particular condition which these resolutions sought to establish in reference to the Colonial Agency. The incumbency of Sir Charles Cowper might be considered as the first incumbency of the agency of the colony in its present character; that was exceeding beyond the duties of a mere commercial agent; but even, in this case, he doubted very much whether the agency of the colony in England had assumed that character, which it was desirable it should assume in the interests of the country. The colony had practically ceased since Sir Charles Cowper was appointed, and it would be impossible for any one to say what the state of things would be ten years hence; but he might fairly argue from the past, that these Australian colonies would, within the next ten years, assume the proportions of a great State. That might safely be predicted. The rapid progress which the colony was now making in population and commerce should be borne in mind in any future representation of the colony in England. He concurred in an observation made the other evening by the hon. member for West Sydney (Mr. Dibbs) that the mere commercial business devolving upon this agency was a thing which might be very well left to persons employed by the Agent-General. What was really wanted in an Agent-General of a great colony like New South Wales, was a person so thoroughly identified and acquainted with the colony—its condition and its capabilities, and who, at the same time would take so lively an interest in its progress and advancement—that he would be able at all points to defend its character, explain its resources, and cultivate an extension of knowledge amongst the English people as to what the colony really was; in one word, to maintain the position of this colony in the emulation which would go on between this and all other dependencies of the Crown. His idea was to reduce or elevate this agency to the character of a semi-diplomatic agency—the office to be held more for honour than emolument—and the Agent to be liable to be recalled at any time when, in the judgment of the country, he should be recalled, and some one should be placed there to represent the colony. He objected to any person, whoever he might be, being sent to London when forty or fifty years old, to remain there as long as he might be able, in some form or other, to attend to the duties, though it might be for ten or twenty years. It required no effort of imagination to see that any person who might hold office on such terms would entirely lose sight of the requirements of the colony, which would shoot ahead of his knowledge. It seemed to be in the highest degree necessary that whoever represented the colony in London should have a personal knowledge of its condition, and be able to sympathise with all its aspirations; that he should understand all its movements, and be thoroughly acquainted with its policy; and he therefore thought the office should devolve upon a person who would hold it more as a point of honour than as an office of emolument, who might be retained for a dozen years, and perhaps only for two, and be liable to be recalled at any time when the exigencies of the Cabinet or some special policy might render his recall necessary. He could see a great number of advantages that would arise from a change made in the tenure of this important office. The visits of our first citizens to the mother country would become more frequent; and he could see that men first class in point of intelligence, with a very intimate knowledge of our interests, would take this office and devote their energies to its duties in a way which no mere official could be expected to do, and would really represent the colony for the time being; and when this gentleman was desirous of returning to this country by giving timely notice, the office would revert to some other gentleman of equal ability. Of course the office would need to have some permanence in all its clerical duties, but that could be secured by the appointment of a gentleman to act as secretary, in a similar position to the under-secretary in the Government departments here. The gentleman who was now engaged as secretary to the Agent-General in London was a gentleman of apparently some good qualifications, and was perfectly competent under instructions to attend to all the mere detail business transacted in the office. It seemed to him that the appointment of Agent-General ought to be made under an Act, and there were many things in the office which ought to be defined. Most assuredly the change in the shipping business, of which they had heard so recently, was made without any reference to this Government; and the clerk who was dismissed some time ago was removed without the Government having the slightest knowledge of his removal until a letter reached the colony from him, asking compensation for loss of office. He thought there ought to be some consultation, or at all events some confirmation of all changes in the clerical staff of the office. [Mr. ROBERTSON: "Hear, hear."] To that extent the arrangements ought to be made from this Government, or when that was impossible they ought to be confirmed from this side. He though that would be brought about much better by the Agent-General himself holding his office for a time rather than permanently, because necessarily so long as the Agent-General held office for a number of years, say 20 years, the business would get more and more withdrawn from the colony; and it would require some person to go home every four or five years to inspect the state of affairs. He thought the change proposed by his resolutions would really have the effect of affording the colony a knowledge of how things were going on, as it would provide for a succession of visits of inspection, from gentlemen at one time entertaining the views of the party in power, and at another time those of another party. He would like to learn, and he dared say he would learn in the course of this debate, what was intended to be done in regard to the filling up of this appointment. He was satisfied that the appointment ought to be filled up, and with a feeling of respect for Sir Charles Cowper, he was satisfied that gentleman would not be able to resume actively the heavy duties of that office, and that it would not be for the interest of the country that that gentleman should longer retain the office he now held. He had on several occasions had to express his opinion in and out of office that Sir Charles Cowper had endeavoured to serve the colony in the office. He would venture to say that it would be very improper to fill the office by the appointment of a Minister of the Crown. [An hon. member: What about ex-Ministers?] He knew of none, who on no account would ever think of that office, if the allusion was to the present Ministers. [An hon. member: Oh!] He could not forget that the Government now in office made the present appointment; and he should be extremely sorry to see the appointment made again under similar circumstances. Respecting Sir Charles Cowper, he had no wish to say a word that might fall from saying more. There were several men in the country who would take the office at the present time in the terms prescribed in this resolution, some of them in no way connected with either House of Parliament; but who would from their long standing, their great acquaintance with the country, from their various qualifications for officers of this kind, be able effectively to represent this country, and if any such person could not be found there was nothing to prevent Government following the example of the Government of Victoria, and obtaining the services of some distinguished man. The Government of Sir Charles Duffy obtained the services of Mr. Childers, and there were several very distinguished men indeed at home at the present time who had a knowledge of this country, one of whom they might obtain to represent the colony. Reasons to which he alluded, though not having personal knowledge of the colony, were men of great influence in the mother country, and their various qualifications in other respects would to a certain extent counterbalance that defect. It would be infinitely better to give the office to one of these gentlemen than to appoint a person who was not qualified beyond all doubt to fill the office.

Mr. DIBBS: That would be in contradiction to the last part of the resolution.

Mr. PARKES knew that. But these persons would possess other qualifications that counterbalanced the want of one of the special qualifications to which he attached importance. However, he was only supposing that there was a difficulty in finding a suitable person. He saw no reason why the Earl of Belmore should not be asked to accept this office; and also, if his age were not too advanced, Lord Lisgar, or even Lord Normanby, Lord Lisgar. Either of these distinguished men would consider it a great honour to be asked to fill this office for a short period; and, undoubtedly, they would bring to bear upon the performance of its duties such a commanding influence as would compensate for the want of that personal knowledge of the condition of the colony to which he attached so much importance. He might as well mention that, before his Government retired from office, and while there was every probability of their continuing in office, they saw that they would have to fill this office, and they opened negotiations for this purpose. The reply to their name was sufficient to absolve them from any suspicion in the matter. He referred to Mr. John Hay, the President of the Legislative Council. (Hear, hear.) His own view was that only the very first men in the community should be selected to fill such an office, and he should not be at all offended either for the purpose of serving and person, or for the purpose of exercising patronage. Rather than that, it would be better to offer the position to some distinguished man in the mother country, if they ought to bear in mind the very great interests committed to this officer, and to himself the colony, as far as England is concerned. He begged to move this resolution.

Mr. LLOYD seconded the resolution.

Mr. ROBERTSON said his colleagues and himself ought to feel very much obliged to the hon. member for the great amount of consideration he had shown them in giving them instructions as to how the public business should be carried on. It was very good of the hon. gentleman to lay down those truisms that every one admitted, and no one denied. But the hon. gentleman had done more; he had not only told them who ought not to be appointed Agent-General, but had told them who ought. The hon. gentleman had indicated one gentleman with whom he had opened negotiations, but he did not say how long it was before the fall of his Government, and he had not told them whether the present Speaker was offered this office. The hon. gentleman told them that he (Mr. Robertson) could give his special assurance that he would not accept the office either. The hon. gentleman gave his assurance when he had no power over the office, but he gave his assurance when he had the power, and he thought his promise was of far more value to the House and to the country than the assurance of a Minister out of office. However, he thought the office was not very likely to be offered to the hon. gentleman. (Laughter, and hear, hear.) So much for the baldoerdash—for it was nothing else—of the hon. gentleman. He supposed they all knew that it is desirable that the office of Agent-General in England should be filled by a person possessing the most recent and correct knowledge of the condition and prospects of the colony, acquired by residence and experience. Who could doubt it? How could he vote against it? The hon. gentleman might as well tell them that the Civil servants ought to possess honesty, ability, and industry, and not, when he told them the name of Lord Belmore to his colleagues; but he did not know that the hon. gentleman opposite had done so when he was in power. But they knew, or at least all the world said so, that the office was offered to the gentleman who is their present Speaker, and if so he did not think any one either in that House or in the country could object. (Hear, hear.) If the hon. gentleman wanted to exclude the present Ministry from this office, let him bring in a bill to that effect. But no denied the right of the hon. gentleman to determine this question in any way whatever, nor did he intend to attempt to do it. He knew better. The hon. gentleman's resolution went on to say:—"That the office ought not to be regarded merely as an office of profit, to be held on good behaviour, like the ordinary offices under Government, but that the incumbent thereof ought to be subject to recall at any time for reasons of policy, without censure or dissatisfaction being implied by such act of recall." He thought that the office of Agent-General in England ought to be held by some one in whom the Government of the day had confidence, and he ought to be removed from office if the incoming Government wished it, without any blame resting on the shoulders of the Agent-General so removed, or upon the Government that removed him. He ought to be treated as a political officer. [Mr. W. FORSTER: Hear, hear.] The Agent-General might be some one whom the hon. gentleman opposite objects to when he returns to power, and it would be very hard for him to be encumbered with an officer in whom he had no confidence. It would be unfair both to him and to the Agent-General. Therefore in that view, he entirely concurred. But he could not go to know why it was that during all the years the hon. gentleman was in office he had never thought of this before. These things must have been patent to every man, and why was it not exhibited to them in the shape of a proposition when the hon. gentleman was in power. But he did not concur that there was any reason or any necessity for the removal from office of Sir Charles Cowper, and nothing was to be found in the papers in the office either now or when the hon. member was in office showing that it was necessary to do any violence in regard to Sir Charles Cowper. Let the hon. gentleman move for the papers, and he would lay every one of them on the table of that House; there was nothing the hon. member would dare to remove Sir Charles Cowper for. He did not believe that the House or the country were desirous of anything of the kind, and if they were he was prepared to do it. They had certain reasons to believe that Sir Charles Cowper had suffered deeply, but he had received letters by the last mail from the father and the sister of the late Speaker thanking Sir Charles Cowper for the kind manner in which he had communicated to them the late Speaker's death. He had a letter from Sir Charles Cowper himself on the subject, and there was nothing before the Government or before the late Government warranting the removal of Sir Charles Cowper. He was of opinion that the Agent-General ought not to be in some way connected with the party in power, and that he might go out from time to time, and in view of this he had provided on the Estimates a sum of £500 instead of £300 for the salary of the Secretary to the Agent-General, to keep the department of the Agent-General in order, so that any Agent-General may go in from time to time and find an officer there capable of carrying on the business. He thought it most important that the Agent-General should in some sort occupy the position of a diplomatist. There was another matter. He would like to know what sent cman would take the office of Agent-General, and find when he arrived in England that the Government had gone out of office, and that he had to pay his own passage back. That would be the effect of the resolution, but he thought it desirable that if they sent home a gentleman with all the qualifications required by this resolution they should not only pay his passage home, but they should also pay his passage back. Why, we found good and able men refusing to take office in the Government because of the possibility of the office not lasting long, and their disinclination to run the risk of being unseated after a short time. It would be rather a funny thing to go to a man and say, "I should be glad if you would take this office of Agent-General; you will go home, but you have to pay your own expenses," and then perhaps by the time he got home he might receive a telegram telling him to come back, and he would have to pay his expenses both ways. He did not think the hon. gentleman meant that, although the resolutions, in the bald way in which they stood, would imply that. He presumed that by the words "subject to recall at any time for reasons of policy," meant for political reasons. If so, that part of the resolution would be, in substance, identical with an amendment which he would now move, "That all the words after the word 'That,' in the first clause of the resolution be struck out, with a view to the insertion of the following words, 'this House shall, on Friday next, resolve itself into Committee of the Whole, to consider the expediency of declaring the office of Agent-General to be a political office; and also to consider of an address to the Governor, praying that his Excellency will be pleased to take whatever steps may be necessary to make provision for the travelling expenses of any holder of such office to and from the colony.'"

Mr. HOSKINS said he should vote both against the original resolution and the amendment. He thought the hon. member for East Sydney (Mr. Parkes) had not been very happy or successful in his arguments in support of the resolution. At the close of his speech the hon. gentleman told the Colonial Secretary it was imperatively necessary that the gentleman appointed to the office of Agent-General should be a gentleman of the most recent experience in the colony, or that he should be possessed of a knowledge of the position and prospects of the colony; and he advocated, a most, the appointment of Lord Belmore or Lord Lisgar, neither of whom had any recent knowledge of the colony. Therefore, the hon. gentleman evidently abandoned the first part of his resolution. It appeared to him that the hon. gentleman rubrotted the resolutions for the purpose of affording the House an opportunity of hearing his disavowal of any wish to fill the office of Agent-General. He should think the colony would be well represented if the hon. gentleman was Agent-General. (Hear, hear.) He dissented from the doctrine that it would be either wise or expedient to select any gentleman in England who might have had experience in the colony some years ago. He was not prepared to say that even a Governor of the colony was as well acquainted with the circumstances of the colony as many men were who might be selected in the colony. There was one thing which a Governor must be deficient in—commercial knowledge. An Agent-General held a somewhat twofold position—he was a sort of diplomatic representative, and he also had charge of large commercial transactions for the colony. Therefore, in addition to other knowledge, an Agent-General should have some knowledge of the producing and commercial interests of the colony. With regard to the second part of the resolution, he granted that it should not be regarded as an office of profit; but surely in the desire to have the colony well represented, we should not look for gentlemen who would subject themselves to pecuniary loss. If it required a gentleman of admitted experience and of great ability to represent the colony, who would attend his office daily, surely that gentleman should be remunerated. He did not think any suitable gentleman could be found who would be willing to sacrifice his time without remuneration. The office should be filled by a gentleman well qualified, and he should be paid well, and then we should have a man who would speak with some authority to the Government of the mother country, and one to whom the Secretary of State for the Colonies would refer, and to whose opinions the authorities of Downing-street would defer. The resolution went on to say that the office was "to be held on good behaviour, like the ordinary offices under Government, but that the incumbent thereof ought to be subject to recall at any time for reasons of policy, without censure or dissatisfaction being implied by such act of recall." Whoever heard of such as doctrine? It was antagonistic to the practice and principles which regulated diplomatic services in the mother country and in every country in Europe. For the last thirty or forty years, the Governments of Europe, when they sent representatives to other Courts, never removed them except they proved themselves incapable of discharging their duties or unless the Government was desirous of elevating the representative to an office of greater emolument and distinction. If the Agent-General in England was to be removed simply because there was a change of policy in the colony, we should have a man sent to fill the office who would have no confidence in his powers, who would be afraid to take any step but for the benefit of the country, simply because he might be apprehensive that his friends who appointed him might be removed from office, and he would be removed also. The amendment of the Colonial Secretary still further aggravated the evil. Because the hon. gentleman would have the Agent-General placed upon every change of Government—[Mr. ROBERTSON: No; I did not say that.] Well the power of doing it would weaken the influence of the incumbent of the office, and cause him to be looked upon with less respect by the officials in Downing-street. The whole of Ministers was elderly reasoned that he had no fear that they would make such an appointment as would reflect discredit upon the country. He concurred with the mover in disapproving of the manner in which Sir Charles Cowper obtained his present position; but nevertheless it would be admitted that he was about the most eligible person who could be appointed. The mover laid down the doctrine that no gentleman who had been a Minister of the Crown should be appointed. [An hon. Member: No present Minister.] He did not see why a gentleman who had ability, and in whom the people showed confidence by repeatedly electing him to Parliament, should be disqualified from being a Minister of the Crown. He did not wish to be invidious, but one would suppose that the hon. gentleman wished this resolution to have a personal application. Sir George Verdon was appointed when a Minister of the Crown and Mr. Michie, the present Agent-General of Victoria, was also a Minister. If we were to affirm that no one who had been a Minister of the Crown should be selected, we should be taking the first and most important step towards the degradation of responsible Ministers. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. PARKES: My objection is that no Government ought to appoint one of their own number to any office.

Mr. ROBERTSON: The late Government were going to appoint one of themselves a Judge the other day. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. HOSKINS *differed from the mover in toto*, and he should oppose both the motion and the amendment. There was nothing in what the Colonial Secretary said to show that we required to make a fresh appointment.

Mr. ROBERTSON explained that he said that there was nothing in his opinion which would warrant him, or any Government, in removing Sir Charles Cowper; but he did not say that Sir Charles Cowper was in such a state of health that he was thoroughly efficient for the performance of his duty.

Mr. HOSKINS therefore considered that the resolutions and the discussion were quite unnecessary. (Hear, hear.) If there were reasons why Sir Charles Cowper was not thought to be incapable for the performance of his duty, he was sure Parliament would be willing to make some suitable provision for him upon his retirement from office. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. GRIFFITH: And reintroduce pensions at once.

Mr. HOSKINS: He was not in favour of introducing pensions. He admitted that a person should hold office during good behaviour; but held that length of service afforded an additional guarantee for the proper performance of duty.

Mr. FOSTER was understood to say that he could not comprehend the meaning of the first resolution, or upon the speech by which he had supported them. Why could not the hon. member state what he intended in a straightforward way, and not put his views before the House in such ambiguous language as puzzled any one who attempted to make anything of them? The resolution, if it might be something very profound in the resolution which he was not able to discover, but why on earth was it necessary to pass such a resolution as the second at all? Why should we be called upon to lay down rules for the qualifications to be possessed by the Agent-General when we were going to appoint a gentleman? The Government were going to appoint a Judge, and why therefore, was it not necessary that we should have a resolution declaring that a Judge should be an honest man, and have a knowledge of law? Or why did not the hon. member go a little further, and tell us that the Agent-General should be a respectable man, and keep a gig! It seemed to him that this resolution implied that no Agent-General could stay in England for more than a few months, or if he did he would lack one of the hon. member's prime requisites—that was recent knowledge acquired by residence and experience. If the hon. member meant that the office was to be a political office, he was with him to a very great degree; but the resolution before us would scarcely effect that object. It might be said of any office that it ought not to be regarded merely as an office of profit. (Hear, hear.) The mover spoke of the occupant of this office being subject to recall at any time for reasons of policy, but that did not convey the notion that it was to be a political office. A Governor might wish to appoint one of their own friends, and that would be a reason of policy which would be satisfactory to them, but not to the colony. If the hon. member meant that this was to be a political office, he thought the hon. member would be entitled to credit for bringing forward a question which was really of very great importance—one which, although it might not be well stated in the resolutions or amendment—must have forced itself upon the consideration of many an Administration, and which must be more and more go so until they were compelled to arrive at some definite conclusion upon the point raised. The hon. member for the Hunter had announced his intention to vote against both the resolution and the amendment. The hon. member could scarcely have thought of the difficulties which must arise if he spoke so emphatically against converting the office into a political office. Very strong opinions might be expressed upon whatever change was made. He granted that some sort of permanence in an office was necessary to enable a person to work kindly to the duties. He admitted at once that when the office should be made permanent, the sense of its want of permanency must always occupy the mind of the man who filled it; but it seemed to him that this was a point which his hon. friend had failed to consider—that it would be next to impossible for a Ministry to enter into satisfactory relations with a person appointed by their predecessors. He did not say that this would always be the case; but he thought anyone might easily imagine instances where a partizan of an outgoing Government—a gentleman who had distinguished himself by his partizanship, perhaps very ably—might be appointed immediately before the Government left office, under circumstances which would render it impossible for the succeeding Government to feel satisfied with him, or enter into satisfactory relations with him. A case in point was that when Sir Robert Peel declined to take office because some ladies, the friends of a previous Government, were allowed to occupy a confidential position in her Majesty's Palace. The country sustained the objection, and the ladies were removed. [Mr. PARKES: Not until there was another change of Government.] Well, the hon. member who had moved the resolution had laid the rule down that no Minister should be appointed to the office of Agent-General; and extending the principle further, no Minister ought to be appointed to any office under the Crown. This doctrine was altogether opposed to English practice. That Ministers had taken offices under the Crown frequently, every reader of history would know. But the doctrine would not bear a moment's consideration. Upon what ground ought Ministers to be excluded? It had always been held dangerous that officers of emolument should be held out to members of Parliament, or that they should be open to hold them, on account of their position being such as to expose them to the danger of voting on one side or the other in view of the rewards that might be held up to them. But a Minister could have no greater temptation to do his duty faithfully to the country by the holding out of a bribe of that kind than by holding out the bribe of remaining longer in office. Surely a Minister was not to be held disqualified for every high office because he was a Minister. The fact of his being a Minister was some proof that he was fit for other high offices. He thought it would be far better for the country if we insisted upon our Agent-General being a good man of business, in order to save us some of the expense and loss that had fallen upon us through a certain business in England not long since done. It seemed to him that business qualifications were of more importance than those required to constitute a Court Ambassador. What could be of more consequence than the question of immigration? And would our Agent-General be the worse for being able to make himself useful in selecting good emigrants and sending them out to us? Under all these circumstances—seeing that the question was involved in great difficulties, seeing that two hon. gentlemen who had held high positions had seen the necessity for making changes in this office; and, admitting that much might be said on the other side, he thought the House would do well in at least going into committee to consider the question. He would vote for the motion to go into committee.

Mr. MACINTOSH had not much to say on the subject, but what he intended to say was more of a practical than a political character. He did not know what a political officer would do in England. We had no line of policy in any way whatever. He thought we wanted an honest man—a man of integrity of purpose, and who would make those under him do their duty, was the man the colony wanted

a gentleman who became a Minister to resign his position as a bank director. It was surely necessary that he should be extremely cautious not to take any course in relation to any institution with which he was so intimately connected, which would excite even a suspicion in the public mind against the exercise of authority. To that extent, and no further, it seemed to him there was sufficient ground for an immediate inquiry as to what the facts of the case might be which he was about to bring under notice. The Bank of New South Wales yielded to none in its historical connection with all the great interests of the country and its power. It had for a number of years been the Government bank. He was not here as the advocate of that bank; but, from knowledge which he had derived during the six years that he had been a Minister of the Crown—three of them in which the colony was in extreme difficulties—he was bound to say that that bank had conducted the Government business well. [Mr. FORSTER: Hear, hear.] The bank had at times in placing our loans upon the London market, and they had been enfiured with business of very serious difficulty, especially shown, without exception, an amount of tact, prudence, observant judgment, and general business ability which had been in their exercise, greatly to the benefit of this country. The consideration which attached to these circumstances entitled the bank to a consideration commensurate with the efficiency, vigilance, and ability with which they had conducted the business of the country. [Mr. FORSTER: Hear, hear.] The case was this: The Government had, in the undoubted exercise of their authority, removed several very large sums of money from this bank. The Government had a right to do this if, in the first place, the bank had been treated with that consideration and fairness to which they were entitled; and if, in the second place, these sums had been removed for the undoubted profit of the country. He thought it would turn out—and that was the extent to which he should go—he thought he should be able to prove that sums of money had not been removed in the manner he said—that that consideration had not been extended to this Government institution to which it was entitled, and to which the country owed that amount of respect which was due to the faithful performance of duty of a momentous character,—and that they had not been removed to benefit the people of the country. If he proved these two things, he should prove a very serious case. It could not be questioned that it was the undoubted right of the Parliament to make an investigation into an occurrence of this kind. (Hear, hear.) No impropriety was necessarily implied by him [Mr. FORSTER: Oh!] All he had to say was that the circumstances themselves called for inquiry, and he thought he should be able to prove the case as he had presented it. Of course he did not attempt to prejudge the case in any way. He could not avoid the impression which knowledge communicated to him left upon his mind—and he must be the sole judge of the value of any information of which he might be possessed. He expected to be able to prove that large sums had been removed in an unnecessarily precipitate manner, without such intimation as generally would obtain between one firm and another in a transaction of this kind, and that their removal would not be for the benefit of the country, but on the contrary, unless he were very much mistaken, the country would be the sufferer. He thought he was justified in mentioning the Treasurer's name in this resolution. The fact was indisputable, and it was, he believed, an undoubted fact that the hon. gentleman had a proprietary interest in the bank, and that it was under his hand as Colonial Treasurer that these sums of money had been removed. With regard to the composition of the committee, he had endeavoured to select the committee to make it fairly represent all sides of the House, but he should be perfectly willing to see the committee appointed by ballot.

Mr. W. FORSTER did not rise to oppose the motion. On the contrary, if the House would allow him to say so, he insisted on a committee being appointed. He believed—notwithstanding the disclaimer of the hon. gentleman—that this motion was nothing more nor less than an attempt to insinuate against him character of a most criminal kind. The hon. gentleman's speech was very soft and very oily, no doubt; but he was astounded to the hon. gentleman's disclaimers, which he had generally found to be very inconsistent with the course the hon. gentleman took. The hon. gentleman said he had no intention of making random charges of personal abuse; but what was the meaning of that portion of the resolution which referred to his money circumstances—to his being the director of the City Bank? (Cheers.) What could be intended by it but an insinuation that he had used his position as a member of the Government to do some unworthy act injurious to the interests of one bank and which would in some way or other benefit his own interests in another bank. However, he thought it would have been better if the hon. gentleman had put his charge into intelligible language. He could not help being reminded by the hon. gentleman's remarks of his mysterious speeches with reference to the Kiama ghost, when his statements turned out to be falsehoods. Upon the face of it he could not see why because the Government removed money from one bank to another there was anything so exceptional—anything that had not been done before by a Colonial Treasurer, which should require the appointment of a committee to inquire into the circumstances. However, on account of the personal way in which the hon. gentleman had stated his charge, he declared the words it might be as well that he should state in a few words the circumstances to which the hon. gentleman had referred, and which he supposed were the foundation of this mysterious charge. It was notorious that certain sums of money had been removed from the Bank of New South Wales to two other banks, and they had been removed under three circumstances. The commercial world was generally aware that the Bank of New South Wales had been employed by the Government as its agent for many years past, and he was most happy to be able to reiterate the high encomiums he had heard upon the mode of conducting business which that bank had evinced. It had been the means of saving the Government from great difficulties at one time and another. He was perfectly willing to say everything he could in favour of the bank. The Government had entered into two agreements with the bank. One of these related very little to the question under consideration, but he referred to it in order to show the amount of business that was done by the Government with the bank. Under the first contract—which he would call the London contract—it did the greater part of the English business for the Government. Nearly all the Government money passed through its hands, and the Government was allowed upon the balances in its hands one per cent. below the discount of the Bank of England, and in cases where there was an overdraft then the Government paid one per cent. above the discount of the Bank of England. Under this arrangement a million or a million and a-half of money passed through the hands of the bank. There was another arrangement made by the Government with the bank of a less permanent character, which he would call the local agreement. The London agreement would not expire until the 30th June, 1876; the local agreement expired on the 30th June this year. Well, under this arrangement a sum of £680,000 had been placed in the hands of the Bank of New South Wales on which they allowed interest at varying rates from 3, 3½, to 4 per cent. It was held under a power in the Government to draw to any extent they liked, but subject to this penalty, that whenever the amount fell below the sum he had stated, the interest was not paid then on £10,000. It was held to be reduced by £50,000, no matter what the amount drawn, and so to the end of the amount. Every reduction of the amount within £50,000 reduced the nominal amount to £50,000 and the interest accordingly. But, in addition to this large sum of money that would come back into their hands in a couple of months, as he had pointed out, a large surplus had accrued during the last year, principally since September last, to the amount of some £500,000, an amount which went on steadily increasing. Well, upon this large sum the Government had not been paid interest. The Bank of New South Wales, according to its agreement, and under circumstances which entitled it to what it received, had the use of this large sum of money without paying any interest to the Government. Well, when he came into office, finding that three months of this agreement had to run, and finding this large surplus of £500,000 in the hands of the bank on which no interest was being paid, it seemed to him advisable to take steps to obtain some benefit for the use of the money. (Hear, hear.) The course he took was this: Under the agreement the Treasurer was bound to consult with the manager of the Bank of New South Wales, in regard to the disposal of the surplus. In March, he thought, it was he invited the manager of the Bank of New South Wales to a consultation. He informed the manager that the bank, having had the use of the money for a long time, had benefited by it, and that the Government had not benefited in any way. He told the manager that under these circumstances, and as the surplus was constantly increasing that he thought it was only reasonable that the bank should allow the Government interest, and he submitted that the bank should allow 5 per cent. upon £500,000. He intimated to the manager that the bank should give this interest for the remaining period during which the money was in their hands under what he called the local agreement. He quite admitted at once the correctness of what the manager said to him, that no bank would accept a sum of £500,000 for three months at any rate. But looking at the manner in which the bank had benefited by this £500,000 during the period it held it before the last three months of the agreement, and that that period was simply so much time added to the period during which they enjoyed this money, it seemed to him that it was not unreasonable to expect that amount of liberality from the bank that would induce them to give the Government at least 4 per cent. for the remaining three months of the local agreement. He asked for 5 per cent. But unquestionably he should have been content to have received 4 per cent. for the remaining three months. The House would understand that although he wasperfectly aware that to ask a bank to take so large a sum of money as £500,000 for a short period like three months and give interest for it was more than could be reasonably expected, he did not think it unreasonable to expect that the Bank of New South Wales having had the use of this money for several months, should for the remaining three months allow some interest upon it. In that case they would have had the £500,000—or rather a larger sum, for the sum was a little above £600,000. Mr. Shepherd Smith declined the offer. The transaction was not a hasty one. The negotiation was carried on for a month at least. When he found the Bank of New South Wales declined to accede to his proposal, it seemed to him that he was bound in the interests of the public to find some other way of dealing with the money. He therefore did what the hon member opposite had accused him of doing in the interest of the City Bank, although the hon. member opposite had not mentioned the other bank. He gave £150,000 first to the Oriental Bank, and transferred another £200,000 to the City Bank. That was not done hastily. The two sums were drawn out at different times. There was at least a fortnight between the removal of one sum of money and the removal of the other. Since that he had placed £360,000 of the same account in the hands of Mr. Shepherd Smith. [An hon. member: For what period?] For a period of twelve months; although in the case of the other two banks they were to have the money for twelve months, with six months' notice at the end of the year, which was equivalent to eighteen months. In the case of the Bank of New South Wales, the Government had power to draw upon it at any time. He had now stated to the House all the circumstances of the transaction, and he had nothing further to add. Perhaps he should be asked why he selected the two banks named in preference to others. That question had been asked of him by managers of other banks. He supposed the answer which the hon. member for East Sydney had in his heart was, that he (Mr. Forster) had used his influence as Colonial Treasurer, to afford a corrupt advantage to the City Bank. That was what the hon. member meant by his speech and by his resolutions. His answer to the question was simply that these were the two banks that entered into negotiations, and which had corresponded with his predecessor in office. The Oriental Bank had been for a long time almost promised a portion of this very money which it had obtained from him. In regard to the City Bank, there was another reason, apart from his knowledge of its circumstances, why he was quite justified in regarding it as a bank in which the late Government had great confidence, because at the last election the manager was waited upon by two members of the late Government and earnestly requested by them to go to the hustings and propose the Premier. (Laughter.) Surely when a political use was made of the bank by the late Government, the present Government were not to regard it as likely to be rotten, or to betraying or cheating the public. The late Government must have had very great confidence in it indeed, when two members of it dragged the manager out of his commercial position to take that high political position, and trumpet the merits of the late Premier to the electors of East Sydney. (Laughter.) It would be for the House to judge whether he had stated the truth. If what the hon. gentleman had said was true, then he (Mr. Forster) had not spoken the truth. It was a question of veracity between him and the hon. member that the committee had to inquire into. He was not at all afraid of going into the contest. As to the hon. gentleman, he had gone through predicaments of the kind on frequently, and he had made so many statements which on inquiry turned out to be incorrect, that he did not suppose the hon. gentleman would be any worse than eels when they got loose in the process of skinning. The hon. gentleman had had much skinning of that kind, and it would be found out that all he had done in the present instance was to grossly malign his (Mr. Forster's) character. He did not object in any way to the committee named. But the hon. gentleman was certainly very obliging when he told the House that he would consent to the committee being balloted for. One might be pardoned for thinking the hon. gentleman could not help himself. But he thought it was not unfair to point out certain omissions from the committee, which might be considered extraordinary in any hon. gentleman except the hon. gentleman who had named the committee. Hon. members would recollect that a committee was appointed to inquire into some transactions which were supposed—he was happy to admit they were wrongly supposed—to affect the character of the late Colonial Treasurer. When that hon. gentleman's character was attacked, as his (Mr. Forster's) was attempted to be attacked on the present occasion, the hon. member was himself placed on the committee; and took a prominent part in justifying himself. He did not desire to be placed on the committee; and if he were placed on it he would not take the trouble to attend, except to give such information as might be required of him. And he should have preferred that the names of two of his colleagues, Mr. Robertson and Mr. Lackey, should have been left off. He would rather see them attending to the public business than dancing attendance on a committee with the vague idea that they were doing him service. He should have preferred to have seen the names of Mr. Scholey and Mr. Hurley placed on the committee instead of the names of his colleagues. With regard to that portion of the resolution which conveyed insinuations against him, he asked any hon. gentleman to consider whether the intention of the resolution was not such as he had described. He should like to know if they were going to inquire into the circumstances of his having been a director of the City Bank, with a view of trumping up some criminal charge against him? If that was the kind of thing they were going to begin he should like to know where they were to stop. Would the hon. member for East Sydney like his antecedents to be inquired into by select committees, that he was this or that at particular times? At any rate they would not find that he (Mr. Forster) had gone round the country begging money from members of the other House—

Mr. R. B. SMITH rose to order. He thought the hon. gentleman's speech was most unbecoming and undignified. The hon. gentleman, he submitted, had no right in this indirect way to attack the hon. member for East Sydney in reference to his past transactions; nor had he any right to impute improper motives in regard to a matter with which the House had nothing to do.

Mr. HOSKINS contended that the Colonial Treasurer was in no way contravening the rules of Parliament.

Mr. SPEAKER could scarcely say that the Colonial Treasurer was out of order. The hon. gentleman should be allowed some latitude in defending himself from such a charge as that which had been made against him. But he thought the hon. gentleman's last remark or two showed a tendency to a contravention of Parliamentary rules. If the hon. member followed up those remarks with others of the same tenor, he would be out of order.

Mr. FORSTER continued: He was quite satisfied that Mr. Speaker would not find him out of order. It was possible he should have been out of order if he had said some things which he had not said. The hon. member (Mr. Smith) was remarkable for not understanding what was said, and for making objections. But it was one of the hon. member's ways of doing a small service to the country.

Mr. R. B. SMITH: You drew a large sum of money out of the bank for your own benefit. (Cries of oh.)

Mr. R. FORSTER rose to order, and moved that the words made use of by the hon. member (Mr. Smith), be taken down.

Mr. ROBERTSON hoped the matter would be allowed to drop. It would only lead to loss of time, and he was sure the hon. member did not wish to convey any insinuation against the Colonial Treasurer's honesty by what he had said.

Mr. R. FORSTER withdrew his motion.

Mr. W. FORSTER continued. The speech of the hon. member for East Sydney was mild enough, but his resolution implied that he (Mr. Forster) had acted corruptly; and he hoped the hon. member would be compelled to point out the charge against him into intelligible language, and, if possible, to prove it. If he could do that it would be all the better for him, for they all know that the hon. member was anxious only to serve the public. He had no wish to put the present Government out of office, and was above all interested motives. It seemed to him that a committee of the kind proposed would be very useful. It would give to the hon. member some employment. He would find himself in the congenial occupation of raking up calumnies and discovering mares' nests, as he had done on the present occasion. As the charge had been made, he did not wish to treat it as a light matter; and he hoped that, whether committee might be appointed, they would insist upon the matter being stated intelligibly, and on the inquiry being pushed to such an extent that it might be proved that either himself or the hon. member was guilty of an offence.

Mr. R. B SMITH thought the hon. member [Mr. Forster] had met the question in an undignified and unbecoming manner. Instead of confining himself simply to the question, he had made a violent attack upon the hon. member for East Sydney (Mr Parkes). But it was like the hon. member; he never could confine himself to a question, but always entered into a number of extraneous matters. The hon. member had also tried to ridicule him. To show the hon. member's disposition, he might say that it was reported that a division had already taken place in the Government through the Colonial Treasurer not agreeing with his colleagues in respect to a certain point of policy.

ROBERTSON: It is not true. It was, at any rate, so reported. He would not have risen had the hon. member not attempted to cast ridicule upon him. He had no doubt that the hon. member would vindicate himself from the charges made against him.

Mr. R. FORSTER thought that no greater charge could be made against a man than was contained in the resolutions proposed by the hon. member for East Sydney. It implied that the hon. Colonial Treasurer was influenced by dishonest motives. He was sure there was no hon. member in the House who would endorse the language of the resolutions.

Mr. LLOYD said the hon. gentleman (Mr. Forster) would not get rid of his difficulty by treating the matter as a farce, as he had attempted to do. He had treated the charge in a way that ill became a gentleman holding the position of a Minister of the Crown. He did not for a moment suppose that the mover had any intention of imputing anything criminal, but the Treasurer was open to the very serious charge of blundering. For fifteen years Government money had not been removed from the Bank of New South Wales, and he said that this money had been removed in direct violation of an agreement with the Government—that agreement being that all the Government money should be deposited with the Bank of New South Wales, the bank agreeing to pay interest on £580,000. The bank had conducted the Government banking business in the most satisfactory manner, and had found funds for the Government when they stood in need of help. The hon. member read the principal clauses of the agreement which he (Mr. Lloyd) as Colonial Treasurer made with the bank. The bank agreed to allow interest for twelve months, but the Government could withdraw the money any time. If the Treasurer had done what he had said he had done, he had fixed this large sum of money for twelve months, and thus placed it beyond the power of Parliament. Six months was the term of notice which, at the expiration of the twelve months, the hon. member said he had to give to the City Bank and Oriental Bank. It was absurd in the Treasurer to expect the Bank of New South Wales to allow interest on £500,000 for two months and a half. What could the bank do with a block of money such as that for a period of two months and a half! The Treasurer did not make that proposition to the City Bank or to the Oriental Bank, but lodged deposits in them for twelve months. He (Mr. Lloyd) had mentioned to the hon. member for the Lachlan, who was a director in the City Bank, that if the loan, which was then in the market, was launched, and the Government did not require to use the money, he would place it on deposit with the banks. The loan fund was entirely distinct from the consolidated revenue fund, which was the subject of the agreement. An important consideration to the Government was that the Bank of New South Wales was absolutely safe—for that institution had lately presented a balance-sheet, showing a credit of 12½ millions, and over three millions of coin. What public advantage had been gained by the removal of this money? [Mr. ROBERTSON: What public loss has resulted?] The hon. member might yet learn that, if he lived long enough. Why did the Treasurer not go to the City Bank if he wished so small a reserve? Why did he not go to the Commercial Bank, which was a large bank, standing next to the Bank of New South Wales? He was glad the Treasurer did not object to the appointment of the committee, which, if it showed nothing else, would show that the Treasurer had made a blunder.

Mr. SCHOLEY said that it would have been more generous of the Colonial Treasurer to have left his name alone. (Hear, hear.) And so far as the hon. member's suggestion was concerned, that he should take the place of the Colonial Secretary, he declined the honour. If it should be his lot to have business again with the Treasurer, he should take the precaution to have two or three respectable witnesses with him; for after the manner in which the Treasurer had dealt with him in the Rexford case, he would almost as soon meet Gardiner on the high road.

Mr. DIBBS had always been in favour of the Government distributing its deposits, and supposed the City Bank had got the money because it needed it. He did not see the use of his bringing up this great Bank of New South Wales, for it was to be presumed that in acting as the Government bankers they had only done so because it was to their advantage. He complimented the Treasurer on his very temperate speech; for the hon. member had the power to say very nasty things, and had abstained from doing so. The hon. member for Newcastle asked why the Treasurer went to the City Bank? His answer was that he supposed the City Bank offered a better banking security. The Bank of New South Wales could not have less than £2,000,000 of Government money, here and in London, and that was altogether disproportionate to the £.600,000 lodged with the City Bank, having regard to all the figures. Many of the shareholders of the City Bank were also shareholders in the Bank of New South Wales; and he maintained that the Government had done a right thing in not allowing all their eggs to be placed in one basket. The late Colonial Treasurer, in his financial speech, stated his intention to place whatever he could spare of the public funds in other banks; so that all that could be said against this Government was, that they had followed the course shadowed forth by their predecessors. He did not think that the proposed committee was fairly constituted. The late Treasurer ought not to be a member of the committee.

Mr H. C. DANGAR did not think the hon. member for East Sydney intended to attack the character of the Colonial Treasurer. It was merely his judgment that was reflected upon by the resolutions. He disapproved of the personalities that had been introduced into the debate. Various matters had been discussed that ought to have been left to the committee. They ought not to have had the opinions of banks stated here. He hoped the committee would be elected by ballot, and that the Colonial Treasurer would be elected a member of it.

Mr. STUART was not aware that these banks had ventilated their opinions on this subject. He had no doubt that the hon. member for East Sydney had brought forward this motion without pressure from the Bank of New South Wales. He contended that that Bank was not liable to the imputation of unfairness that had been alleged against it, and that according to agreement it paid interest on nearly the whole amount in its hands at rates equal to what other banks would have given. He did not think that the Colonial Treasurer had acted wisely in going to the other banks, because instead of being a more favourable arrangement than that existing it was a much more unfavourable arrangement that he made. They could not expect the bank to give 5 per cent. interest on money for two and a half months. The money was lent to other banks not at that rate, but at 4 per cent. for a period extending over eighteen months. He was satisfied that the Colonial Treasurer's arrangement was not a wise one for the country, nor a fair one to the Bank of New South Wales. He hoped his name would be left out of the committee, lest being connected with a bank that he thought to be unfairly treated, he should be thought to be sitting in judgment on the Colonial Treasurer. He did not think anything of criminality against the hon. gentleman was intended by the hon. member for East Sydney, although the wording of the resolution pointed somewhat to it.

Mr. FORSTER explained that he had no intention to treat the hon. member for East Maitland disrespectfully in his reference to him.

Mr. PARKES, in reply, said he should take what course he thought proper in regard to a Minister of the Crown, or anybody else. He had not provoked the attacks of the Hon. Colonial Treasurer by his resolutions or his speech, and he should not be moved from performing his duty by any consequences whatever. He maintained that this was an inquiry that ought to be made.

The motion was put and agreed to.

A ballot was then taken, which resulted in the election of the following gentlemen to form the committee:—Messrs. Parkes, H. C. Dangar, S. C. Brown, Lloyd, F. Suttor, W. Forster, Lackey, Stuart, Piddington, and Robertson.

TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

Mr. G. A. LLOYD moved,—"That there be laid upon the table of this House:—1. A return, showing the services in which it was intended to employ the additional 38 officers on the Estimates of the Telegraph Department, which was presented to the House by the late Government on the 19th November, 1874, and the salary proposed to be paid to each case. 2. A similar return with regard to the 86 additional officers asked for on the Estimates presented by the present Government on the 31st March, 1875."

Mr. BURNS did not object to the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. ROBERTSON moved the adjournment of the House.

Mr. PARKES asked whether the Government intended to proceed with the Land Bill previous to going on with any other Government business.

Mr. ROBERTSON said that the consideration of the Land Bill was the first question the Government would proceed with.

The House adjourned at 19 minutes to 1 o'clock until 4 o'clock to-day (Wednesday).

NEW NOTICES.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 12.

Mr. Sutherland to ask the Colonial Secretary,—Is it the intention of the Government to take into consideration the advisability of refunding the deductions taken from the salaries of the Civil servants from the 1st of January, 1871, to the 31st of December, 1875; and, if so, when?

Mr. Sutherland to move, That there be laid upon the table of this House, a copy of the Progress Report of the Sydney City and Suburban Sewage and Health Board, and all evidence taken by that Board to date of report.

THURSDAY, MAY 13.

Mr. Cameron to ask the Colonial Secretary,—Is it the intention of the Government to place a sum of money on the Supplementary Estimates for the present year to enable the trustees of the Free Public Library to open a lending branch of the above-named institution?

TUESDAY, MAY 18.

Mr. Phelps to ask the Colonial Secretary,—1. Is it the intention of the Government, during the coming recess, to open negotiations with the Governments of the several Australian colonies, with the view and determination of immediately carrying into effect free intercourse amongst us in our own produce in the manner that all the Australian colonies are now empowered by Imperial statute? 2. Is the Government aware that increase of population has ceased, and cultivation and quantity of produce are decreasing, especially in cereals and wine in the regions of the Murray, of which Albury may be considered as the centre, the natural markets being closed?

FRIDAY, MAY 21.

Mr. Stuart to move, That in the opinion of this House it is desirable that an inspection of the oyster-beds, and of the leases made in connection therewith, be made by a competent person, with a view to further legislation on the subject, if deemed necessary.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND ORDERS OF THE DAY.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 12.

QUESTION.

MR. BLAXLAND to ask the Representative of the Government,—1. Has the crossing-place been yet fixed on where the bridge is to cross the Parramatta River; if so, where? 2. When will tenders be called for to build the said bridge across the Parramatta River? 3. Are there any regulations made for the management of the late Field of Mars Common as to the cutting, carting, and taking away wood from it; if so, is any one appointed to look after the depredations committed on it?

GOVERNMENT BUSINESS—ORDER OF THE DAY.

Darcen-street at Kiama Bill; third reading.

GENERAL BUSINESS—ORDERS OF THE DAY.

Matrimonial Causes Act Amendment Bill; first reading.

Marriage with Deceased Wife's Sister Legalising Bill; second reading.

Supply—Post Office Savings Bank Bill; third reading.

Medical Bill; resumption of the adjourned debate on the question, on motion of Sir Alfred Stephen, "That this bill be now read a second time."

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.—MAY 11.

Wylo, ship, 800 tons, Captain H. W. Browne, from the Lizard 15th February. Passenger—Mr. A. Burgon. Maniadore, Joseph, and Co., agents.

Somerset (s.), 654 tons, Captain Morris, from Melbourne 8th instant. Passengers—Hon. T. Loder, Hon. A. Wilson, Messrs. Prince, Huntsdown, Finlay, Waldon, Joachim (2), Watson, Jones, Pilgate, M'Lauren, Kelly, Roberts, Marks, Scott, Henderson, and Co., agents.

DEPARTURES.—MAY 11.

Indus, for London.
Hero (s.), for Melbourne.
Macedon (s.), for Melbourne.
City of Adelaide (s.), for Melbourne.
James Paterson (s.), for Rockhampton.
Southern Cross (s.), for Hobart Town.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.—MAY 12.

Arcadian, for Shanghai; Belfast, for San Francisco; Star of Peace, for Singapore; John S. Lane, for Maryborough; Hazel Holme, for Hongkong; Arizona, for San Francisco; Fairy Rock, for Hobart Town; Wonga Wonga (s.), for Cooktown.

CLEARANCES.—MAY 11.

City of Adelaide (s.), 815 tons, Captain Walker, for Melbourne. Passengers—Mrs. Leary, Mrs. Ireland, Mrs. Lewis, Miss Lewis, Mrs. Major, Miss D. Cohen, Miss Lupton, Mrs. Oxley, Misses Myers (2), Mrs. Brodribb, Miss Duffy, Miss E. Tarn, Miss C. Young, Mrs. Thompson, Miss O'Neil, Rev. J. O'Donnell, Rev. T. Johnson, Captain D. Phillips, Messrs. Leary, A. Holton, Eidsdon, J. H. Holman, F. Ireland, Rooke, Malleu, H. Lewin, Lewis, A. Chesters, J. O'Connor, L. Kendall, H. Butler, W. Gardiner, Mate, J. R. Bloomfield, T. T. Wilton, W. C. Pigneet M. Bassard, and 30 in the steerage.

James Paterson (s.), 387 tons, Captain Edmondson, for Rockhampton. Passengers—Miss Loughton, Mrs. Loughottom, Messrs. John Christmas, W. Forbes, J. Willis, T. Bradley, Mayne, and 10 in the steerage.

Macedon (s.), 600 tons, Captain Thrussell, for Melbourne. Passengers—Mrs. J. K. Craig, Mrs. Swan, Mrs. Whelan, Miss Benham, Messrs. Swan, A. James, N. Smith, F. W. Lowan, H. Walcot, J. Bowen, and 26 in the steerage.

Southern Cross (s.), 343 tons, Captain Clinch, for Hobart Town. Passengers—Mrs. Campbell, Misses Campbell (2), Rev. G. B. Smith, Messrs. A. J. Robertson, J. Henderson, W. H. Herbert, one man, and 3 in the steerage.

Hero (s.), 851 tons, Captain Logan, for Melbourne. Passengers—Mrs. J. Benn, Mrs. Isaacs and 2 children, Miss Stone, Messrs. J. S. Stone, J. J. Browne, A. Purchas, A. Hay, Hume, A. Walker, J. Stanley, R. S. Smythe, C. Clarke, M. Isaacs, J. Benn, J. Slatte, F. Slatte, and 15 in the steerage.

Fairy Rock, brig, 192 tons, Captain Wilkinson, for Hobart Town.

Hero (s.), 850 tons, Captain Logan, for Melbourne. Passengers—Mrs. J. Benn, Miss Stone, Messrs. J. Benn, J. S. Stone, J. J. Browne, A. Purchas, A. Hay, Hume, and 15 in the steerage.

COASTERS INWARDS.—MAY 11.

Lady of the Lake, Sisters, from the Clyde River, with 31,000 feet timber, 3 bales bark, 2 casks tallow, 2 bags bones, 1 bag wool; Agnes, from Brisbane Water, with 2000 felloes, 20,000 shingles, 66 palings; Saxonia (s.), from Wollongong, with 400 tons coal; Peahen, from Broken Bay, with 24 tons wood; Woniora (s.), from Bulli, with 246 tons coal; Kombia (s.), Urania, from Newcastle, with 6 tons tin, 120 tons coal; Maitland (s.), from Morpeth, with 31 bales wool, 61 bales hay, 32 bags tin ore, 30 bags barebark, 12 bags malt, 39 packages furniture, 12 baskets fish, 160 sheep, 4 packages wine, 4 bags oats, and sundries.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.—MAY 11

Scotia, Saxonia (s.), Urania, for Newcastle; Mary Davis, Agnes, for Brisbane Water; Lady of the Lake, Sisters, for the Clyde River; Woniora (s.), for Bulli; Peahen, for Broken Bay.

IMPORTS.—MAY 11.

[A special charge is made for consignees' announcements in this column.]

Wylo, from London: 2063 bars 231 bundles 26 pieces iron, 37 cases metal, 1436 rails, 22 boxes tinplates, 48 cases galvanized iron, 550 casks cement, 5 casks whisky, 16 cases books, 49 packages saddlery, 243 bundles tubes, 531 packages hardware, 84 packages drugs, 327 casks tingery, 129 packages rope, 325 packages pickles, 4 mill stones, 1 boiler, 24 bales paper, 2437 cases 1000 boxes 2107 packages merchandise.

Somerset (s.), from Melbourne: 128 bags coffee, 10 cases nutmegs for Sydney: 20 tons cargo for Singapore; 5 tons cargo for Hongkong.

Ex Halloween: 3 frames sheathing felt; 1 cask crucibles: 3 cases blast tubes; 1 cask iron wire; 3 casks fuse, double tape; 1 case brushes; 7 cases saws, circular and vertical; 2 casks composition nails; 2 casks copper ditto; 1 cask rivets; 2 kegs coopers rivets; 1 cask galvanized and japaned chain; 1 cask jack chain, butt hinges, steel knobs, &c.; 2 casks iron washers; 1 cask brass engine fittings; 2 cases lead; 2 packs; 2 kegs ditto; 1 marine return tube boiler for yacht engine; 1 propeller and shaft for ditto; 30 bundles gas tubes; 1 cask vyces; 1 cask rope and gin blocks; 5 cases hose, delivery and suction; 1 case steering wheels; 1 case chamois skins, main cocks, &c.; 1 case machine oil; 1 case iron blocks; 1 steam winch; 199 wagnon bearing springs; 200 cast steel volute springs—P. N. Russell and Co.

Ex Halloween: 19 packages as follows:—2 bales paper; 2 cases razors; 1 case cutlery; 1 case ink erasers; 3 cases toys; case sugars; 4 cases fancy goods; 1 case pouches; 1 case combs; 1 case sepiatic powders; 1 case papier mache ware; 1 case albums—Tarrant and Co.

Ex Halloween: 1 cask nails, tacks, and bridle buckles; 1 case needle-trees, bridle buckles, and whipcord; 3 casks breeching rings, chainwork, and gear buckles; 1 case cart, hunting, jockeys', and twig whips; 1 case stirrup irons and saddlers' tools; 1 case saddlers' and gent.'s bridles, breastplates, winker eyes, and bridle nucks—Henry G. Brookes.

Ex Halloween: 14 packages—W. and S. Gardiner.

Ex Halloween: 1 case printing material—S. T. Leigh and Co.

Ex Halloween, from London: 25 packages ironmongery—G. W. Vairnton and Co.

Ex P. and O. Mail Steamer: 1 case jewellery; 1 case pipes—Myers and Solomon.

Ex Goldhunter and Yoo Yangs: 3800 bags Warrnambool potatoes—Nipper and Sce.

Ex Sea Star: 2000 cases Golden Key geneva, capsuled and labelled—William Long.

Ex Sea Star: 6 cases stationery—S. T. Leigh and Co.

Ex Wilo: 24 bales paper—J. Fairfax and Sons.

EXPORTS—MAY 11.

Southern Cross (s.), for Hobart Town: 20 chooses, 115 hides, 17 cases cloaks, 6 cases plants, 3 cases sarsaparilla, 4 casks tallow, 6 trunks boots, 17 cases fruit, 2 cases pianos, 15 packages sundries.

John S. Lane, for Maryborough (additional): 15 grindstones, 6 packages drapery, 2 casks glue, 5 kegs nails, 3 packages.

Hero (s.), for Melbourne: 32 bags oysters, 350 cases fruit, 20 tons shale, 107 pigs.

Fairy Rock, for Hobart Town: 715 bags bonedust, 2137 feet timber.

Rangatira (s.), for New Caledonia and Fiji: 172 cases oil-stores, 10 packages spirits, 1 case cigars, 207 bags potatoes, 11 packages beer, 150 bags bark, 10 bales mats, 15 cases fruit, 17 packages hardware, 60 sheep, 1 case drapery, 19 cases onions, 22 tons beef, 10 bags flour, 95 packages.

SHIPS' MAILS.

Mails will close at the General Post Office as follows:—

FOR BOWEN, TOWNSVILLE, AND COOKTOWN.—By the Wonga Wonga (s.), this day, at 1 p.m.

FOR ULLADULLA, CLYDE, AND MORUYA.—On Friday, at 8.15 a.m.

FOR MELBOURNE.—By the Ellora (s.), on Friday, at 2 p.m.

FOR GRAFTON.—By the New England (s.), on Saturday, at 5 p.m.

NOTICE.—DISPATCH OF MAILS VIA TORRES STRAITS.

MAILS will be made up at this office on Monday, 17th instant, per "somerset," closing at 3 p.m., for Java, Singapore, Eastern Archipelago, India, China, the continent of Europe, and the United Kingdom. Correspondence intended to be forwarded by this opportunity must be so indorsed, with the exception of that for India, China, and intermediate places, which will be forwarded by the Somerset unless marked otherwise.

General Post Office, 11th May.

NOTICE.—DISPATCH OF MAILS VIA GALLE PER GOLCONDA FROM MELBOURNE.

Mails containing letters, packets, and newspapers, specially marked "via Galle," will be made up at this office, and forwarded per Ellora to Melbourne, on FRIDAY, May 14.

Mails will close as follows:—
Registered letters at 1.30 p.m.
Unregistered letters at 2 p.m.
Newspapers and packets at 1 p.m.

Late letters for the United Kingdom via Brindisi only, will be received at the General Post Office up to 3 p.m. Late fee, 6d.

Every letter forwarded by this opportunity will require a 1d. stamp irrespective of weight, in addition to the postage formerly charged by this route.

General Post Office, Sydney, May 11.

CUSTOM-HOUSE.—Entered Outwards, May 11: Western (s.), 266 tons, Captain Hardy, for Cooktown via intermediate ports; Ariel, schooner, 134 tons, Captain Brodie, for Cleveland Bay.

The Indus, for London, was towed to sea yesterday forenoon, and proceeded on her passage with a light air from S.W.

The steamers James Paterson (for Rockhampton), Southern Cross (for Hobart Town), and Hero, Macedon, and City of Adelaide (for Melbourne), proceeded on their respective voyages yesterday.

The R. and A. mail steamer Somerset, Captain Morris, arrived here yesterday morning, at 2 o'clock. She left Sandridge pier, Melbourne, at 2 p.m. on the 8th instant, passed Port Phillip Heads at 3 p.m., Cape Schanck at 3 p.m., Wilson's Promontory at 8 a.m. 9th instant, and Gabo Island at 1 a.m. on the 10th instant. She had fine clear weather, with variable westerly and southwest only winds throughout.

MESSRS. Moss and Co. report having sold the small screw steamer Sir Charles Cowper for the Brisbane River trade. She has been purchased by Messrs. Craig and Smith, of Brisbane.

A fine clipper ship, the Wylo, arrived last evening from London, having made a good passage of eighty-five days. This vessel has been built on the composite principle specially for the China trade, and she has in outward appearance all the attributes of a thorough clipper. Unfortunately the winds on the passage have been of such a varied character that her sailing qualities could not be fairly demonstrated; but she has made her mark in other waters, and has earned a reputation for speed. Respecting the present outward trip we learn that the Wylo left the Lizard on the afternoon of Sunday, February 15. Immediately after passing Madeira Island experienced eight days of light southerly winds; suffering a loss of five days and a half on the usual tracks. Had a very poor N. E. trade. Crossed the Equator on 10th March, in longitude 25 W. and had by no means a good S. E. trade coming with four very small days' works near Trinidad Island. In the vicinity of Tristan d'Acunha Island experienced a S. E. wind for ten days, suffering a loss of seven days and a half on the usual tracks; after this had tolerably good winds while running down the easting, until getting within 500 miles of King Island where she experienced light easterly winds for eight days, suffering a loss of five days. passed through Bass's Straits on Saturday, May 8; passed Gabo Island on Sunday, the 9th, and was boarded by the pilot off Sydney Heads, Tuesday, May 11, at 5.30 p.m.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Captain Bowman, of the brig Rita, reports the discovery of a shoal extending N. E. and S.W. ¼ of a mile in latitude 25° 55' S., longitude, 154° 12' E. The Rita sailed over the shoal. The bottom, consisting of rocks and sand, was distinctly seen. The estimated depth of water over it being three fathoms.

FRANCIS HIXSON, President.

Office of the Marine Board of New South Wales,
29th April, 1875.

NEWCASTLE.

ARRIVALS.

May 10.—Ann, barque, Payne, from Melbourne.
May 10.—Ben Nevis, brig, Jones, from Melbourne.
May 10.—Wing, brig, Kenzie, from Melbourne.
May 10.—William Ackers, barque, Davis, from Melbourne.
May 10.—Albion, brig, Wilson, from Auckland.
May 10.—Albert The Good, barque, Lowrie, from Melbourne.
May 10.—Rosina, American schooner, from Melbourne.

CLEARANCES.

May 10.—Janet Cowan, ship, M'Bride, for San Francisco, with 1810 tons coal.
May 10.—E. J. Spence, barque, Gill, for Hongkong, with 750 tons coal.
May 11.—Hero (s.), Logan, for Melbourne, via Sydney, with 600 tons coal.
May 11.—Maced

death. No sister, it is further contended, could with propriety take charge of motherless nephews and nieces, if it were possible for her to sustain a marriageable relation to their father. A weightier consideration than any of these is found in the assurance that the prohibition of such marriages is the safeguard of our domestic relationships. But the strongest arguments against changing the law are found in the fact in the one instance, and the assumption in the other, that marriages with deceased wife's sisters are within the degrees of affinity prohibited by Scripture and by the Church. In other words, that such marriages are opposed both to canon and to divine law. About the fact of their prohibition by canon law there can be no doubt, but the fact of their prohibition by any divine law is by no means so indisputable as a clergyman gave the Synod to believe a week or two ago. As the mover of a resolution in the Synod against legalizing marriages with a deceased wife's sister, the clergyman in question stated that he opposed such marriages on divine grounds, and then interpreted himself by giving as the divine grounds the prohibitions in Leviticus. These prohibitions it was stated were intended to apply not temporarily but permanently. The mover of the resolution in the ancient law of the Jews ought to be the basis of the marriage laws of nations for all time; that the law referred to interdicted marriages within the degrees of affinity prohibited at present in England and in New South Wales; and therefore that to change the law in the direction referred to would be to change it in defiance of Scripture, and in the direction of irreligion and immorality.

But it is curious to begin with that supposing marriage with a deceased wife's sister to be opposed to Jewish law, the custom of marrying deceased wives' sisters has been held to be lawful among the Jews in all times. Marrying a deceased wife's sister, according to the clergyman in the Synod, is marrying one's own kin or flesh. The prohibitions of the Jewish law, it was stated, show "that a man was not to marry with one of his own kin or flesh." But the Jewish law itself says, as any one may see in Deuteronomy,—"*If brethren dwell together, and one of them die, and have no child, the wife of the dead shall not marry without unto a stranger; her husband's brother shall take her to him to wife.*" According to this, marriage with a deceased husband's brother, was not only permitted, but commanded by Jewish law, and yet those who hold that this law was not to be temporary, but permanent, take it as their argument against legalizing marriage within degrees of affinity so near as that of a deceased wife's sister. Jewish law enjoined marriages within precisely the same degrees of affinity as is opposed on the ground of that law. The ancient law of the Jews contains nothing contrary to what we have quoted. The prohibitions in Leviticus are not the Jewish marriage law, and do nothing for the argument against a deceased wife's sister. Their purport, if authorities in interpretation are to be followed, begins and ends with telling us that a polygamist, who might of course take other women, was not to take the wife's sister while the wife was alive, lest the wife should be vexed. The inference, if there is any at all, is that after the wife's death the prohibition ceased to apply. We have no wish to usurp a clergyman's right to explain what the Divine law teaches about marriage. But when clergymen oracularly inform the world that marriage with a deceased wife's sister was prohibited by the ancient law of the Jews and is contrary to the law of God, they must expect the laity to examine the accuracy of their statements. That no such prohibition is found anywhere in Jewish law is now conceded by a large number of clergymen themselves. Dr. HOOK, for example, whose ecclesiastical proclivities are very well known, writes that "such marriages cannot be proved to be improper by Scripture. The question is therefore one of expediency, and my experience induces me to think the measure expedient." A petition to the British Parliament some time ago in favour of an alteration in the law affecting a deceased wife's sister contained the signatures of no less than seven hundred clergymen.

We confess that the arguments against legalizing marriage with a deceased wife's sister appear to us far less convincing than the arguments for it. Were ours a country in which canon law and common law were necessarily the same, the reasons for refusing to legalize such marriages would be simple enough. But the arguments drawn from Scripture and expediency appear to us to be on the side of legalizing such marriages. The English marriage law in its present form dates from 1835. It has been felt by thousands to be of the essence of a bad law. It has been held to be a grievance and an injustice by large numbers of persons who are good citizens of the British nation. Instead of upholding the sanctity of matrimony, it has doubtless tended to depreciate the marriage bond, and has given rise to a good deal of easy morality in many of the homes of the people. In some instances where marriages under the conditions in question have been found to be illegal, marriage has been dispensed with altogether. In a far larger number of cases the law has been held to be opposed to both liberty and justice, and marriages within the prohibited degrees have been systematically celebrated in defiance of the law. Hundreds of persons contract the forbidden tie every year, and thousands of British families exist with no bond beyond this illegal compact. The affection which Lord LYNDHURST's Act prohibits is held to be an affection which is not only possible to the best of persons, but one which is possible to the best of persons sometimes because they are the best. If no one is so proper to take charge of the children of a sister as a sister herself—the fact of her being a sister ought scarcely to be held to unfit her for such a charge. If it were possible for the comfort of a wife to be disturbed by the fact that her sister could take her place, it would surely be possible for it to be disturbed a great deal more by the fact that some one else might take her place. If, as is stated, there might be a reason why the sister of a deceased wife should not take charge of bereaved children in the fact that she sustained a marriageable relation to the widower, there might surely be a reason why she should not take charge of the bereaved children in the fact that she did *not* sustain a marriageable relation to the widower. The legalization of marriage with a deceased wife's sister would no more lead to the profanation of the institution of marriage than the legalization of marriage with other relatives of affinity and of consanguinity has led to such a profanation. The persons who wish to marry their deceased wives' sisters generally belong to the class by whom the marriage bond is held sacred, rather than to the class by whom that bond is loosened and profaned. And where the institution of marriage has been trifled with the causes have been wholly foreign to those by which many are moved to seek the repeal of the law affecting the marriages in question.

The argument against legalizing marriage with a deceased wife's sister, on the ground that such marriage is opposed to the canons of the Church, can have little weight with those who hold that marriage is not only a Church ordinance but a civil institution and that the canons of the Church must not of necessity furnish laws for the State. In the matter of marriage, ecclesiastical canons have long ceased to determine what the law shall be. If some of the canons prohibit marriage with a deceased wife's sister, others have prohibited the marriage of cousins down to the seventh degree, and others have prohibited marriage (at least they have forbidden the marriage of the clergy) altogether. They have established laws not only of natural but of spiritual kinship, and have carried them so far that, according to no less an authority than Lord COKE, they authorise a divorce because the husband had been godfather to his wife's cousin. By a statute of HENRY VIII., all marriages are enacted to be lawful in England unless prohibited by God's law. And those who are in favour of legalizing marriage with a deceased wife's sister have no desire to relax the bonds of marriage and to strengthen the tide of licentiousness, but rather to have it affirmed that a marriage which is not prohibited by the laws of God and the laws of nature shall not be prohibited by the laws of the land.

SUMMARY PER P. AND O. STEAMER GOLCONDA.—The summary for transmission via Suez, in the branch steamer Ellora, will be published in Friday's issue of the *Herald*.

SUPREME COURT.—Business, This Day.—Jury Court: Broomfield v. Graham, part heard; Conolly v. Bank of New South Wales. Billyard v. Swan, Jones v. Goulding. Banco Court: Scholes v. Gordon, part heard; Watson v. Watson, Cooper v. Newman, Cohen v. Braun: Master's Office: At 11 a.m., re Geo. Thomson, a person, &c., committee's 10th account, and to tax committee's costs on ditto.

DISTRICT COURT.—Wednesday, May 12.—Causes: Thiering v. Glover, Woolley v. Abrahams, Goodlet and another v. Chase, Gender v. Woodliffe.

NOTICE TO JURORS—BANCO COURT.—Those jurors who fail to attend punctually at 10 o'clock this (Wednesday) morning will be fined.

NATHAN v. BARKLEY.—It is said that the defendant in the assault case of Nathan v. Barkley, heard last week at the Central Police Court—the justices dismissing the information with costs—has been allowed by the authorities to retire from his position in the metropolitan police.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—At 8 o'clock on Monday evening last there was held at the rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association, in King-street, a preliminary meeting of members, at which a Parliamentary Debating Class was formed. The first meeting is to be held on the 20th instant.

WOOLLAHRA LITERARY AND DEBATING INSTITUTE.—Last evening Mr. Alfred Cano, in the Ocean-street Congregational School-room, re-delivered his very interesting and entertaining lecture on "Light in the Dwelling and Light in the Town." Mr. Cano was very attentively listened to by about 120 persons. The Hon. John Frazer, M.L.C., occupied the chair. The proceeds of the lecture are to be given in aid of a library for the Woollahra Literary and Debating Institute. After votes of thanks had been accorded to the lecturer, and to the chairman, and those gentlemen had responded, the meeting terminated.

OCEAN FISHING-BOAT RACE.—A match for £100 a side has been made between the owners of the centreboard boats Kingfisher (built by Gardiner) and Sea Spray (built by Yates), to take place next Saturday. The course is to be from the Lightship round boat off Barrenjuey, and back. Newton, who sailed the Sea Breeze on the only occasion that the Kingfisher was beaten, will on this occasion sail his former rival; and Sam Richardson will have charge of the Sea Spray. The boats have not only at last anniversary regatta, when the Spray, in her maiden race, made it such a close thing with the winner that a splendid race may be looked for on Saturday.

CONCERT AT THE MASONIC HALL.—Mdlle. Jenny Claus and Mrs. John Meillon will give a concert at the Masonic Hall, this evening, and a reference to the programme, which appears in our advertising columns, will show that a careful and popular selection of vocal and instrumental music has been made. This two ladies above mentioned will perform the latter, and Miss Moon, a lady amateur, and Mr. Andrew Fairfax are announced as the vocalists. M. Rekel is to act as conductor.

THE UNION BANK.—The *Ballarat Courier* of Friday last contains the following in reference to a paragraph which appeared in that journal on the previous day, respecting the arrival of Mr. Fanning:—"We are officially requested to state that the Mr. Fanning who is supposed to be connected with the Union Bank is a clerk in the firm of Fanning, Nankivell, and Co., of Melbourne, and that he returned by the mail steamer after a six months' trip to the old country. We are further officially informed that he has no connection with the bank; and that no person connected with the bank, expert or otherwise, was a passenger by the Golconda. It is evident our original informants were labouring under a misapprehension."

EXPLOSION OF A REVOLVER IN THE GEORGE-STREET MARKET.—The *Newcastle Pilot* says:—A well known and respected resident of Newcastle met with an adventure in Sydney, a few days back, which was nearly attended with serious consequences. He had purchased a repeater pistol, and was afterwards handling it somewhat carelessly, having no knowledge that it was loaded. In fact, while showing the weapon to some friends, it was presented at him and others. Subsequently he proceeded into George-street Market, and there the pistol was again presented by the owner, but this time with a different result, as it unexpectedly exploded. A lad was standing in front and the ball passed under his arm, smashing some glassware behind him, and finally lodged in the wall, happily without injuring any person. Our citizen having paid the amount of the damage, and compensated the boy for his fright, was about to proceed to the Kembla, a short time afterwards, with the intention of returning to Newcastle, when he was informed that the detective police, bearing in mind a similar occurrence a few days previously, were on the alert; and that it was probable he would be arrested. Making the best of his difficulty he sent for the detectives, explained the matter satisfactorily, and was not arrested, the only inconvenience sustained by himself being that he was not relieved from his unpleasant predicament until it was too late to take passage home by the steamer.

COOKTOWN.—The following items are from the *Cooktown Herald* of April 28:—We learn that a young man, named Daiehmann, well known in the town through having occupied the position of a clerk in Hannan's store, has been found hanging by the neck, four miles from the Normanby Range. He is said to have had two horses near him and £25 on his person. The remains were first seen by some men on their way from the Palmer, who buried him. Information was given to the police, who had the body taken up, as well as taking possession of all important papers, money, &c. We believe, on information, that the deceased had some relatives in Brisbane. The Normanby is now looking up richer than ever. But, not to anticipate, we will go on to a fact that reads like an item of the imagination rather than of reality. A South Sea Islander, named George, working in a kitchen for a long while past at £1 per week, suddenly felt an attack of the gold-fever come upon him. He threw up his scullery duties for a trip to the Normanby, and had hardly been gone a fortnight when he returned to town with 2 lbs. 6 oz. gold, all gathered within six days. One of the nuggets weighs 6 oz., and the sample is coarse and shotty, and is worth about £130.

RUNNING IN THE BLACKS.—A correspondent of the *Brisbane Courier* writes to that journal as follows:—"Having been an eye-witness to what I consider a very curious proceeding on the part of the police, I therefore request that you publish this for the information of the public. On Saturday, the 17th of April, I was standing on the verandah of this hospital, with some of my friends, when our attention was drawn to a crowd of people coming from Brisbane, some of them mounted. At a distance, it appeared to be what is called in the old country a drag-hunt; but as they approached to where we were standing we found that it was the police driving four or five (aboriginal) natives before them. They (the blacks) seemed to be fatigued from running, but that had no effect on those guardians of public order. As soon as the blacks commenced to walk, the police tried to ride over them with their horses, and when they came within reach of the natives used their riding whips very freely on the backs of those unfortunate savages."

THE ROYAL MARIONETTES.—The want of a larger hall in Sydney has been disgracefully manifest during the last few nights to a number of persons who have been unable to witness the performances of these marvels of mechanical skill. The complaint will not be so much felt by families who can attend matinees, as for their convenience the manager has decided to give an afternoon entertainment twice a week, commencing at 2 p.m., the first to take place to-day.

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL.—In describing its unequalled efficacy in general debility, R. Dalton, Esq., District Medical Officer at Bury St. Edmunds, observes:—"I have not the slightest confidence in any other kind. The effects of Dr. de Jongh's Oil are sure and most remarkable, especially in that broken-down state of health and strength which usually precedes and favours tubercular deposit. I take it, and like it, unmixed with anything, as being the most agreeable way." Sold only in capsuled imperial half-pints, pints, and quarts, by all chemists, druggists, and storekeepers. Sole consignee: ANSAR, HARFORD, and Co., 77, Strand, London.—ADV.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS
TO AUSTRALIAN ASSOCIATED PRESS.

THE LOSS OF THE SCHILLER.

LONDON, MAY 11.

THE German Transatlantic Company's steamer Schiller went ashore on the Scilly Islands during a fog. Three hundred and eleven persons perished, and forty-four were saved, and also a portion of the mails.

ITALY.

LONDON, MAY 11.

A debate took place in the Italian Parliament, at Rome, on a motion blaming the Government for its leaning towards the bishops and allowing he exequaturs to remain a dead letter. Signor Minghetti has promised legislation to protect the State, and administer the ecclesiastical property. He also stated that the relations between Germany and Italy were excellent; and a vote of confidence in the Administration was passed.

THE EMPERORS OF RUSSIA AND GERMANY.

LONDON, MAY 11.

The Emperor of Russia arrived at Berlin to-day, and the result of his interview with the Emperor of Germany is anxiously awaited.

AUSTRALIAN ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAMS.

GOULBURN.

TUESDAY.

THE weather is beautiful.

Mr. Bennett, Commissioner for Roads, is visiting the Southern districts.

DUBBO.

TUESDAY.

The North-Western Pastoral and Agricultural Show was successfully held to-day. There was a large attendance of visitors from the surrounding district. A large number of sheep were exhibited, but their condition was so bad that the judges (Messrs. Roberts and M'Killop) declined to award many prizes. Mr. Baird got the gold medal for a champion ram, and Mr. Davidson the Cup for the best ewe. There was a fine show of cattle of all kinds, excepting bulls over three years old. Mr. Todhunter's Wambiana cattle took the prizes in all the young bull classes. A young bull of his, First Duke Butterflies, was awarded a gold medal as champion bull. Mr. Todhunter took first prizes also in all the cow and heifer classes. Mr. Baird's exhibits are much commended by the judges (Messrs. Robert Lowe, J. L. Brown, and W. K. Chapman). The show of Herefords weak. Some splendid fat cattle were shown. Mr. Baird obtained a prize for fat ox and three fat bullocks; and Mr. Todhunter for fat cow. Mr. Samuels was the principal prize-taker in coarse-woolled. The farmer class was largely entered. The best bull prize was taken by Mr. Ryan's Sir Roderick, bought at the Sydney Exhibition sales. The wheat prize and Mr. Thompson's silver cup were won by Mr. Buck. The *Dispatch* cup for the best three heifers was won by Mr. Todhunter. Mr. Davidson's cup for sheep, none. Mr. Todhunter's Wambiana cup was awarded. The sales will take place to-morrow. There is a dinner to-night.

NEWCASTLE.

TUESDAY.

The second session of the fourth Synod of the diocese of Newcastle opened this morning. The Bishop of Newcastle delivered an address, in which he touched upon the question of Denominational schools.

WEST MAITLAND.

TUESDAY.

The attendance at the races to-day was numerous, the weather was beautiful, and the course in good order.

Maiden Plate.—Misnomer 1, Bloomer 2, Iago 3. Time, 2 minutes 50 seconds. This was a fine race.

Two-Year-Old Stakes.—Valentia 1, New Holland 2, Bowstring 3. Bowstring made the running to the home turn where he stumbled, and Valentia won cleverly by two lengths. Time, 1 minute 16 seconds.

Cup.—Kingsborough 1, Novice 2, Stanhope 3. The following also started:—Erin, Cyclops, Lena, Alvina, and Corisande. Novice, Corisande, and Erin cut out the running. Novice led to the last turn, when Kingsborough came away and won easily by two lengths. Time, 3 minutes 48 seconds.

Railway Plate.—The Card 1, Misnomer 2, Sunnyside 3. The Card led all the way, and won by half a length. Misnomer beat Sunnyside by a head for second place.

Selling Race.—Spider 1, Planet 2, Fair Ellen, 3.

BALLINA.

TUESDAY.

ARRIVED.—To-day: Examiner and Margaret. Bar bound: Yarra, Fanny Wright, and Neptune.

BRISBANE.

TUESDAY.

His Excellency the Governor opened the Pastoral Show, Ipswich, to-day.

The general entry for the Brisbane races is very moderate.

A public agitation has been commenced to make the Victoria Bridge free.

MELBOURNE.

TUESDAY.

The Government Analyst has sent in his report on colonial beer. He examined 709 samples from publicans, and 49 from brewers. The average obtained from publicans was generally good. Nine brewers' samples contained fusil oil in small proportions, but sufficient to render the beer very nauseous. The other forty samples were free from it. In some cases common salt has been added, the beer thus increasing thirst instead of allaying it. The deficiency in colonial beer is attributed to the large use of sugar instead of malt; deficiency of hops and high temperature during fermentation.

The Rifle Association has decided to send home for only one Rigby match rifle instead of three as originally proposed.

Utting, mother and daughter, were committed for trial to-day on a charge of perjury at the trial of Francis Spearin, who was convicted of attempted criminal assault upon the daughter, and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment, with two lashings. Spearin has already received one whipping.

The Chinese doctor, Kuoi Sang, has been summoned at Ballarat, for practising medicine, he being unqualified.

The Minister for Lands promised to-day to sanction any feasible proposal for the establishment of a cemetery outside Melbourne, along one of the railways.

A conference consisting of delegates from city and suburban councils has been held to-day in regard to the disposal of nightsoil, and it has been decided to refer the matter to a committee. The railway department has offered to convey soil from the city by an early train at easy rates, for the use of gardeners.

Lurline and Sunbeam left for Adelaide to-day.

The police department has refused to allow detective Christie to row a deciding race with Bell.

The City Council is taking steps to prevent the sale of diseased meat at the markets.

The National Agricultural Society hold their Spring Exhibition on the 10th, 11th, and 12th November.

Scab having spread by sheep imported from Tasmania, the secretary of the society has been instructed to write to the Government to prevent the importation of diseased animals.

James Meehan, while crossing Hobson's Bay Railway, yesterday, in a cart, was severely injured by trucks coming into collision with it.

Kenneth M'Donald, a publican, when riding with a funeral at Kilmore, on Sunday, fainted, fell from his horse, and died instantly.

The question of the disposal of lepers at Ballarat is causing local excitement.

Captain Kay, Clerk of the Executive Council, is about to retire. Mr. Archer, Mr. Brough Smyth, Captain Standish, and Mr. Horniman (Secretary of the Law department) are mentioned as likely to succeed him.

The repairs to the coffer-dam in the Yarra are completed.

The Rev. Charles Strong, of Glasgow, has accepted the charge of the Scots' Church, in place of Mr. Menzies, deceased.

The Mining Department is calling for tenders for sinking bores to test supposed auriferous areas.

Wheat is very firm at 6s., and there have been considerable sales. Oats much improved; common realised 2s. to 3s. over last week's prices. Maize, 5s. Candles: Sales for export at 8½d. in bond. There have been some very heavy speculative sales of kerosene oil; about 23,000 cases changed hands at 1s. 3d. to 1s. 3½d. for Devoe, and offers to clear; a large holder at 1s. 3½d. refused. Queensland sugar, £22 to £30; Java, £27 to £34.

SAILED.—Coorong, Barmaid, Spark, and Fraternity.

ADELAIDE.

TUESDAY.

Mr. R. B. Smith's gardens, at Torrens Park, have been damaged by floods to the extent of £2000.

The tailors' strike has been referred to arbitration.

Wheat is 4s. 1d., dull.

Five and a half inches of rain have fallen since 1st May.

Petitions against the election of Mr. Sudholse for Barrosse, and Mr. Ladge for Wallaroo, have been presented, on the grounds of bribery and soliciting votes.

The Address in reply to the Governor's speech was carried to-day, in the Assembly. The debate was adjourned in the Council.

MRS. RAY, an actress, whose husband died a few days ago, is also dead.

Mr. Ingelby, member for Victoria, has given notice of motion for the establishment of model and experimental farms.

Wheat is dull, and unchanged.

ANNEXATION OF NEW GUINEA.

A VERY large and influential meeting of the inhabitants of the city of Sydney was held yesterday evening in the Sydney Exchange. The hall was completely crowded; and among those present were most of the leading men connected with the trade and commerce of this city. The Mayor, Mr. Benjamin Palmer, occupied the chair. On the platform were, Messrs. R. Owen, M.L.C.; J. B. Watt, M.L.C, Merriman; Saul Samuel, M.L.C.; G. H. Reid, C. Hayes J. Raphael, W. O. Gilchrist, T. Cadell, J. Alger, J. Street, Evans, Flood, Campbell; J. L. Montefiore, M.L.C.; W. Redman, Sullivan, Smith, Beg; Captains Eldred, Robinson; Rev. Dr. Lang, Sir John O'Shanassy, Dr. Moffitt; Messrs. Morehead, Ford, G. Oakes, and other gentlemen.

The CHAIRMAN said he would not follow the usual practice of reading the requisition, and the list of names, as the appearance of so many there proved that they had read the advertisement. He would only say that he had had much pleasure in convening the meeting, not only for the pleasure of meeting so many fellow citizens, but because he thoroughly believed in the object of the meeting. This was a matter of the greatest importance to the whole of the Australias. There would only be three resolutions submitted to them, but it was a matter of congratulation to them that one of those resolutions would be moved by a gentleman who occupies a high position in the sister colony of Victoria—Sir John O'Shanassy. (Cheers.) He thought the co-operation of this gentleman showed that the day might yet arrive when we shall not be subdivided into a number of colonies, but be united into one great Australia. (Cheers.) The fact that this great island of New Guinea was within a few miles of a part of Australia, proved that its annexation would conduce to the interest of the whole of the Australias. It was only a few years ago that the annexation of Fiji was looked upon as impracticable, but the British Government had now annexed Fiji, and as Lord Carnarvon desired some expression of the opinion of the colonists before the British Government took any steps with regard to New Guinea, they had been called together to express their opinion. This important island was on the direct highway to India and China, and therefore it was of the highest importance in the interest of the Australian colonies that it should be annexed to Great Britain. Dr. Lang was about to move the first resolution—(cheers)—and as he was sure that gentleman could explain the matter better than he could, he would at once introduce Dr. Lang to the meeting.

Rev. Dr. LANG, who was received with loud cheers, said he felt it incumbent upon him to apologise for occupying the position he now did, when he saw around him so many gentlemen of high standing in the colonies. But he believed he had been put forward to the front from the fact of his having been somewhat identified with efforts for the colonization of New Guinea for a long time past. About twelve years ago a provisional company was formed in Sydney for the colonization of New Guinea, and he was invited, being then a member of the local Parliament, to join the association as one of the provisional directors. During the short period of their association a very considerable number of adventurers proposed to associate themselves with this object—not only from this colony, but from all the colonies around them, including New Zealand, and a large amount of funds was forthcoming on the occasion. But to use a lawyer's phrase, they were estopped at the very commencement of the undertaking, for they ascertained that the persons proceeding to New Guinea could not form themselves into a British colony, or exercise any jurisdiction over one another without the express permission and sanction of the Imperial Government. He recollected that there was a deputation waited upon the Colonial Secretary of the period, who was Mr. Parkes, in Sir James Martin's Government. They were anxious to ascertain whether the local Government would give any assistance to the object from the public funds, and especially—for this was the more important consideration—whether they could frame any authority so as to ensure the administration of justice in the proposed settlement. Mr. Parkes, however, told them that no colony in the empire could originate any subordinate colony, or form themselves into a government of any kind without the express sanction and permission of the Imperial Government. This soon used in the breaking up of the association, but they ascertained nevertheless, that there was a large floating population in the colonies who were ready to go forth at their own expense, and at their own hazard, to colonize this island of New Guinea. The subject then remained in abeyance for a series of years, but in 1869 he happened to read a paper on the subject before the Royal Society of this colony. It was entitled "On New Guinea, and its capabilities for British colonization." This paper was published in the *Herald* at the time, and it excited a great sensation in this city. Very soon afterwards various efforts were made to carry out the object which he had recommended. At length these efforts were concentrated in the formation of an association consisting of about eighty persons, who resolved to go out on their own charges for the colonization of New Guinea, setting forth as one of their objects the formation of their company into a gold-mining prospecting association. This was, however, a subordinate object, and the real object was to prepare the way for the colonization of the island. They were all aware of the unfortunate issue of that expedition. The vessel that the association had purchased or chartered, he forgot which, was unsuitable for the object, and it was alleged she was not seaworthy; and the captain, whether or not he was sufficiently qualified for the work in which he was engaged, proved himself very unfit for his post in every respect, for when he had run the ship upon a reef he took the best boat they had on board, and, with a few of the hands whom he had selected for the purpose, made his way to the coast, telling the party on board that he was going to procure assistance. He made his way to the coast at the nearest point, and himself and two or three of his party were murdered by the black natives. He had no hesitation in stating that the eighty persons who were associated in that expedition, in so far as he had an opportunity of judging, were a proper body of persons for the expedition in which they were engaged. (Hear, hear.) There was on of the present Colonial Treasurer among them, and a son of one of the Judges. About half the number of the whole expedition perished in the wreck; and this sad issue to the first attempt at the colonization of New Guinea rather threw the whole matter into abeyance for a time. But the subject had again come before the notice of the public, from a variety of circumstances, which he would shortly mention. The first was the discovery of an eligible harbour on the south-east coast of New Guinea, by Captain Moresby, of the Royal Navy, and of which they were all aware. Captain Moresby's account of the island was very encouraging, and the intercourse he had with the natives was of a very satisfactory description—(hear, hear)—showing that there was very little danger of the occupation of any particular settlement by a small number of fit and proper persons from the colonies. The second circumstance that had given an impulse to public opinion on the subject at the present time was the proposed expedition of that very eminent colonist, Mr. William Macleay. (Cheers.) Whatever might be the issue of that expedition, which, he was sure, the colony wished success to—(cheers)—what Mr. Macleay had already done would immortalise him among these colonies. (Cheers.) Another very favourable circumstance at the moment was the establishment of a mission under the London Missionary Society, in the harbour of Port Moresby—(applause)—which was also of a very promising character for the future. Very much of the success of an enterprise of this character depends upon securing the religious influence accruing from the labours of the missionaries among the barbarous inhabitants of the island. (Cheers.) We have experienced this in many of the islands of the Pacific, and it is a great encouragement to the effort that is now contemplated to know that missionaries have established themselves in New Guinea, and with promise of success. (Hear, hear.) The last circumstance that had given an impulse to the subject of the colonization of New Guinea on the present occasion was the circumstance of a deputation having waited upon Lord Carnarvon, the principal Secretary of State for the Colonies in London, very earnestly to recommend and to request his lordship to take into consideration the annexation and settlement of New Guinea as a British colony. (Cheers.) Lord Carnarvon was evidently well affected towards the object, but considering the responsibility which it implies he wished beforehand to have the opinion of the Australian colonies generally on the subject. (Hear, hear.) He wished to know what we think of the matter before he brings it under the consideration of the British Cabinet. Now although it had not been put forward before the public, nevertheless it was a fact that the idea of forming a British colony in New Guinea in the expectation of getting immigrants from the mother country was altogether preposterous and absurd; and Lord Carnarvon submitted the question to the colonists of Australia, since it was from the colonies alone that immigrants to any extent could be expected. It was well known that there was a large floating population in the Australian colonies, consisting of persons who had resided here for a series of years, but who had not succeeded in establishing themselves permanently in the country, and who were ready to embrace any such new scheme as the colonization of New Guinea affords. (Hear, hear.) Such then was the origin and object of that meeting: It was to give an expression of opinion on the part of the inhabitants of this great city on which her Majesty's Government could act. (Applause.) He had no doubt that our example would soon be followed by all the other colonies of the Australian group. Lord Carnarvon certainly had not formally asked the opinion either of this or of the other colonies, but he evidently expects it; and he was sure the other colonies were so interested in this object that they would willingly follow our example. (Cheers.) It was evidently the design of Divine Providence that Great Britain should be the great colonising centre of the modern world, as the glorious Greeks of antiquity were of the ancient world. (Applause.) At the same time he did not think we had discharged our duty in this matter so well as the ancient Greeks had done, and he contrasted the wonderful progress of the Greeks with the efforts of modern times in regard to colonisation. But the Greeks possessed the authority to establish justice and self-government wherever they colonised, which we do not possess. He had written to Sir Charles Cowper soon after that gentleman went home as Agent-General, telling him of the great detriment to colonization through the want of this authority; but he supposed Sir Charles Cowper did not think the matter of sufficient importance for him to make the necessary application in order that this authority might be given. Our want of power in this direction was the chief reason why we had not done more in the way of colonizing the islands of the South Pacific; and in order to get this authority as regards New Guinea, they should do all in their power to strengthen the hands of the Home Government in the matter. (Hear, hear.) They earnestly desired that New Guinea should be annexed—not perhaps the whole of the island, for the north-west had been in the hands of the Dutch for a long period, though they have not been very successful certainly, and there was plenty of room for us in this vast island—(applause)—which was at least as large as the whole of France, including the two lost districts. (Hear, hear.) In regard to the Pacific Ocean, Sydney occupies the same position as Great Britain occupies with regard to the world at large. The Pacific is our world, and we ought to have looked better after our interest, and then Tahiti would never have been taken under the protectorate of the French. The circumstance that Great Britain established these colonies here gave us a right to the colonization of the islands in the Pacific, and especially this island of New Guinea. (Cheers.) The establishment of these colonies cost Great Britain, up to 1837, over seven millions sterling, and that gave us the first right to the occupation of the vacant lands within the great Pacific in the Southern Hemisphere, and we were only asserting our right in requesting the British Government to colonize the great island of New Guinea. If her Majesty's Government would only establish British authority in New Guinea there would be immediately a large number collected from all the colonies, who would go there with all the knowledge they had acquired in the colonies to aid them towards success in the new country. (Applause.) He knew that objections were sometimes taken to the cost of Government, but he pointed out that the first Governor of South Australia had a salary of only £800, and he believed we could get as good a man for that salary as we could for even £5000. He would merely mention, in conclusion, that about twelve months ago he was applied to by a number of persons who contemplated emigrating to New Guinea, and there was shown to him at the time a prospectus or programme, which they had prepared, indicating their intentions and their object. That document was as follows:—

"NEW GUINEA EXPEDITION.—1. A party is now being formed for the purpose of going to New Guinea to form a settlement on the coast, with a view of opening a trade with the Australian ports in the products of the island. 2. It is proposed that the party consist of fifteen members, to leave Sydney by the Torres Straits mail for Somerset, at Cape York, and from thence charter a vessel to Yule Island. 3. The party intend, on landing there, to turn their attention to the native products of the island, which are cocoanut oil, palm oil, sandalwood, mahogany, ebony, cinnamon, cloves, nutmegs, mace, arrowroot, sago, and sugar-cane. These are indigenous to New Guinea. The marine products being beche-de-mer, pearl shell, turtle-shell, and trepang. 4. It is our intention, on landing, to at once place ourselves on friendly terms with the natives, and to keep up a constant and direct communication via Somerset to Sydney by the Torres Straits mail. It is understood that no difficulty will arise in accomplishing the same. 5. The products of our labour will be forwarded to an accredited agent in Sydney. 6. So far as the scientific attainments of the party will permit, notes will be taken, and specimens of natural history, mineralogy, &c., will be collected."

He thought it worth while to mention this circumstance in connection with the object of that meeting, as it was just one of the cases that might be effectively carried out in accomplishing the colonization of New Guinea. Those persons were all satisfied with the character and conduct of one another. Some of them are married, and would carry their wives and families with them at once and proceed to Port Moresby; and he thought that when the expedition was ready to start, the mercantile community would do well to assist them with stores and provisions. (Applause.) The plan of going by the Torres mail steamer as far as Somerset was a very good one; and if a small steam-launch were carried on the deck of the steamer the little party could get over to New Guinea with great facility and at small expense. He begged now to move,—"That in the opinion of this meeting, the resources of the extensive island of New Guinea should not remain beyond the reach of legitimate and commercial enterprise; and as the inhabitants can not much longer continue isolated from trading operations, the immediate occupation of the island by a civilized power is expedient, alike in the interests of humanity and commerce."

Hon. J. B. WATT seconded. The circumstances that slaves formed an item in the exports of New Guinea, was alone sufficient to have brought out the Rev. Dr. Lang. The colonists would be lacking in public spirit if they failed to take up the challenge of Lord Caernarvon. (Cheers.) New Guinea was the second largest island in the world, possessing a population of a million, and resources analogous to those of Java. It would be a scandal if it passed into the hands of a foreign power. (Cheers.) If the reports of the missionaries, as well as that of Captain Moresby, R.N., were to be believed, the inhabitants of the coast were not the savage race they were represented to be but rather a kindly people, and if the influence of civilisation were brought to bear upon them by the blessing of God much might be accomplished. (Applause.) Our commerce would be greatly endangered if this country passed into the hands of a foreign Power. Doubtless the Chinese who were now swarming into Queensland would also in time take their way to New Guinea, and it was highly important that when they did so it should be under the influence of a civilising Power. There was a slight mistake in the resolution, which he would wish to amend. The trade to New Guinea was not so isolated, for many merchants of this city had employed labour there already.

The resolution was put and carried unanimously.

Sir JOHN O'SHANASSY moved the second resolution. Being only on a visit to this city, and having arrived two days ago, he had been asked to deliver an address on this occasion, and under the circumstances had sought to avoid it, but had been prevailed upon by the pertinacity of the gentlemen who had addressed him, and who had graduated in the colony in which he had so long taken an interest (Victoria). He believed the attention of the whole of the colonies could be drawn by the object which had attracted this meeting. (Cheers.) He highly commended the spirit of enterprise which actuated people who had once emigrated to carry the influence of civilization into foreign lands and there to seek fresh fields and pastures new. (Applause.) He quoted from a letter written by a gentleman who had in a private yacht gone from Melbourne to New Guinea, and intended to visit it again for purposes of occupation and use, and desired to know whether the "Governor-General of Australia," Sir Hercules Robinson, could secure him a prior claim, and enable him to hold the land he took up for thirty years. This gentleman knew nothing of the system of colonization adopted by the ancient Greeks (laughter), but he had the spirit of enterprise—he desired to settle in New Guinea with horses and cattle, and simply wished to be assured in the possession of that which he occupied. This showed that our Scotch friends were not destitute of the proper spirit of colonisation. (Laughter.) We ought to tell Lord Carnarvon not to be raising these petty little questions of £4000 per year from each colony, when there was a Treasury possessing a revenue of £75,000,000, but to deal in a broad and liberal spirit with a people who had done so much in the cause of colonization. Apart from the advantages of New Guinea as a station for colonization, his lordship's attention ought to be directed to the immense advantage it was to prevent a foreign Power from establishing their flag in that island and to acquire that territory as a means of centralising and establishing British Power. He moved,—"That Great Britain is the nation best fitted for the work of colonizing New Guinea; and that the annexation of the territory not yet occupied by a foreign Power is desirable in the interest of the whole Empire, as well as that of her Majesty's Australian dominions—especially in view of the recent establishment of steam communication between these colonies, the East, and the mother country by way of Torres Straits." He believed this resolution only did justice to the mother country, and required her to carry out that spirit of enterprise which had characterized her hitherto. It was a very important thing in the history of our colonisation that we were extending steam communication in every direction. This showed that whilst we might have separate Governments and local interests, yet when we digged deep into the hearts of the people, we found they were all sprung from a common stock, and had similar ideas of that which was for the advantage of all. (Cheers.)

Mr. ALEXANDER STUART, M.L.A., seconded the resolution. There could be no doubt, from the history of colonization in the past, that a country had shown such an aptitude for that work as Great Britain had. He believed that it was desirable that this colonization should be extended. They were all aware that there were many natural disadvantages about New Guinea; but the altitude of the mountains, some of which rose 16,000 feet above the level of the sea, caused a salubrity not to be met with in the low lying islands. He believed that if there were anything calculated to establish the Torres Straits mail route and make it a permanency, that would be the colonization of New Guinea. If this annexation took place it would be an honour to New South Wales that, by the public spirit of one of her citizens (Mr. W. Macleay) the matter had been originated. He thought all honour was due to the enterprise about to be undertaken by that gentleman and those who accompanied him. How far Great Britain could assert her sovereignty was a matter to be determined by British statesman. This resolution merely affirmed that it was desirable, in the interests of the British nation, that this annexation should take place, and upon that point they must be all unanimous. (Cheers.) Java had passed from Great Britain's power but here was a better land than Java, more salubrious and better fitted for all tropical products, and that was ready to her hands. (Applause).

The resolution was put and carried unanimously.

Alderman MERRIMAN moved,—"That the following gentlemen be appointed a deputation to wait upon the Colonial Secretary with a copy of the foregoing resolutions, and to urge the desirability of transmitting the same, through his Excellency the Governor, to the Right Hon. the Secretary of State for the Colonies, supported by an expression

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

JEWELLERY, WATCHES, &c

We are in receipt of 7 CASKS, ex Ellora comprising an extensive assortment of the above goods, as also Meerschaum and other PIPES and NOVELTIES.
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EX HALLOWEEN and LATE ARRIVALS.

Currants and Klemés, new fruit
Candles, Braudon's and De Roubaix and Co.
Gunnsacks, 22 lbs.
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Blacking, Day and Martin's, A, B, and C
Fencing wire, Nos. 6, 8, and 10.
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QUICKSILVER on SALE by GEO. A. LLOYD and CO., 362, George-street.

JAMS, assorted. 50 cases of the celebrated Red Cross brand. W. H. ARIELL, 119, Sussex-street.

BISQUIT and CO.'S BRANDY, in dark and pale, hogsheads, quarter-casks, octaves, and cases.
STEWART, GARRICK, and CO.,
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ALBURY WINES for SALE, by
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Agents of James T. Fallon,
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FOR SALE BY THE UNDERSIGNED.

BRANDY—Central Society's dark and pale 1872, in hogsheads and quarter-casks, and pale in cases; and old pale 1850, in quarter-casks; Comandon's pale and dark, in bulk
WHISKY—Mitchell's old Irish and Scotch, in bulk and case; and Burke's old Irish, in case
WINES—Kenneth Mackenzie's Port and Sherry, in cask: and Sherry, in bulk, medium quality to fine; and Graham's Port, in case
BOTTLED ALE—Tennent's and M'Ewan's, in quarts and pints; and Ind, Coope, and Co.'s, to arrive
BOTTLED STOUT—Tennent's, in quarts and pints
BULK ALE—M'Ewan's old and new brew
BITTERS—Pomegranate (in small phials)
CANVAS—In bales assorted, Nos. 1 to 3, of different qualities
WOOLPACKS—full 10¼ lbs. (open at end)
TWINE—best seaming, in bales and trusses
FENCING WIRE—Whitecross Co.'s Nos. 6 and 8, and Richard Johnson and Nephew's No. 6, annealed, drawn
FLOORCLOTH—Hendry, Whyte, and Strachan's, A and B quality, to arrive
GALVANIZED IRON—Lysaght's "orb" flat iron, to arrive.
HOPS—Tasmanian (1875), in prime condition
MALT—New Zealand.
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

MUNTZ' YELLOW METAL.—For SALE by the undersigned, Muntz' Yellow METAL, 16 to 26 oz.; also, NAILS.
YOUNG and LARK.

THE UNDERSIGNED has for SALE:—
Best Linseed OIL CAKE, ex Cairnbulg
Best BOMBAY LINSEED, ex Ellora.
J. DE V. LAMB, 3, Gresham-street.

CURCIER and ADET have on SALE.

"Hennessey's" brandy, in hogsheads, quarters, and casks. * and **	Sparkling moselle and hock
"Otard's" brandy, dark and pale, in hogsheads, quarters, casks, and flasks	Sardines, halves and quarters
Martell's brandy, dark, in hogsheads and quarters	Preserved peas, in tins
Associated Vineyard, in cases and flasks	Mushrooms, truffles
Low cases and mixing brandy	White beans, in casks
Brandy colouring	Green peas, in casks
Bulk claret, in hogsheads	Bottled fruits, in brandy
Clarets—Vergniaud, No. 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, and Vin Ordinaire	Corks, and corking machines
Sauterne, chablis, and vermouth	Capsules for bottles
Assorted liqueurs	Chocolat des Princes
Absinthe, curaçoa	French mustard
Maraschino, chartreuse	French white wine vinegar
Champagnes—Moet, Piper, Erug, and others	French salad oil—quarts, pints, and ½-pints
	Tomato sauce
	Anchovies, in oil
	Macaroni, vermicelli
	Candles, 8-medal
	Patés foie gras
	Oilmen's stores.

NEW SOUTH WALES SHALE AND OIL COMPANY.—The following Certificate has been received from Mr. Charles Watt, Professor of Chemistry, Government Analyst, and Inspector of Kerosene:—
"Sydney, 25th January, 1875.
"During some recent experiments having reference to the illuminating power of kerosene oil and gas, it was observed that the 'Comet' Oil yielded a light of rather higher illuminating power, with a smaller consumption of oil, than the best brand of American kerosene obtainable in this market.
"Yours, faithfully,
(Signed) "CHAS. WATT."

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For the convenience of purchasers, the Company will store, free of charge, and deliver as required.
JOHN MACDONALD, Jun., Secretary.
Office, 3, Hunter-street.

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GOLDSMITH'S ALLIANCE (Limited),
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WATCH AND CLOCK MAKERS,
11 and 12, CORNHILL, LONDON, ENGLAND,
request the attention of purchasers to their celebrated Patent Lever Watches, which, being manufactured by themselves on the premises, are confidently recommended for accuracy and durability.
The following are specially adapted for Australia:—
PRICES OF SILVER WATCHES.
Patent Lever Watch, jewelled, enamel dial..... £4 14 6
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In hunting cases, 10s 6d extra.
GOLD WATCHES (size for ladies).
Patent Lever Watch, richly engraved case, gold dial, jewelled, &c. 12 12 0
Ditto, keyless, in plain or engine-turned case, jewelled in 6 holes 21 0 0
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Ditto, keyless, jewelled in 10 holes, in plain or engine-turned case 27 6 0
Gold Watches, in hunting cases, £3 3s. extra.
A WARRANTY IS GIVEN WITH EACH WATCH.
Orders should be accomplished by a remittance.
A pamphlet, illustrated with 300 engravings, and containing the prices of silver plate, plated ware, watches, clocks, and jewellery, will be forwarded gratis, and post free on application.
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From whom pamphlets of prices and other information can be obtained.

FINEST WHITE COUNTER SUGAR for private SALE by BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB.

FOR SALE, set of Sugar-crushing ROLLERS, 2 feet 6 inches by 22 inches, second-hand; prepared for erecting in timber framing. Also, centrifugal basket and 1 spare basket. Drysdale and Roberts, 27, New Pitt-street.

FOR SALE, Weighing Machine (Avery's), 11 cwt., nearly new. Also, Chaff-cutter. No. 3, Pitt-street.

FOR SALE, cheap, pair Avery's 10 cwt. SCALES and 4 TRUCKS. Apply to G. PREDDEY, Kothel and Preddey, timber brokers, Erskine-street.

DATES.—New DATES, ex Lammermuir. J. B. LOVE, 504, George-street.

TANK.—Large Iron TANK for SALE. J. B. LOVE, 504, George-street.

ESTABLISHED 1838.—F. R. ROBINSON, 486, George-street, licensed Plumber and Gasfitter.

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KEROSENE LAMPS and LANTERNS, a large assortment of all descriptions, now on hand, of very low prices, of best makes.
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COOKING STOVES and RANGES.—Now on hand, English, Scotch, and American of all kinds, at very LOW PRICES, suitable for town or country use. Every stove guaranteed, being manufactured for the undersigned with his own PATENTED IMPROVEMENTS, the result of many years' experience, ensuring perfect action and ECONOMY OF FUEL. Duplicate pieces always on hand; extra bricks supplied to order.
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SINCE THERE IS NO RISK OR OBLIGATION OF ANY KIND IN ACCEPTING A TRIAL OF THE BEST SEWING-MACHINE FOR HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES EVER MADE—
AND AS YOU ARE NOT ASKED TO BUY BEFORE YOU TRY—
ORDER AT ONCE
THE WILLCOX AND GIBBS' SILENT SEWING-MACHINE, £7 10s. COMPLETE.

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THE LITTLE "WANZER" SEWING-MACHINE,
superior to all others—Vienna Exhibition, two First Prize medals were awarded to the "Wanzer" sewing-machines. Also the only Grand Silver Medal and Diploma from the Society of Arts and Manufactures of Lower Austria.—£4 10s.

"WANZER" F.—NEW FAMILY MACHINE, with patent reversible feed motion, and all the latest improvements. Specially adapted for families, dressmaking, and light manufacturing purposes.—£9 9s.
"The Wanzer Sewing Machine Company have in their new 'F' machine introduced a piece of mechanism for raising the needle-bar that will wear for years. To meet another want, they have also arranged the machine so as to fasten off the first and last stitch of its work, and the material that is being sewn is carried either to or from the operator with the greatest ease."—EUROPEAN MAIL, February 19, 1875.

"WANZER" D.—HEAVY MACHINE, suitable for tailors, outfitters, and manufacturers of heavy goods.—£11 11s.
"The Company have also designed a heavy machine for manufacturing purposes, which they distinguish by the letter D. This is also nearly noiseless, the various movements being obtained by means of eccentrics. The arrangement for driving the needle-bar of this machine is entirely new, being the same as that in the 'Wanzer F.'"—EUROPEAN MAIL, February 19, 1875.
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Sole Agents for Australia,
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THE HOME SHUTTLE SEWING-MACHINE
for LOCKSTITCH,
REGISTERED under the TRADE MARKS Act of NEW SOUTH WALES.
The LARGEST SALE of any in AUSTRALIA.
Especially adapted for FAMILY USE and light manufacturing purposes, and superior to any machine for
SIMPLICITY, STRENGTH, and BEAUTY.
The only PRACTICAL LOW-PRICED lockstitch Sewing-machine ever invented, which accounts for the extraordinary demand now existing for them.
It combines the GOOD QUALITIES of all machines, with NONE of their DEFECTS.
IT IS THE SIMPLEST.
IT IS THE MOST DURABLE.
IT IS CERTAIN AND RELIABLE.
IT WILL WORK EVERY MATERIAL.
IT IS THE EASIEST TO LEARN TO OPERATE.
IT IS GUARANTEED FOR FIVE YEARS.
It will hem, fell, bind, cord, braid, seam, tuck, ruffle, hemstitch, gather, and sew on at same time.
It will work equally well on silk, linen, woollen, and cotton goods, with silk, linen, or cotton thread.
FIVE THOUSAND PURCHASERS claim it the MOST COMPLETE machine they have EVER USED, and that the HOME SHUTTLE MACHINE is
A TRIUMPH OF MECHANICAL GENIUS,
and OFFERED at a PRICE WITHIN THE REACH of ALL.
We faithfully fulfil orders (accompanied by remittance or reference), if purchasers cannot visit our Sale Room.
Directions accompany the machine, fully describing its operations.
We are the SOLE AGENTS of the manufacturer, and do NOT receive payment by instalments.
There are WORTHLESS IMITATIONS in the MARKET WITHOUT OUR NAME upon them, of which intending BUYERS should BE AWARE.
We have NO AGENTS in SYDNEY, our ONLY OFFICE being as AT FOOT.

The price of the No. 1 HAND MACHINE, with extras complete in hinged box, is
£4 10s 0d.
For use by foot, No. 2, with elegant table of genuine American manufacture, all complete,
£6 10s 0d.
Panel polished covers, No. 3, with lock and key, 25s extra. Illustrations, specimens, and tuition free of charge on application.

*** BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!!!
Sole Agents for the HOME Shuttle Machine,
M. MOSS and CO.,
Wynyard-lane, Sydney.

SINGER'S SEWING-MACHINES.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.
Any person caught SELLING a counterfeit Machine, EITHER with or without THE Singer Trade-Mark PLATE, or using the word "SINGER" in connection with any OTHER name, or in any way whatsoever conveying the IMPRESSION that the COUNTERFEIT is a SINGER, will be PROSECUTED without further notice by
G. J. WELLS (late Stanford and Co.),
No. 1, Hunter-street, Sydney.

SEWING-MACHINES.

The "LADY," chain-stitch, complete, with box	£2 10 0
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The "AUSTRALIAN," lockstitch, complete, on stand	6 6 0
The "DEFIANCE," lock-stitch, complete, with box	4 10 0
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The "DOLLY VARDEN," lock-stitch, complete, on stand	6 6 0
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Each machine guaranteed in perfect order, and trial given before purchase. Printed or personal instructions if required, gratis.
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Mr. SNUGHOME,
Bought of W. B. CAMPBELL:
FURNITURE FOR A FOUR-ROOMED HOUSE.

Sitting-room:

Horsehair couch	£3 17 6
6 chairs to match, at 12s 6d	3 16 0
Easy folding chair	0 17 6
Chiffonniere	3 7 6
Round table	1 16 0
4 framed engravings, at 5s 6d	1 2 0
Carpet-pattern drugget square	1 5 0
	£15 19 6

Bedroom No. 1:

Nice bedstead, palliasses, mattress, bolster, and pillows	£4 18 6
Matting	0 10 0
Washstand and set	1 10 0
Dressing-table and glass	1 5 0
Chest of drawers	3 10 0
2 chairs, at 6s 6d	0 13 0
	£12 6 6

Bedroom No. 2:

Bedstead, palliasses, mattress, bolster, and pillows	£3 6 0
Matting	0 5 0
Washstand and set	1 5 0
Dressing-table and glass	0 16 6
Chest of drawers	2 10 0
2 Chairs at 5s 6d	0 11 0
	£8 13 6

Kitchen:

Table with drawer	£0 12 6
2 Chairs at 3s 6d	0 7 0
Colonial oven	1 1 0
Safe	0 15 0
Cooking utensils, crockery, &c.	2 0 0
	£4 15 6

Mr. Snughome finding his house so comfortably furnished at a cost of only £41 15s, begs to suggest that persons about to do likewise, will materially study their own interests by going to the same house of business, where he saw a variety of articles that would surprise many people; not from a needle to an anchor, as the old saying used to be, but from a 6d. knife and fork to a 35 guinea piano.

A PATENT MANGLE for SALE, cheap. J. EDWARDS, Furniture Warehouse Newtown Rd.

THE WHEELER and WILSON SEWING-MACHINE
has no heavy machinery to tire and weary the foot, and is therefore the
MOST SUITABLE FOR FAMILIES.
THE WHEELER AND WILSON
has no cog wheels to wear away and break, which renders it the most durable as well as the fastest and best
SEWING-MACHINE
IN THE WORLD.

CAUTION.—The great success of the Wheeler and Wilson Sewing-Machine has produced numerous spurious imitations. To guard the public, the American MEDALLION TRADE MARK is now placed on every genuine machine, and parties purchasing are particularly requested to examine same.
☞ Time Payments arranged on the most liberal scale.
GORDON and GOTCH, 353, George-street, Sole Agents for New South Wales and Queensland.

WANTED, to SELL a Walnut-wood Cottage Pianoforte; price £18 10s, a bargain.
Hardy, Brothers.

WANTED, to SELL a Dining-room SUITE, comprising couch, 6 chairs, and 2 easy chairs, with table to match, a bargain.
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WANTED, to SELL Drawing-room SUITES, with centre tables to match, cheap.
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WANTED, to SELL Iron Bedsteads, Children's Cots, and Bedding of every description; low prices.
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WANTED, to SELL to country buyers and parties furnishing, new and second-hand Furniture of every description, 25 per cent. cheaper than any other house; largest stock in the colony to select from.
Hardy, Brothers,
Hyde Park Furniture Bazaar,
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WANTED to buy HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE of every description, from £6 to £1000. Highest price given by
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MASSACRE OF THE INNOCENTS.—Parents valuing their children's safety will avoid soothing medicines containing opium, so frequently fatal to infants, and will use only STEDMAN'S TEETHING POWDERS, which are safest and best, being free from opium. Prepared by a Surgeon (not a Chemist), formerly attached to a children's hospital, whose name "Stedman," has but one "E" in it. Trade mark, "A Gum Lancet." Refuse all others. Highly recommended by, amongst others, the Lady Susan Milbank, Ashfield, Sussex; Mrs. Captain Green, 33rd Regiment, &c. Depot—East Road, Hoxton, London. Wholesale Agents: Melbourne, Duerdin and Sainsbury.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in Court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the inventor of Chlorodyne, that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to.—TIMES, July 13, 1864.
Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne.—The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne.—See LANCET, December 31, 1864.
Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne "is proscribed by scores of orthodox practitioners. Of course, it would not be thus singularly popular did it not 'supply a want and fill a place.'"—MEDICAL TIMES, January 12, 1866.
Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is the best and most certain remedy in coughs, colds, asthma, consumption neuralgia, rheumatism, &c.
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GLASS BOTTLES.
NONE OTHERS ARE GENUINE.
The world-wide celebrity of this universal FAMILY MEDICINE renders it unnecessary to enter into details of the valuable properties possessed by these PILLS; suffice it to say they are recommended by the most celebrated MEDICAL MEN of the present day, being compounded from pure vegetable extracts, and perfectly free from all mineral substances. For
DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, LOSS OF APPETITE,
LIVER COMPLAINTS, BILIOUS HEADACHES, JAUNDICE, DYSENTERY, RHEUMATISM, GOUT, GRAVEL, DROPSY,
and as a
DINNER PILL,
THEY ARE UNRIVALLED.
Full directions on every bottle, and for further particulars see
AYER'S ALMANAC.
For SALE at all Druggists, Chemists, and Storekeepers throughout the colony.
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ROWLAND'S MACASSAR OIL prevents the hair falling off or turning grey, strengthens weak hair, cleanses it from scurf and dandruff, causes it to grow thickly on bald places, and makes it beautifully soft, pliable, and glossy.
ROWLAND'S KALYDOR
removes all freckles, spots, and cutaneous eruptions, and realizes a health purity and delicacy of complexion.
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whitens and preserves the teeth, prevents and arrests their decay, strengthens the gums, and gives a pleasing fragrance to the breath.
ROWLAND'S ESSENCE OF TYRE
produces immediately a perfect change in red or grey hair, whiskers and eyebrows, to a glossy and permanent brown or black, which colour neither washing or perspiration will remove. GREAT CARE must be taken to ask for Rowland's Articles of 20, Hatton Garden, London, and to see that their signature, A. ROWLAND and SONS, is in RED INK on the wrapper of each, no other being genuine. Sold by all Chemists, Druggists, and at all Stores throughout Australia and New Zealand.

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(Knight of the orders of Vasa and St. Olaf)
COD LIVER OIL,
STEAM MANUFACTORIES AT
STAMSUND, GULVIG, and RAKSVAAG,
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Genuineness, Purity, Delicacy of Taste and smell, the results of exceedingly careful preparation, and the exclusive use of Fresh Livers procured to MOLLER'S COD LIVER OIL—heading all the Manufacturers from Newfoundland and Norway—
In ENGLAND, the ONLY PRIZE at the International Exhibition in LONDON, 1862.
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COD LIVER OIL.
Selection from an overwhelming mass of testimonials from medical authorities of the highest standing in every civilised country in the world:—
J. MARION SIMS, Esq., M.D.,
13, East 20th-street,
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Gentlemen,—For some years I had given up the use of Cod-Liver Oil altogether, but since my attention was called by Dr. Sayre to your Peter Moller's Cod-liver Oil, I have prescribed it almost daily, and have every reason to be perfectly satisfied with it.
The LANCET, Vol. I., NO. XXVI.
"There is scarcely a remedy in the whole Pharmacopœia of greater therapeutical value than Cod-Liver Oil, and it is greatly to be regretted that its utility is so often impaired, and even destroyed, by its nauseous taste and rancidity. A sample of the oil, prepared in Norway by Mr. MOLLER, has recently been brought under our notice. It is one of the purest we have ever met with, and is remarkable for its limpidity as well as its freedom from rancidity and disagreeable smell and flavour."
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LEA and PERRINS' PREPARED TARAXACUM, or DANDELION
An invaluable Remedy for Liver Complaints, Indigestion, and all Chronic Visceral Affections.
This preparation is presented to the Public with the utmost confidence, as it possesses all the medicinal properties of Taraxacum, which is known to be one of the most useful agents in relieving Indigestion and Liver Complaints, and is highly beneficial as an alterative and purifier of the blood.
The prepared Taraxacum is highly recommended by the faculty, and forms a nourishing and agreeable beverage. To those to whom tea or coffee is objectionable, it furnishes a valuable and grateful substitute.
Sold by PEATE and HARCOURT, 258, George-street; B. ROZON, 130, William-street.
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CURE FOR MEASLES.—Coate's Guaranteed ACID is a simple, inexpensive, and CERTAIN cure. Depot, 120, Sussex-street, Sydney.

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WIDOW WELCH'S PILLS.
(KEARSLEY'S ORIGINAL.)
So justly celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are recommended to the notice of every lady (having obtained the sanction of most gentlemen of the medical profession) as a safe and valuable medicine in effectually removing obstructions, and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system; they create an appetite, correct indigestion, remove giddiness and nervous headache, and are eminently useful in windy disorders, shortness of breath and palpitation of the heart; being perfectly innocent they may be used with safety in all seasons and climates. Price 2s 9d per box, of all chemists.
It is necessary, owing to numerous imitations, to warn the public that KEARSLEY'S is the only original receipt, and has been prepared by the Kearsley family over eighty years. Purchasers should see that each box is wrapped in WHITE paper, and the name, "C. KEARSLEY" is engraved on the Government stamp.

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J. SANGER and SONS, 150, Oxford-street, London, England;
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Ask for "KEARSLEY'S," and see you get them.

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DOWN QUILTS. ARCTIC and RIDER DOWN QUILTS—These splendid goods are highly recommended by the Medical Profession as conducive to health. They are eminently suitable for invalids, being WARM and extremely LIGHT.

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AUSTRALIAN—Extra soft and smooth, suitable for invalids.
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REAL WELSH, from the Cambrian Company, Newtown, Montgomeryshire
ELECTORAL and ANTI-RHEUMATIC
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☞ These purchases being made DIRECT from the MANUFACTURERS for PROMPT CASH, we are in a position to give SPECIAL ADVANTAGES to our customers.
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We are now in receipt of our FIRST SHIPMENT of choice STANDARD FURS, from the Northern Regions. They include

REAL SABLE	
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SICILIAN SILK MANTLES and PALETOTS, lined with Fur—a choice speciality
REAL SEALSKIN JACKETS
BROWN POLARIAN SEAL JACKETS.
Also Trimmings in Fur.
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OUR WINTER OVERCOATS.
EX BERWICKSHIRE.
DAVID JONES AND COMPANY.

We have just opened, ex above ship, a large parcel of OVERCOATS FOR THE WINTER
of the most durable and fashionable fabrics, cut according to the newest designs, and perfect fitting.

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Gentlemen should see this special importation prior to making their selections for the winter.
DAVID JONES and COMPANY.

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BLANKETS,
all sizes, Witney, bath, and merino, 5s 11d to 37s 6d.
FLANNELS,
all wool, 15½d: very fine, 18½d; scarlet ditto, 12½d.
HOUSEHOLD DRAPERY,
every requisite for FAMILY use, at moderate prices.
JOSEPHINE KID GLOVES,
2s 11d pair, equal to 1st choice, all sizes.
HATS, HATS,
all the new shapes now opened and in stock.
Parcels delivered to all suburbs free of charge.

THE SALE STILL CONTINUES.—3s returned if you spend £1, 1s if you spend 7s, or 6d if you spend only 3s 6d.
Hundreds of the 4s Tyrol Hats are being sold and 6d is returned to very purchaser.
If you require a nice black Paris hat, a drab shell hat, a child's hat, or to lay in a stock of straw hats for next summer; if you require a cloth cap, stout lambswool half-hose undershirts, or pantaloons, or the same in merino or cotton; if you want a scarf or necktie, a pocket-handkerchief, a white or a crimean shirt, collars, pair of braces, indiarubber belt, a woollen muffler scarf at 9d, 1s, or 1s 6d, dozen of collars, hair brushes, combs, scented soap, perfumery, studs, silk turbans, or many items belonging to the hat and hosiery trade, including a few pairs of ladies' very fine hose reduced from 2s 9d to 1s 6d per pair, and the same return in cash made as above, go at once to 678, Brickfield-hill, where W. B. CAMPBELL is clearing out the stock, lately the property of Mr. R. CLOWES, 678, Brickfield-hill.
N.B.—Do not come on SATURDAY NIGHT as the place is overcrowded.

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DRESSES! DRESSES! DRESSES!!!
The new home spun, in various shades, 12s 6d
Figured and plain lustres, 10s 6d the dress
Satin cloths, serges, diagonals, reppe, begars, carmelites, and all the newest materials, in dress goods, at moderate prices.
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NEW GOODS by MAIL STEAMER.
KID GLOVES, RIBBONS, SILK SCARFS.
PARACHUTES and UMBRELLAS, YAK LACES, MALTESE LACES, Trimmings in great variety, &c., &c.
NOVEL and USEFUL DRESS MATERIALS.

BLANKETS, Sheetings and Table Damasks.—1000 pairs real Whitney blankets 6s 11d pair, 72-in. grey and white sheeting 9½d per yd., unbleached and white table damask 1s 4½d per yd. Downey Bros., 290, George-street.

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AN ENTIRELY NEW STOCK
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Just been opened
VISITORS TO THE EXHIBITION
are respectfully invited to examine this magnificent collection of Instruments, selected from the warehouses of the best manufacturers in England and the Continent.
ERARD'S Grand, Oblique, and Cottage Pianofortes,
Sole Agent,
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PLEYEL'S Grand and Oblique Pianofortes,
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KIRKMAN'S celebrated Pianofortes,
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Pianofortes by Collard and Collard, Broadwood and Sons, Bord, Chappell and Co., always on hand.
PIANOFORTES by PALING and CO.
The undersigned begs to call particular attention to these Pianofortes, which have given unqualified satisfaction wherever introduced, and obtained
FIRST PRIZE
at the
EXHIBITION OF 1875.
THEY POSSESS THE FOLLOWING ADVANTAGES.
Firmness and quality of tone.
Purity and brilliancy of tone.
Less liability to derangement from sudden changes of temperature.
GREAT DURABILITY AND EXTREME CHEAPNESS.

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A
Magnificent Stock of these Instruments,
suitable for
Church, Cottage, or Drawing-room.

PALING and CO.'S Organ-toned Harmoniums have been greatly admired.
All the
NEW and POPULAR MUSIC received by every mail.

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A very easy system of Selling by Instalments,
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MOSS'S PIANOFORTE, HARMONIUM, AND CHURCH ORGAN SHOWROOMS.
ONE HUNDRED INSTRUMENTS OPEN FOR SELECTION
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Every Instrument WARRANTED.
GRAND and COTTAGE PIANOFORTES; HARMONIUMS by ALEXANDRE (the LATEST MODELS, and all the NEW MUSICAL PUBLICATIONS.
Are now landed and on view.
A large stock of Pianofortes, returned from hire, will be sold at very low prices, for want of room.
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PIANOFORTE for SALE (Collard and Collard), rosewood, elegant cottage, concert pitch, strong and sound, guaranteed; very cheap, £26; worth £19. READ and CO., 289, George-street, near Hunter-street.

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City Mills, Duncan-street,
off Bathurst-street West.
Superfine silk-dressed Flour, Bran, Pollard, &c. The best qualities at the lowest prices.

VINEGAR, in bulk and bottle

LAW.

SUPREME COURT.—TUESDAY, MAY 11.

SITTINGS FOR CAUSES.

Before CHIEF JUSTICE SIR JAMES MARTIN, Chief Justice, and a Jury.

STOREY V. BORDEN.

Adjourned to this action was Richard Scales, of the ship Lord Liverpool; and the defendant was Mr. [illegible] a merchant carrying on business in Sydney, and lessee of Macquarie Fields. Two days before the death of Mrs. Murphy [illegible] Borden's agent, was made by the ram bottle, and it was discovered at the end of the horse, sealed and handed over to the plaintiff. It was examined by Mr. Watt, Government analyst, and in it was found in the bottle one-fifth of the quantity of the strychnine purchased—two grains out of the ten. The learned Crown Prosecutor pointed to the various cases of the circumstances, that he did not after the death of his wife, for as an assistant man might have done mentioned the circumstance of purchase of the strychnine, and lamented that any one should have been poisoned thereby. Again on the 31st, prisoner produced to the police-officer a powder which he it was believed falsely presented was part of the strychnine purchased at Macarthur's store. Mr. Dalley concluded by asking the jury carefully to consider and weigh the evidence.

The following evidence was called :—

George Willis, farmer, of Back Forest, Shoalhaven, deposed that he knew deceased and her husband, the prisoner at the bar; they had lived together at Back Forest; on the 24th of March witness was at Mrs. Bollen's house, Back Forest; Mrs. Murphy was there at the time; any outside the gate before he went in; it was Mr. Murphy screaming; this caused him to go in; he found her going into a fit; she was cold and rigid; her hands were clenched, teeth set, and body stiff; the legs were still also; the head was thrown back and the body arched; witness caught hold of her by the hands; prisoner tried to open her teeth, and she revived a little; she became convulsed again with the symptoms, only worse; she died after this; he did not see any marks of violence on her face or body.

By Mr. Buchanan: He had known deceased and prisoner for about eighteen years; he never visited them; he could not say that they lived happily together; he never heard of any rows between them; he had not heard them spoken of as an affectionate couple; they were always on good terms when he saw them; he had only once been in the house; prisoner's wife was very intimate with the Bollens; he did not know whether the prisoner was; deceased before her death once said in an affectionate tone, "Send for my husband."

By Mr. Dalley: Between the two fits, deceased said "Send for my husband."

William Murray deposed that he was a farmer at Back Forest; knew both deceased and prisoner; he had known deceased for eight years; on Monday, the 29th of March, he was in Bollen's house between 10 and 11 o'clock, and saw Mrs. Murphy there; when he went in first deceased was in excellent health, working about the house; he went outside the house for a while, and deceased also did so; his attention was attracted by a scream, and he went into the house and saw Mrs. Murphy in a fit. This witness described the convulsions and their effects as mentioned by the first witness.

By Mr. Buchanan: He was not often at the house of the Murphys, but when there prisoner and deceased appeared to be on good terms.

James Bollen deposed that he was a labourer; on Sunday morning, the 28th of March, he left prisoner in his room at the house; about 200 yards from his mother's house; a man named Connolly came up and picked up a bundle which was by him, and prisoner inquired the time; witness went home; Murphy came up, got the bundle, opened it, and he saw that it contained a bottle of gin and a bottle half-full of rum; Murphy, on the Sunday afternoon, left the rum and took home the gin; Mrs. Murphy being sent for, came to take Murphy home; Murphy himself was lying on the sofa on the Sunday afternoon; the rum bottle was put on the sofa where he lay, from the table; there was by Murphy a newspaper, sugar basin, and some papers; he got up, went to the fire, and burnt a piece of white paper, about which he seemed to be very careful; witness still had that that might be a receipt from the store, and he replied that it was nothing; witness then described the arrival of Mrs. Murphy on Monday morning to post; it was when her becoming ill and dying about half an hour after her arrival; he did not see Mrs. Murphy take any rum; the bottle was taken charge of by John Wilson.

By Mr. Buchanan: It was Tim Connolly who found the paper lying drunk; prisoner and witness had more rum out of the bottle; prisoner also had gin later in the day; a man named Sipich Jack also had some rum out of the bottle; the bottle of rum had a glass each out of the bottle; he saw prisoner go to the fire and burn the paper deliberately, stopping till it was all burnt; the paper seemed to be a piece of note-paper, folded up; on the Monday morning Mrs. Murphy consumed half a glass of rum; Murphy went away on the Sunday afternoon, leaving the rum on the table; witness did not know what became of the bottle; Murphy was not near the house again till after his wife's death; the bottle on search being made, was found at the side of the house, and between it and another house; witness had known Murphy and his wife about sixteen years; they were good friends all that time as far as he knew; his mother, Mrs. Bollen, had lent prisoner money, which he had repaid with thanks; he did not know whether Murphy had borne a good character.

By Mr. Dalley: There was no rum taken out of the bottle before Mrs. Murphy took some; he did not know that the rum bottle had not been touched outside by several persons; spoke before this.

The Attorney-General said that he could show that only one person had touched the bottle, namely Mrs. Bollen, and that she had died in consequences.

By Mr. Buchanan: Witness's mother took the rum-bottle off the table in the kitchen and put it in the room; Murphy was then away; Mrs. Murphy came on the Monday morning; when he found his mother dead he found a glass in her room, which had been used by the last night; he believed the bottle which Murphy had left was in his mother's bedroom at 10 o'clock on the Sunday morning when she was dead; at 11 o'clock, after Mrs. Murphy's death, the bottle was found, and it was found empty.

By Mr. Dalley: There was nothing on the table when he saw it in his mother's room, about 10 o'clock on the Monday afternoon.

By Jury: Mrs. Murphy did drink out of the bottle on Sunday afternoon, after the paper was destroyed.

Margaret Coghlan said that she knew Elizabeth Murphy, the wife of prisoner; she was at Mrs. Bollen's on Sunday, the 29th of March, between 8 and 9 o'clock; she saw Mrs. Murphy bring a bottle out of the house; Murphy's sister and some rum into a cup; she said this had been left by her husband for Mrs. Bollen; witness advised Mrs. Murphy not to take it, but she did so, and was dead in half an hour after.

By Mr. Buchanan: She had never heard that prisoner ill-treated deceased; she had heard that they did not live well together.

John Willett, farmer, of Back Forest, said that he was at Mrs. Bollen's on Monday, the 29th of March; he was there in the morning and saw Mrs. Murphy quite well; some time after he saw her in convulsions. In the second at which she died: he went to look for a bottle, in consequence of something he heard, and found the bottle produced at the end of the house; it smelt of rum; he sealed the bottle, which was afterwards handed over to the police.

By Mr. Buchanan: The bottle was not openly exposed, it was under a stool; there was no cork in it; it was produced by their women in London, and was nothing like the bottom of it; prisoner and deceased had four children; he had never known anything against prisoner.

By Jury: It was between 11 and 12 o'clock on Monday morning that he found the bottle.

Senior-constable Thomas Grieves, of Shoalhaven, said that Mrs. Murphy occasionally came to access on Monday; she lay went to Bollen's and saw Mrs. Murphy dead; on Tuesday prisoner was in front of Bollen's house, where the inquest was held; he could not think that police could have been introduced into the rum; he asked him whether he had purchased poison, putting the question three times, and he said it; he said "No;" he asked him whether on Saturday he had purchased poison at Terrace; he said "No;" he then asked him whether he had purchased 6d. worth of strychnine at M'Arthur's store on that day, and he said he was not sure; on the next occasion witness and prisoner did not return to the house until after the wife's death. The Crown had evidence that prisoner was silent for about five minutes, and prisoner did not return to the house until after the wife's death. The Crown had evidence that prisoner was silent for about five minutes, and prisoner did not return to the house until after he

the miners really wanted was to have ten acres without being confined to any specific depth.

Mr. GRIFFEN said, so far as the Braidwood district was concerned, he had heard no desire for an increased area beyond the ten acres at present allowed. He considered that area quite sufficient, and he should not therefore support the present proposition.

Mr. W. BROWN intended to oppose this resolution, for the miners had not asked for this extension. The water-right, in his opinion, gave practically quite sufficient inducement to the miner.

Mr. RENDY, also opposed the resolution, for three reasons:—First, he considered it out of order; second, he disagreed with the principle laid down by Mr. Baker; and, third, because he considered the ten acres sufficient. The only complaint he had heard was that ten acres was too large.

Mr. COPELAND, in reply, said that after the expression of opinion on the part of the Board, he would withdraw the remaining motions of which he had given notice, in the event of the No. 4 being rejected.

The question was then put, and the motion was negatived on the following division:—Ayes, 2—Messrs. Copeland and Baker. Noes, 6—Messrs. Rédey, Griffin, W. Brown, Norman, Morgan, and Dr. C. Browne.

Mr. COPELAND then withdrew the motions Nos. 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10. He moved the last of the series,—"That in the event of the foregoing resolutions, or any of them, being carried, leave be given to the mover to introduce a resolution to give effect thereto."

Mr. DR C. BROWNE moved as an amendment the omission of all the words after the word "that," with a view to the insertion of the following words:—"The extent of a sluicing claim shall be any area not exceeding ten acres. No sluicing claim shall in length exceed three times its breadth. The number of miners receipted to be effectively employed on a sluicing claim shall be two miners for the first two acres, and one miner for each additional two acres contained in the claim." He thought this proposal, with the definition of sluicing they had already adopted, would meet all that was necessary. He had been at first inclined to propose enlarged areas for certain localities but seeing what the evident feeling of the Board was, he came to the conclusion that it was best to adopt the present proposal, and not legislate in any spirit of localism.

Mr. MONOAN seconded the amendment, which he thought would meet the objections which had been raised.

Mr. BAKER had no objection to what was proposed, but did not see why the original motion could not be passed as well.

Mr. GRIFFIN said the Board had adopted three of Mr. Copeland's resolutions, and to reject the last one would be to stultify themselves.

Mr. RENDY would support the amendment, because he did not see the use of the motion of Mr. Copeland.

Mr. COPELAND had no objection to the amendment, though he would prefer to see the sluicing claim not allowed in length to exceed four times, instead of three times its breadth.

The question was then put that the words proposed to be omitted stand part of the question, which was negatived.

Mr. DR C. BROWNE moved the insertion of the words given above.

Mr. MONOAN seconded the motion.

Mr. COPELAND moved the substitution of the word "four" instead of "three." He would also propose that the word "efficiently" should be substituted for "effectively."

Mr. W. BROWN seconded the amendment, which was put and carried.

The resolution as amended was agreed to.

REGULATIONS AS TO OBJECTIONS.

On the motion of Mr. MONOAN, the Board resolved itself into Committee of the Whole for the consideration in detail of the amendments moved by that gentleman in the regulations relating to objections. The amendments, consisting of the addition of a reference to clause 142, to clauses 42, 77, and 87, were agreed to.

The Board having resumed, progress was reported, and the third reading of the amendments was made an order of the day for to-morrow.

The Board adjourned until half-past 10 o'clock on Wednesday.

SYDNEY GRAMMAR SCHOOL ATHLETIC CLUB.

On Saturday last, the Grammar School Athletic Club held their second meeting at the Albert Ground. The head master (Mr. Weigall) was on the ground, and the second master, (Mr. Pratt) was also there. Mr. Bean acted as referee, Messrs. Stephenson and Francis as judges, and Mr. F. W. Gibson again officiated as starter. At twenty minutes to 2 the first warning bell was rung, and at a quarter before 2 five competitors crossed the ground to the 100-yards starting-crease. There could not have been a finer day for athletic sports. The sports themselves were capital; the time in every case being good; and the way in which the events were managed showed that the Grammar School boys were "well up" in athletic rules.

The following is the list of winners:—

100 Yards Flat Race (boys over 16 years).—A. Bowman, 1; A. C. Mansfield, 2; R. M. Bowman, 3. Time, 11¼ seconds.

220 Yards (Handicap), (boys under 15 years).—J. Campbell, 8 yards, 1; W. Moore, 3 yards, 2; F. Wilkinson, scratch, 3. Time, 30½ seconds.

220 Yards Flat Race (all schools' race).—Simpson, New School, 1; A. Sherwin, Grammar School, 2; R. Thompson, Camden College, 3. Time, 28½ seconds. Thompson took the lead for about 2 yards, when Simpson overtook him, and ran right away from every one.

100 Yards Flat Race (boys under 15 years).—V. Moore, 1; F. Wilkinson, 2; J. Campbell, 3. Time, 13½ seconds.

Throwing the Cricket Ball.—R. M. Bowman, 88 yards.

150 Yards Flat Race (no students).—W. C. Wilkinson, 1; A. Tosen, 2; A. Thompson, 3. Time, 16½ seconds.

Committee Cup, 440 Yards Flat Race (Handicap).—H. Dean, 20 yards, 1; A. Sherwin, scratch, 2; H. Lamb, 30 yards, 3. Time, 59½ seconds. Nineteen started for this race, and boys well together all over the finish, when Dean took the lead, and won by about 6 yards. A. Sherwin and H. Lamb ran well for second and third places.

440 Yards Flat Race (for members of S. A. A. C.).—T. Powell, 1; A. R. Tyner, 2; F. Williams, 3. Time, 59½ seconds. Tyner ran well for it, but Powell was too fast for him. We heard it whispered in the pavilion that this race has caused some slight disagreement, the committee of the amateurs thinking it beneath their members to run before their (the committee's) eyes was asked. We hope this rumour is not true, and we are sure the Grammar School pair in this race with the *extreme cordiale*!

120 Yards Hurdle Race (to students).—J. Sherwin, 1; S. Jacobs, 2. Time, 6 minutes 50 seconds.

One Mile (cup presented by Mr. Weigall).—J. Sherwin, 1; F. Wilkinson, 2; W. Wilkinson, 3. Time, 5 minutes 55 seconds.

One Mile (ex-students).—W. Wilkinson, 1; F. Powley, 2. Time, 3 minutes 18 seconds. Wilkinson won this race splendidly, shooting past Powley about the last asphalt of the distance.

120 Yards Hurdle Race.—R. M. Bowman, 1; A. C. Mansfield, 2. Time, 19 seconds. A good race. Bowman and Mansfield took the hurdles together, but in the run in the former won by about a yard.

Pole Vaulting.—R. Dean—height, 9 feet 1 inch.

Mr. Stephenson's Cup; 1 Mile Walking (Handicap).—R. Teece, 100 yards, 1; G. Rayner, 80 yards, 2; R. R. Palmer, 130 yards, 3. Time, 8 minutes 6 seconds. Mr. Justice Palmer as he passed him, but Palmer entered no protest against Teece.

Half-a-Mile (Handicap).—Horse Cup* (presented by Mr. Peake).—A. Sherwin, scratch, 1; O. Herbert, 20 yards, 2. Time, 2 minutes 20 seconds.

120 Yards Hurdle Race (ex-students).—A. Teece, 1; R. Robinson, 2. Teece got a start of a yard before all the rest, but Robinson ran him very close.

120 Yards Flat Race (Handicap).—Dean, 14 yards, 1; G. Gadel, 16 yards, 2. Time, 27 seconds.

Sack Race, 80 yards (students and ex-students).—Cohen, 1; A. Teece, 2. This was run in two divisions, four competitors in each division, the two first to run off afterwards. Hallinan and Cohen were the two in the first division, and Teece and Wilkinson in the second. Towards the finish of the run-off Teece was leading, but instead of taking the rope he tried to jump over it, but at that moment Cohen took the rope and so won.

Consolation Stakes (200 yards).—A. R. Tyner.

Whilst the races were going on, the German band played several choice selections of music. The sports were a decided success, and the club bids fair to beat the Amateurs' Club in the size of its gatherings.

* The Horse Cup means a cup for all boys living in school boarding-houses, and attending the Grammar School.

GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

The following notices appear in the *Government Gazette*, published yesterday.

LEVEE.—His Excellency the Governor will hold a levee, at Government House, on Monday, the 24th instant, at 2 o'clock, p.m.

APPOINTMENTS.—Mr. George Hole to be a Clerk in the Department of the Auditor-General, vice M'Dermid, promoted.—The appointment, to take effect from the 1st of March last. Mr. John Morris to be Blacksmith and Engine-driver of the Nautical School Ship Vernon. Messrs. William Henry Capper, and Major Lackey, to be Clerks in the Department of Lands,—to take effect from the 1st January and 1st February last, respectively. Mr. Edward James King to be a Draftsman in the Clerical Branch of the Department of Mines,—to take effect from the 1st instant. Mr. Obadiah Wilson, Mining Registrar, Queanbeyan, to have Miner's Rights, Business and Mineral Licenses. Mrs. J. M. Synge, Acting Mining Registrar, Lunatic, to issue Miner's Rights, Business and Mineral Licenses. Mr. Henry Edward Wells to be acting Clerk of the Warden's Court and Mining Registrar, at Mudgee, during the absence on leave of Mr. George Leary. CONSULS.—The Queen's Exequatur empowering Mr. Edmund Monsen Paul to act as Consul for Russia, at Sydney, has received her Majesty's signature.

DISTRICT COUNCILS.—A letter has been received from the Warden, certifying the return of the undermentioned gentlemen to serve as members of the District Council of Paterson, viz.:—Messrs. Herbert Hetrington Browne and William Wilde; and that a letter has been received certifying the return of the undermentioned gentlemen to serve as members of the District Council of Maitland, viz.:—Messrs. Richard Cracknell and Carl Frederick Solling, Esqs.

REGISTRATION.—The undermentioned officiating registrars have been registered at this office, for the celebration of marriages:—Roman Catholic Church (diocese of Bathurst): The Rev. Lawrence Bolger, Bourke: the Rev. James O'Donnell, Wentworth; the Rev. Edmund O'Dwyer, Bathurst.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

Department of Mines,
Sydney, 5th May, 1875.

NOTICE TO APPLICANTS FOR GOLD-MINING LEASES.—NOTICE is hereby given, that the undermentioned leases have been forwarded to the Wardens of the districts named for delivery to the lessees, and tenders (inclusive of the rent as set down), if any, and (ask) the delivery of their respective leases forthwith, they will be returned to this department for cancellation.

Lessees who desire to appoint an attorney to execute and take delivery of their lease, can obtain a form of power of attorney on application at the Warden's, or any Mining Registrar's office, or at this department.

If it be so desired, lease can be forwarded for execution and delivery to the clerk of any Warden's Court within the district, or to the department in Sydney.

JOHN LUCAS.

NEW ENGLAND AND CLARENCE MINING DISTRICT.

No.	Names.	Locality.	Area.
216	Frank Stagnatto and others	Ballerino	a. r. p. 3 0 0
231	Joseph Ashford and others	Lunatic	6 1 18
232	Thomas Horton and others	Ditto	6 1 14
233	H. A. Moore and others	Hocorah	3 0 0
234	John Dunn and another	Lunatic	6 1 0
235	Matthew Smith and others	Ditto	6 3 0

HAUNORT AND TAMBAROORA AND UPPER MURRAY DISTRICTS.

1878	Henry Morton and others	Wattle Flat	1 2 35
1810	Samuel M'Connell	Dark Horse Gully	2 0 0
2102	James M'Clymont and others	Limebarbe	10 0 0
2113	R. T. R. Gedon and others	Ditto	10 0 0
2137	H. Mackin and others	Dark Corner	4 1 28
2361	William Campbell and others	Ballock Flat	5 6
2477	John Sneed and others	Ditto	4 2 35
2484	G. St. Lorrett and others	Dark Corner	5 0 0
2601	P. J. Welsh and others	Trunkey Creek	1 3
2540	Samuel Green and another	Ditto	1 2 2
5456	Valentine Dawson and others	Chambers Creek	3 2 33
5430	James Perkins and others	Tambaroora	0 1 27

MUDGEE MINING DISTRICT.

5388	George M'Kay and others	New Leasing Oak Creek	6 0 0
5410	Charles Drew Street	Hargraves	4 0 1
5456	James Warner and others	Gulgong	20 0 0
5458	Donald Macarthur and others	Ditto	6 0 0
5409	Charles Daly and others	Ditto	0 3 38

LACHLAN MINING DIVISION.

72-81	William John Watson	The Marshal Macdonald Reef	6 0 0

TUMUT AND ADELONG MINING DISTRICT.

71-76	Samuel Phillips and others	Adelong Gold-Field	10 0 0
81	Hermann Fisher and others	Ditto	11 1 18
89	S. M. Swift and others	Ditto	3 3 33
72-192	George Fullerton Bradley and others	Black Range	13 0 0

Department of Mines,
Sydney, 5th May, 1876.

NOTICE TO APPLICANTS FOR GOLD-MINING LEASES.—Notice is hereby given, that the undermentioned LEASES has been forwarded to the Warden at Gulgong for delivery to the lessee, and unless the lessee takes delivery of his lease within the time mentioned in notice issued by the Warden, it will be returned to this department for cancellation.

Lessee who desire to appoint an attorney to execute and take delivery of their lease, can obtain a form of power of attorney on application at the Warden's, or any Mining Registrar's office, or at this department.

If it be so desired, lease can be forwarded for execution and delivery to the clerk of any Warden's Court within the district, or to the department in Sydney.

JOHN LUCAS.

MUDGEE MINING DISTRICT.

No. 55, John Sobey, Gulgong, 2 acres.

Department of Public Works,
Sydney, 5th May, 1875.

TENDERS FOR PUBLIC WORKS AND SUPPLIES.—TENDERS are invited for the following Public Works and Supplies. For full particulars see GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, a file of which is kept at every Police-office in the colony.

Tenderers may be in attendance when the Tenders are opened, and the name of the successful Tenderer will be announced, if possible before the duties of the Board have terminated.

No Tender will be taken into consideration unless the terms of the notice are strictly complied with.

The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

Nature of Works and Supplies.	Dates to which Tenders can be received at this office.
Erection of Lock-up at Ilford	
Erection of Post Office, Bathurst	
Erection of Police Buildings at Wallerawang	
Works required on road, Main Southern Road to Adelong	
Contract 1-D, near Smart's	
Works required on road, Gowra to Grenfell	11 o'clock on Tuesday, the 18th instant.
Contract 1-D, Green Springs to Brulla Hill	
2-D Bumbleby Bridge, eastwards	
3-D, 16th Mile Tree to 23rd Mile Tree	
Works required on Lake Cowa Road	
Contract 1-D, Vollmer to Mount-street Church	11 o'clock on Tuesday, the 25th instant.
3-D, opposite Shean Villa, near the Crow's Nest.	
Erection of Court-house, Bourke	
Construction of a Bridge over Money Money Creek, on road Coolac, to Coota-mundra	
Erection of Police Buildings, Hay	
Works required on Road Gundagai to Tumut	11 o'clock on Tuesday, the 25th instant.
1-D Cockamerran Hill	
Erection of a Bridge over Coxjogong Creek, Mudgee Road, at Aaron's Pass	
Construction of a Composite Steam Dredge for the Clarence River	
Erection of Bridge over Saumarez Creek at Rafferty's	11 o'clock on Tuesday, the 1st instant.
Construction of a Bridge over Chambroque Creek, Newton Boyd Road.	
Erection of Railway Passenger Station, Goods Warehouse, Engine Shed, &c., Bathurst	11 o'clock on Tuesday, the 8th June next.

JOHN LACKEY.

General Post Office,
Sydney, 6th May, 1876.

CLOTHING FOR TELEGRAPH MESSENGERS.—TENDERS will be received at this Office up to noon on WEDNESDAY, the 19th May instant, from persons willing to contract for the supply of Telegraph Messengers' Uniforms, in such quantities as may be required from time to time, during the year 1876.

Tenders to state price per suit and to forward samples of material.

Tenders must be addressed to the Secretary to the Post Office, Sydney, and endorsed, "Tender for Telegraph Uniforms."

The stamp duty (if any) on the accepted tender, is to be borne by the successful tenderer.

The Postmaster General does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

Further particulars can be obtained on application to the Superintendent of Telegraphs.

J. P. BURNS.

BUSINESSES FOR SALE.

FOR Private SALE, first-class TANNERY, situated on Southern Coast, close to Sydney steamer communication, containing 6 acres, good buildings, 20 pits, and constant water supply, and in midst of a bark-giving district. Terms and particulars on application to

F. L. BARKER, 130, Pitt-street.

ROYAL HOTEL, GOULBURN.—In consequence of the proprietor retiring from business, he offers for SALE the Goodwill, Stock, and Furniture of the above Hotel, now in full trade, and doing one of the largest businesses in the Southern district, and is the booking-office for Kingsland and Malone's line of Royal Mail coaches to Braidwood, Queanbeyan, and Cooma. The reputation of this hotel being so well known, further comment is quite unnecessary. For particulars apply to the proprietor, JOSEPH JONES; or to J. T. GANNON, Solicitor, Goulburn. Possession given on the 1st day of July, 1875.

CLARENCE RIVER.—For SALE, on liberal terms, A PROFITABLE BUSINESS—STORE and HOTEL, upon freehold. One of the best positions in the district.

Freehold, parish of Ulmarra, with extensive Butchering Establishment and Business.

Farm of fifty-two acres, parish of Ulmarra, very rich brush land, portion 17.

T. DAWSON, Grafton.

A BAKER'S CHANCE.—FOR SALE, a flourishing BUSINESS, in the rising town of Newcastle, together with commodious premises and private residence.

Family affairs making it desirable for the proprietor to remove to another district, he is willing to dispose of his WHOLESALE and RETAIL GENERAL STORE, now doing a very extensive and profitable trade.

Newcastle, being situated on the Darling, has the advantage of weekly communication with Adelaide and Melbourne, and goods can be brought up at very reasonable rates; on the other hand, its position in the centre of splendid pastoral country will ensure an almost unlimited sale of supplies.

A chance like this rarely offers, and an enterprising man cannot fail to realise a fortune.

Intending purchasers are invited to inspect the Stock-in-trade and premises.

17 perches of land, the premises may be leased.

TERMS, LIBERAL.

For further particulars apply to

H. COHEN and CO., Brewarrina; or NELSON BROTHERS, Orange.

AUSTRALIAN BONDED AND FREE STORES.—In consequence of the continued ill-health of the Proprietor of these old-established Bonded and Free Stores, they are now open for SALE. They command both from their position and connection a lucrative and increasing very large share of patronage and favour, and are now only paired with for the above reason. The Stores are nearly full, and may be inspected by intending purchasers. Application is worth the attention of any enterprising party with capital and connection. The proprietor can safely recommend it to the favourable notice of parties wishing to enter into a profitable business. All particulars as to Lease, &c., that may be desired answered, will be afforded on application to

JOHN LEWIS,
Australian Bonded and Free Stores.

FOR SALE, Goodwill and Fixtures of a Boarding House in full profit. Jetwood and Peak, Hunter-st.

FOR SALE, the Fixtures, Stock, and Goodwill of a Confectionery and Fancy Goods BUSINESS in one of the leading suburbs; good connection (established 5 years). Principals only treated with. H.O.W., Gen. Post Office.

HOTELS.—Businesses for SALE, in all parts of city and suburbs. H. VAUGHAN, 149, King-street.

FOR SALE, 3 easy HOTELS, suburbs, price £170, £130. Apply JOSEPH and CO., 145, King-street.

FIRST-CLASS suburban HOTEL for SALE, doing a large business; cheap. BATH and CO., 156, Pitt-st.

AUCTION SALES.

Horses, heavy and light.
Vehicles, Harness, and Saddlery.

GEORGE KISS will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, all loss not specially advertised; and at 12 o'clock, all lots specially advertised.

Regular sales at the Bazaar daily, and at Camperdown any afternoon.

☞ Horses and Vehicles on hire.

8 First-class Horses.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from Thomas M'Mahon, Esq., Camden, to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,

MOSCOW, a grey harness horse
BOSTON, a grey ditto ditto, good matches, accustomed to run together, and will go in saddle
ARCHER, a chestnut horse, first-class hack
Also 6 useful saddle horses.

11 Head of Superior Horses.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from J. K. Lethbridge, Esq., Dunkeld, Forth, to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,

RADNOR, grey gelding, 4 years, broken to saddle
BRUNETTE, brown blood filly, 3 years, broken to saddle
FAIRY, bay pony, broken to saddle
Eight head of broken and unbroken horses.

Phaeton and Harness.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,

A modern-built phaeton, light and roomy, equal to new, being seldom used.
A magnificent set of silver-mounted harness.

Horses, Pagani Cart, and Harness.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from Mr. Cox to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,

Horse, pagani cart and harness. Without reserve.

Bay Gelding.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions to sell by auction, at the BAZAAR, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,

A bay gelding, broken to saddle and harness—an excellent buggy horse.

Pair of Grey Geldings.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,

A pair of grey geldings, perfectly quiet, thoroughly broken to single and double harness; have been driven together without winkers, both good hacks; the larger one broken to ride saddle.

For positive sale.

T. S. CLIBBORN and CO. have received instructions from W. M. Dent, Esq., Carcoar, to offer for sale by auction, at Rennsly's Bazaar, 245, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, May 12, at 11 o'clock,

BAY COLT, 4 years, by Lord of Lisle from Miss Megan, by Ivanhoe (by Waverley, imported) from Electricity.

The colt is a maiden, and was bred by the Hon. E. K. Cox. He is perfectly docile, and is a very promising horse.

Also, on account of the owner,

Very fast TROTTING HORSE, with buggy and harness.

SALES daily at Woollar's Horse Bazaar, Pitt-st., at 11, Horses, carts, buggies, waggons, &c.

GIBSON'S Horse bazaar, opposite School of Arts. Sales daily at 10, horses, buggies, &c.

J. T. MORAN, Auctioneer and General Commission Agent, will hold daily sales, at 11 o'clock, at Woollar's Yards, Pitt-street, of Horses, vehicles, drays, harness, saddles, and every description of property entrusted to him for sale, and hopes, from his experience for the past twenty years, to merit a share of the public patronage. ☞ Horse sales at the Camperdown Yards any afternoon.

Butchers. Butchers.

W. FULLAGAR has received instructions from Mr. E. Williams to sell, at Homebush, on THURSDAY next, at 11 o'clock,

100 prime fat cattle.

Campbell's Hill Sale Yards.

MESSRS. BRUNKER and SPARKE have been instructed by the proprietor to sell by auction, at the Campbell's Hill Sale Yards, West Maitland, on THURSDAY next, 13th instant,

1000 head prime store cattle.

Fat Calves. Fat Calves.

G. M. PITT and SON have received instructions from T. Lewis, Esq., to sell by auction, on THURSDAY next, the 13th instant, at Ellis and Co.'s Yards, at half-past 2 o'clock,

20 very prime fat calves, in lots.

G. M. PITT and SON have received instructions from T. Lewis, Esq., to sell by auction, on THURSDAY next, the 13th instant, at the Homebush Yards, at 11 o'clock,

300 prime fat wethers, in lots per train and 60 lbs.

G. M. PITT and SON have received instructions from James Ryan, Esq., to sell by auction, on THURSDAY next, the 13th instant, at the Homebush Yards, at 11 o'clock,

200 prime fat bullocks, in lots, from Cobb and Co.'s famous Bushinguy station, and the noted COP brand.

G. M. PITT and SON have received instructions from S. Emanuel, Esq., to sell by auction, on THURSDAY next, the 13th instant, at the Homebush Yards, at 11 o'clock,

300 prime fat wethers, in lots, per train.

Butchers. Butchers.

BUTLER and INGLIS will sell by auction, TO-MORROW, Thursday, at their Sale Yards, 293, George-street, at 2 o'clock,

20 head very prime and weighty paddock-fed fat cows, from J. Aiston, Esq., Button Forest.

Butchers. Butchers.

BUTLER and INGLIS will sell by auction, at their Sale Yards, TO-MORROW, Thursday, at 2 o'clock,

100 store pigs, per rail, in lots to suit purchasers.

Butchers. Butchers. Butchers.

G. W. TATE will sell, at his Yards, 86, Sussex-street, THIS DAY, at 10 a.m. sharp,

140 prime fat pigs
40 ditto ditto calves.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN have been instructed to sell by auction, at Waverley, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Wednesday, 12th May, at 11 o'clock,

2 Tissot ponies, as Leona, from Japan.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN have been instructed by F. E. Osborne, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Kyde, Homebush, on THURSDAY, 13th May, at 11 o'clock,

160 head prime fat cattle.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN have been instructed by Hugh Colley, Esq., to sell by auction, at Ellis and Co.'s Yards, on THURSDAY, 13th May, at 2 o'clock,

40 prime fat lambs.

N. W. RAVEN will sell by auction THIS DAY, at Newtown Railway Station, at 4 o'clock sharp—

Blind Wood by the hook (all lengths).

Fat Cattle.

MAIDEN, HILL, and CO. have received instructions from John Ryan Esq., to sell by auction, at the Homebush Yards, on THURSDAY, at 11 o'clock,

200 bullocks, from Cobb and Co.'s famous Bushinguy station.

PURE LEICESTER RAM LAMBS.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

G. F. WANT has received instructions to sell by auction, on a day to be named (if not previously disposed of),

30 LEICESTER RAM LAMBS, out of PEDIGREED EWES, from the flocks of Messrs. Jones and Stokell, the well-known breeders of this class of sheep. The SIRE of these lambs is the imported ram FOLJAMB, one of the FINEST RAMS ever imported into the colonies; he was got by SANDY, winner at the Royal held at Warwick, 4ea by OWSTON, winner of the Royal, held at Lincoln, in 4, by OLD BLENDWERE.

For full particulars, apply to

G. F. WANT, Pastoral Exchange, 273, George-street.

IMPORTED LEICESTER EWES.

G. F. WANT, 273, George-street, has received instructions to sell by auction, on an early date,

80 IMPORTED PURE BRED LEICESTER EWES.

NOTE.—Selling date when fixed will be duly advertised.

PURE-LINCOLN RAMS
PRELIMINARY.

G. F. WANT has received instructions to sell by auction, on an early date,

245 LINCOLN RAMS

These rams are the progeny of imported rams, and have been selected by a competent judge from the Flocks of one of the largest and most successful breeders of Lincolns in Victoria.

NOTE.—Due notice of the date and place of selling will be given in future advertisement.

WEEKLY LEATHER SALE.

MORT and CO. will sell by auction, at their Wool Warehouse, Circular Quay, THIS DAY, Wednesday, at 10 o'clock,

Kip, sole, harness, calf
Bag, tweed, bridle, horse hair, &c.

Weekly Leather Sale.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN will sell by auction, at their Produce Stores, Circular Quay, THIS DAY, Wednesday, 12th May, at 10 o'clock,

Sole, kip, calf, harness, pauliar, &c., leather,
Terms, cash.

Weekly Leather Sale.

MAIDEN, HILL, and CO. will sell by auction, at their Produce Stores, Circular Quay, THIS DAY, Wednesday, the 12th instant, at 10 o'clock,

Kip, sole, calf, yearling, &c.

F. L. BARKER will sell by auction, at his Stores, at 10.30, Leather.

JOHN BRIDGE will sell by auction, at his Produce Store, THIS DAY, at 10, Leather.

New and Second-hand Clothing, Boots, Fancy Goods, &c.

Also, a quantity of Ironmongery, Tools, &c.

ALEXANDER MOORE and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, at the Mart, Pitt-street,

The above.

Unredeemed Pledges.

DUNN and LISTER will sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 204, Pitt-street, THIS DAY,

The unredeemed pledges pawned with Mr. T. Hamilton, of Liverpool-street, Sydney-street, and back, at 11 o'clock sharp; coals and sundries, at 3 o'clock.

Unredeemed Pledges.

DUNN and LISTER will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 204, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, May 20, at 11 o'clock, the whole of the unredeemed pledges pawned with Mr. Samuels, pawnbroker, No. 165, George-street North, on dates as under:—

1874:
October—10th, poncho; 12th, pair blankets; 14th, field glass; 16th, coat; 21st silk dressgloss; 22nd, coat and shirt; 24th, pair opera glasses; 26th, 3 rollers; 27th, 2 coats and vest; 30th, silver watch 15768.
November—4th, 2 pairs trousers, 2 vests and coat, silver watch 7136; 6th, coat and vest; 9th, gold locket; 13th, trousers and vest; 14th, pin and ring; 16th, clock and fan; 23rd, coat, 2 pairs blankets, 6 pieces clothing.
December—1st, gold ring; 2nd coat; 7th, trousers and vest, robe and petticoat; 10th, 2 remnants cloth, greatcoat and vest; 11th, gold geneva watch 25437; 12th, silver geneva watch 17452; 15th, 2 pairs trousers and vest; 16th, shirt; 17th, English concertina; 19th, greatcoat, brooch and earrings, silk dress, pair trousers; 22nd, two hammocks, silver lever watch 22747; 23rd, 3 pieces clothing; 24th, sewing-machine, 2 shirts; 28th, 2 pairs blankets; 29th, trousers and vest; 30th, revolver, silver lever watch 8507; 30th, 2 shirts, silk dressgloss.

1875.
January—4th, shirt and vest, silver lever watch 31858; 5th, 2 pairs earrings and 2 brooches, gold lever watch 18170 and chain; 6th, coat; 7th, 3 pieces clothing; 8th, pair trousers, sextant in case; 9th, 3 pieces clothing, silver verge watch, no number; 11th, quilt, gold ring; 12th, 3 pieces clothing; 16th, gold chain; 18th, great coat, pair blankets; 19th, overcoat, coat; 19th, pair earrings; 20th, 3 vests and pair trousers; 21st, silver lever watch 2951; 23rd, 2 knapsacks, piece clothing; 26th, 2 pairs trousers and vest, 6 pieces clothing, 2 dresses and pair boots; 27th, silver lever watch 11700, draw; 30th, gold chain, 2 dishes, 3 pieces clothing.
February—1st, 4 silver spoons, 1 knife, brooch and earrings, silver geneva watch 40284 and gold chain, coat and trousers; 4th, silver lever watch 1067; 8th, 2 pieces clothing; 9th, silk jacket, sundry pieces clothing, stick, cigar case, and pocket-book, ring and clock, shawl and petticoat; 9th, mole-antique dressgloss, 3 pieces satin and 4 rings; 17th, chest drawers, 3 mattresses, 1 table, 1 stand, 2 pillows, and 2 seats, and various pledges on which 5s and under has been lent.

To Cingalese Beavers and others.

MOLLOY and NEWELL have been instructed by the owner, Mr. J. Carter, to sell by public auction, on the premises, Newtown, on THURSDAY next, the 13th instant, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

The whole of the plant and utensils of trade of a ginger-beer and cordial manufacturer.

Terms at sale.

Boots and Shoes. Boots and Shoes.

Now landing, ex late arrivals.

To Boot and Shoe Dealers and others.

MR. M. MOLONY has received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at his Rooms, No. 239, George-street North, on MONDAY, 17th instant, at 11 o'clock.

The above, now landing as late arrivals.

Terms, liberal, at sale.

THIS DAY, Wednesday, May 12, 1875.

Hayward's Company American CHAIRS,
Ex Litchfield, from New York.

Under instructions from Messrs. R. Towns and Co., on an early day, as soon as landed.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at the stores of Messrs. R. Towns and Co., THIS DAY, May 12th, 1875,

Invoice of Hayward Company's American chairs.

Washington and extra wood, crown, grecian, curved, fancies, dining, cane to, Hayward, New York office, corner wood rocking, cane and large cane, extra, child's wood and low hair stools.

Terms at sale.

Old Building Material.

THIS DAY, 12th instant, at 11 o'clock.

H. VAUGHAN has received instructions to sell by auction, on the building, Castlereagh-street, between Park and Bathurst streets,

Old building materials of deal's and sheds, consisting of about 7000 bricks, timber, slate, iron, roofing, doors, sashes, fencing, &c.

THIS DAY, 12th instant, at 2 o'clock sharp.

STOCK-IN-TRADE OF A FURNITURE DEALER.

UNDER BILL OF SALE.

100 TABLES, Dinette, Kitchen, and Dressing Tables
CHIFFONIERES, COUCHES, Chairs
PICTURES, Clocks, Lamps
BOHEMIAN Glass Lustres, Vases, Toilet, &c.
FANCY GLASS WARE, Ornaments
IRON BEDSTEADS, Palliasses
Spreadnix, Fibre, and Flax Mattresses
Feather, Pole, and Flax PILLOWS and BOLSTERS
CHEST DRAWERS, Carpet, Matting
WASHSTANDS and SETS, Toilet Glasses
Kitchen Utensils, Crockery
COOKING STOVE.
Glass Fittings and Beadries too numerous to mention.

H. VAUGHAN has received instructions from the mortgagee to sell by auction on the premises, No. 372, George-street, opposite the Cathedral,

The above.
Without reserve. Terms, cash.
The whole of the furniture, &c., quite new.

BALMAIN.

THURSDAY, 13th instant, at 11 o'clock.

TO PARTIES FURNISHING, DEALERS, AND OTHERS.

PIANOFORTE, by Auther Evans (nearly new)
Pleasure BOAT—centreboard, carpeted, with sails, awning, and gear, complete, 22 feet long, 7 feet beam.

SUPERIOR and USEFUL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS, comprising

100 TABLES, Dining and other Tables
CHIFFONIERES, Cheffex, Sideboard, Pier Glass
PICTURES, Clocks, Ornaments, Lamps, Carpets, Rugs, Matting
EASY CHAIRS and others
IRON BEDSTEADS and Bedding
CHESTS DRAWERS, Washstands and Sets, Toilet Glasses
Oil-stove, Dressing Tables, Bedroom Furniture
KITCHEN UTENSILS, Cupboard, Safe, Crockery, Tubs and Buckets, and Sundries.

H. VAUGHAN has received instructions to sell by auction, on the premises, Peacock's Point, Balmain,

The above, without reserve.
Terms, cash.

Under Distraint for Rent.

ANDREW ALLAN will sell by auction, on the premises, 25, Alfred-ter., Kent-street, N., cp. Flagstaff, THIS DAY, at 12, Furniture and effects.

To Publicans and others.

ANDREW ALLAN has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Sir William Wallace Hotel, Bathurst-street, on SATURDAY, at 11 o'clock,

The In-fittings, &c. Office—129, King-street.

To Warehousemen, storekeepers, and others.

MR. CHARLES TEAKLE has been instructed to sell by auction, at his Rooms, 7, Wynyard-street, THIS DAY, Wednesday, at 11 o'clock,

51—10lb pairs fancy tweed trousers
52—10s ditto ditto ditto ditto
53—10s ditto ditto ditto ditto
54—10s ditto ditto ditto ditto
55— 28 men's overcoats
57— 20 diagonal suits
58— 40 boy's paletots coats.
Terms at sale.

Colonial Tweeds.

MR. CHARLES TEAKLE has been instructed by the manufacturer to sell by auction, at his Rooms, 7, Wynyard-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,

54 ends colonial tweeds, assorted patterns.
Terms at sale.

To Warehousemen, Drapers, Storekeepers, and others.

MR. CHARLES TEAKLE has been instructed to sell by auction, at his Rooms, Wynyard-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,

1 case Shetland cuffs
1 ditto representative ditto
1 ditto heather ribbed merino hose.
Terms at sale.

To Warehousemen, Drapers, Clothiers, Storekeepers, &c.

THIS DAY, Wednesday.

MR. CHARLES TEAKLE has been instructed to sell by auction, at his Rooms, 7, Wynyard-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,

6 5 case as under:—

44—1 case, 10 honeycomb quilts, 10-4 to 12-4
45—1 ditto, 20 pieces scarlet nanny
46—1 ditto rough browns
264—1 case women's striped hose
103—3 bales hearthrugs
127—1 case tibbet cloth.
To close a consignment from Melbourne.
Terms at sale.

To Warehousemen, Drapers, Clothiers, Storekeepers, and Others.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY.

On Account and Risk of the Shippers.

MR. CHAS. TEAKLE has been instructed to sell by auction at his Rooms, 7, Wynyard-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock punct

AUCTION SALES.

WEDNESDAY, 12th May, 11 a.m.

At the Australian Auction Rooms, Pitt-street.

IMMENSE SALE
by PUBLIC AUCTION
of about
ONE THOUSAND FLOWERING PLANTS, SHRUBS,
and
BULBS,
well established in pots.

A MAGNIFICENT COLLECTION,
comprising—
Camellias, Roses
Azaleas, Climbers
Fuchsias, Begonias
MORETON BAY FIGS
NORFOLK ISLAND PINES,
&c., &c., &c.

To Private Gentlemen and Florists.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB will sell by auction, THIS DAY, 12th May, at 11 a.m.,
FLOWERING PLANTS.
Terms, cash.

THURSDAY, 13th May, at 11 a.m.

At the Australian Auction Rooms, Pitt-street.

UNRESERVED SALE OF FIREWORKS.

SEVEN CASES, each 100 gross
FLOWER POTS
CHINESE TREES
BLUE LIGHTS
STAR ditto
DEVILS
CATHERINE WHEELS
SQUIBS, PRINCE OF WALES FEATHERS
DOUBLE CRACKERS, GOLDEN RAINS.
TEN CASES Rockets, Roman Candles
Jack-in-the-Box, Tourbillions
Mines of Serpents, &c., &c., &c.

SPECIAL TO THE TRADE.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB will sell by auction, on THURSDAY next, 13th May, at 11 a.m.,
The above.
Terms, cash.

Preliminary Notice.

On an early day, of which due notice will appear.

At the Australian Auction Rooms, Pitt-street.

Highly Important and Attractive Sale by Auction of
NINETY CASES OF MAGNIFICENT DRAWING-ROOM, DINING-ROOM, LIBRARY, and BED-ROOM FURNITURE
PIER GLASSES, TOILET GLASSES, FRAME-WORK, &c., &c.
Just landed ex Alexandrovna.

☞ Full particulars of which will duly appear, and Book Catalogues issued to intending purchasers.

To Gentlemen Furnishing, Upholsterers, Cabinetmakers, Storekeepers, Furniture Brokers, and others.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have been favoured with instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, Pitt-street, on an early day, at 11 o'clock,
Ex Alexandrovna,
A shipment of very elegant modern furniture, of a very superior make and finish.
Terms at sale.

HONOLULU SUGAR.
The only Parcel now in the market.
For Positive Sale.
1200 PACKAGES FINEST YELLOW COUNTER AND BRIGHT RATION SUGAR, IN CONVENIENT-SIZED PACKAGES for the Country Trade.

L. E. THRELKELD has received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, George-street, on THURSDAY next, 13th instant, at 11 o'clock,
P —146 packets bright ration sugar
X2—231 ditto rich yellow counter
„ 3— 29 ditto bright counter
R82— 93 ditto bright counter
„ 4— 85 ditto ditto ditto
„ 4— 83 ditto ditto ditto
„ 5—116 ditto rich yellow counter
„ 6— 85 ditto ditto ditto
R81—288 ditto finest bright counter
„ 5—263 ditto ditto ditto
„ 6—148 ditto ditto ditto.
☞ Samples now on view at the Rooms, and buyers can have delivery immediately after the sale.
Terms at sale.

Preliminary.
GILLON'S OILMEN'S STORES.

FOR POSITIVE SALE,
at the City Mart, George-street, on THURSDAY, 13th instant, at 11 o'clock.

L. E. THRELKELD has received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, George-street, on THURSDAY next, 13th instant, at 11 o'clock.
An invoice of Gillon's oilmen's stores.
Full particulars in To-morrow's issue.

17 CASES SAFETY MATCHES
23 CASES SWEDISH TANDSTICKORS.

L. E. THRELKELD has received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, 362, George-street, on THURSDAY, 13th instant, at 11 o'clock,
17 cases, each 30 gross, large safety matches
23 cases Swedish Tandstickor matches.
Terms at sale.

CHOICE CONGOU TEA.

The Balance of the Cargo of the GAZELLE, from Foochow.
FOR POSITIVE UNRESERVED SALE,
UNDER INSTRUCTIONS FROM MESSRS. SCOTT, HENDERSON, AND CO.,
To close the shipment.

IMPORTANT TO GROCERS, STOREKEEPERS, COUNTRY BUYERS, SHIPPERS, and the TRADE GENERALLY.
160 Chests finest Flavoury Congou
300 Half-chests ditto ditto
350 Boxes ditto ditto
40 Quarter-chests finest Scented Orange Pekoe
180 ditto ditto ditto ditto.

L. E. THRELKELD has received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, 362, George-street, on THURSDAY next, the 13th instant, at 11 o'clock,
The balance of the cargo of the Gazelle, from Foochow, consisting of
150 chests finest breakfast congou
300 half-chests ditto ditto
350 boxes ditto ditto
40 quarter-chests finest scented orange pekoe
180 ditto ditto ditto.
The above comprise some of the choicest full-flavoured breakfast congous of the above favourite shipment, the whole of which will be for positive sale, to close out the parcel.
Terms at sale.

FINEST NEW AMERICAN APPLES
KEMP, DAY, and CO.'S LOBSTERS.
Just landed, in splendid condition, and for Positive SALE.
To close the shipment.

L. E. THRELKELD has received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, George-street, on THURSDAY next, the 13th instant, at 11 o'clock,
50 half-barrels finest American dried apples
40 quarter barrels ditto ditto ditto
60 cases Kemp, Day, and Co.'s finest lobsters.
Terms at sale.

ROYAL SNOWDROP CRYSTALS.
For Positive Sale,
at the City Mart, George-street,
on THURSDAY, 13th instant, at 11 o'clock,
comprising the BALANCE of the CARGO OF THE ATHENA, FROM MAURITIUS.

The only Parcel now in the Market.

Highly Important to Grocers, Storekeepers, Gingerbeer Brewers, Country Buyers, and the Trade generally.

L. E. THRELKELD has received instructions from the importers, Messrs. Scott, Henderson, and Co. to sell by auction, at the City Mart, 362, George-street, on THURSDAY next, the 13th instant, at 11 o'clock,
The balance of the cargo of Mauritius sugars ex Athena, consisting of
§ 22—237 packets royal snowdrop crystals
23—178 ditto ditto ditto.
The above small balance comprises the very finest description of snowdrop crystals produced at Mauritius, and will be for absolute unreserved sale, to close the shipment.
Terms at sale.

EASTERN PRODUCE.
RECENTLY LANDED EX ROYAL MAIL STEAMER SOMERSET, FROM JAVA.
FOR POSITIVE SALE.

FINEST NEW BERRY NUTMEGS
CHOICE AMBER DATES
SMALL-FLAKE TAPIOCA
MEDIUM ditto ditto
PEARL SAGO.

L. E. THRELKELD has received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at the City Mart, 362, George-street, on THURSDAY next, the 13th instant, at 11 o'clock,
Just landed ex s.s. Somerset, from Java,
10 cases finest new berry nutmegs
100 mats choice amber dates
8 bags small flake tapioca
9 boxes ditto ditto ditto
8 bags medium-flake ditto
6 boxes ditto ditto ditto
100 boxes, each 56 lbs., pearl sago.
Terms at sale.

WINE and GINGERBEER CORKS.
Important to Wine and Spirit Merchants, Gingerbeer Brewers, and others.

9 Cases, each 26 Gross, Long Wine Corks
5 Bales, each 200, Taper Gingerbeer Corks.

L. E. THRELKELD has received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, George-street, on THURSDAY next, the 13th instant, at 11 o'clock,
9 cases, each 26 gross, long wine corks
5 bales, each 200, taper gingerbeer corks.
Terms at sale.

45 Casks SCROGGIE'S PORTER,
with all faults if any.

L. E. THRELKELD has received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, on THURSDAY, May 13, at 11 o'clock,
45 casks Scroggie's porter,
with all faults if any.
Terms cash.

3 Quarter-casks PORT WINE.

L. E. THRELKELD has received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, on THURSDAY, May 13, at 11 o'clock,
3 quarter-casks port wine, duty paid.
Terms at sale.

PRIME BAVARIAN HOPS.

NOW LANDING EX MACEDON, IN FINE CONDITION.
TO BREWERS, GROCERS, STOREKEEPERS, AND OTHERS.

L. E. THRELKELD has received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at the City Mart, TO-MORROW, Thursday, 13th instant, at 11 o'clock,
6 packets prime Bavarian hops.
Terms at sale.

RED BALTIC DEALS, 3 x 9.
The only parcel now in Importers' hands in the market.

FOR POSITIVE SALE,
UNDER INSTRUCTIONS FROM MESSRS. LONIDER, MARWOOD, AND ROME.
Now landed on Campbell's Wharf.

TO TIMBER MERCHANTS, BUILDERS, CONTRACTORS and the TRADE GENERALLY.

L. E. THRELKELD has received instructions from the Importers to sell by auction, on Campbell's Wharf, on THURSDAY AFTERNOON, the 13th instant, at 3 o'clock
Ex YOSEMITE,
447 red Baltic deals, 3 x 9, 17 to 25 feet.
Terms at sale.

THE ENTIRE CARGO of the OCTOROON, just arrived from the Richmond River.

FOR POSITIVE SALE.
At the Market Wharf, TUESDAY AFTERNOON, 18th instant, at 3 o'clock.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT to TIMBER MERCHANTS, BUILDERS, CONTRACTORS, SHIPPERS, and the Trade generally.

The Cargo comprises
T. and G. DRESSED INCH BOARDS
INCH CLEAR BOARDS
HALF-INCH BOARDS.

L. E. THRELKELD has received instructions from Messrs. E. Carter and Co. to sell by auction, at the Market Wharf, on TUESDAY AFTERNOON, the 18th instant, at 3 o'clock,
The entire cargo of choice selected Richmond River pine, just arrived ex Octoroon, comprising
3191 pieces 6 x 1 T. and G. flooring boards
151 ditto 16 x 1 inch undressed boards
125 ditto 14 x 1 ditto ditto ditto
225 ditto 12 x 1 ditto ditto ditto
65 ditto 8 x 1 and 6 x 1 ditto ditto
151 ditto half-inch boards
21 ditto wide plank, 18 x 1 to 32 x 1
178 ditto 4 x 3 ditto
369 ditto 2½ x 1 battens.
Terms at sale.

SUPERIOR ENGLISH-MADE FURNITURE.

FOR POSITIVE SALE.

At the City Mart, George-street.

FRIDAY, 21st instant,
at 11 o'clock.

Under instructions from the importers, Messrs. Edward Chapman and Co.

31 CASES VERY CHOICE ENGLISH FURNITURE, just landed,
ex ALEXANDROVNA,
from the well-known MANUFACTURERS, Maple and Co., Tottenham, Court Road, London.

Highly important to FURNITURE WAREHOUSEMEN, PARTIES FURNISHING, and the TRADE generally.

L. E. THRELKELD has received instructions from Messrs. Edward Chapman and Co. to sell by auction, at the City Mart, 362, George-street, on FRIDAY, the 21st instant, at 11 o'clock, the following choice shipment of English-made furniture, comprising—
Elegant walnut drawing-room suite, in crimson satin silk
Walnut occasional tables
Ditto corner whatnots
Ditto occasional card tables
Ditto oval tables
Ditto loo tables
Ditto Canterbury whatnots
6 feet 6 walnut-winged wardrobe, plate glass, door-fitted drawers, trays, &c.
Walnut chest drawers
4 feet walnut wood dressing tables and glass
4 feet ditto washstand to match
Superb oak-enclosed sideboard and handsome plate-glass back and doors
Three-tier oak dinner waggon
Oak couch covered in best dull green morocco
Gentlemen's easy chair to match
Ladies' ditto ditto ditto
Oak stuffed back chairs, on castors
Oak pedestal writing table
Oak book-case, plate glass doors
Oak easy chair, morocco
Eugene easy chairs, in cretonne
Anne ditto, ditto
Bass ditto, ditto
Prince of Wales ditto, ditto
Caroline ditto, ditto
Vienna ditto, ditto
Best gilt girandoles, with 2 and 3 lights
Gilt brackets
Cane-seat chairs
Oak butlers trays and stands
Wall screens
&c., &c., &c.

☞ The auctioneer is desirous of inviting special attention to the above shipment of superior English furniture, which will be on view at the City Mart, two days prior to sale.
* Catalogues in course of preparation.
Terms at sale.

Allotments of Land, Erskineville, Newtown, Municipality of Macdonald Town.
Near the residence of J. Gordon, Esq.

W. PRITCHARD will sell by auction, on the Ground, on SATURDAY, 15th instant, at 3 o'clock,
1 allotment land, 45 feet, Pleasant-street
3 ditto ditto, having two frontages of 45 feet each to Prospect-street and Pleasant-street
2 ditto ditto, George-street.
No reserve. Terms at sale.

Four-roomed Cottage and Land, Marrickville.

W. PRITCHARD has received instructions from Mr. J. Eagle to sell by auction, on the Ground, on SATURDAY, the 22nd instant, at half-past 3 o'clock sharp,
Four-roomed cottage, with 1 acre 16 perches of land, Victoria-street, Marrickville.
Together with sufficient bricks to build another house.
Title—Torrens' Act. Terms, cash.

MULLOON COPPER MINE, PLANT, AND MACHINERY.

By order of the Mortgagee.

W. PRITCHARD has received instructions from the mortgagee to sell by public auction, at the Sydney Exchange, THIS DAY, the 12th May, at 11 a.m.,
The whole of the machinery and mining plant, together with 55 tons copper ore, and lease of 270 acres of land, more or less, held on lease at £20 per annum, and having 15 years to run from the 12th October, next.
The machinery and plant consists of a new steam-engine and boiler (never started), 16-horse power; ore crushing and dressing machines, two smelting furnaces, horses, carts, horse-power chaff-cutter, winches, blocks, chains, winding-gear, brick press, mining tools, stores, smiths' tools, timber, iron, steel, firewood, &c., &c., a catalogue of which, together with the lease of property, can be inspected at the office of the auctioneer, 143, Pitt-street, Sydney.
This mine is well worth the attention of copper miners, as a number of shafts are already sunk, and the whole of the necessary plant on the ground (pumps excepted); and although very little copper has as yet been produced, the mine shows strong indications of being a very rich one. Its sale has become necessary owing to the unwillingness of the shareholders to pay calls and the inability of the directors to compel payment. It will be sold absolutely to the highest bidder, at the abovementioned time and place.
Terms—25 per cent. deposit, the balance on assignment of lease, within two weeks from date of sale.

Comfortable Dwelling-House.
Botany Road, Waterloo.

W. PRITCHARD will sell by auction, on the ground, on MONDAY, the 17th instant, at 3 o'clock.
A comfortable 7-roomed house, cellar, &c., substantially built of brick, on stone foundations, situated on the Botany Road, four doors north of Raglan-street.
Title—Leasehold, 79 years to run.
Terms, cash. No reserve.

Allotments of Land, Marrickville,
near the residence of S. Cook, Esq.

W. PRITCHARD will sell by auction, on the Ground, corner of Victoria Road and Cook-street, on SATURDAY, 22nd instant, at 3 o'clock, 3 allotments of land.
Title—Torrens' Act. Terms, cash.

To Speculators and others.

VILLA SITES, PARRAMATTA ROAD.
36 choice Allotments, the cream of Petersham.

To be sold by Auction, on the Ground, on WEDNESDAY, the 19th instant, at 3 o'clock.

W. PRITCHARD, in offering this 10-acre block of land, invites the attention of buyers to the following facts:—
There is not another block of land available for the market at the present time equal to it, either for position, elevation, or drainage.
The subdivision has been made with a view to attract the attention of a respectable class of buyers. The Parramatta Road lots, which are particularly adapted for business sites, have frontages of from 40 to 48 feet each, by a depth of 220 feet to Short-street. The remainder of the lots have mostly two frontages of 66 feet each, and are admirably adapted for villa residences. White's Creek, which bounds the property on the east, has a never-failing stream of water constantly running, which most effectually drains the whole of the lots, which is a great advantage in securing land for private residences.
Every lot offered will be positively sold to the highest bidder.
The title is unquestionable, and the vendors will furnish buyers with abstract and title deed free of cost.
Terms, most liberal.
Lithograph plans are now ready, and each lot is pegged out.
Omnibuses will leave the office of the Auctioneer, 143, Pitt-street, at 2 o'clock on day of sale, to convey intending buyers to the Ground. The Company's omnibuses leave every half-hour.

BURWOOD NORTH.

19 Acres 3 Roods CHOICE LAND
8 Acres 3 Roods 21 Perches ditto ditto
5 Acres ditto ditto.

BOWDEN, MILLS, and GORDON are instructed by the mortgagee to sell by auction, at the Land Sale Rooms, 154, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, the 13th of May, at half-past 11 o'clock prompt,
Lot 1.—A BLOCK OF LAND, containing 19 acres 3 roods, numbered 80 and 81 on the Government plan, separated by a creek from Mr. Murphy's orchard and residence.
The whole is FENCED IN, 12 acres CLEARED and been CULTIVATED; the remainder lightly timbered.
A SMALL COTTAGE and some minor erections on the land, and a water tank, 12 x 14.
The ROAD is 100 feet wide, and the FRONTAGE to it 1140 feet; POSITION ELEVATED, and suitable for the erection of country villas.
Lot 2.—A block of 8 acres, 3 roods, 21 perches, numbered 84 and 85 on the Government plan, having a frontage to one road 100 feet wide of 800 feet, and to a second road of the same width 1288 feet.
This block is opposite Mr. Ramsay's residence and orchard.
Lot 3.—5 acres of GOOD LAND, WELL-TIMBERED, opposite Mr. Brown's orchard, bounded west by Mr. Bray's 10 acres, and east by Mr. Kingcott's 5 acres.

These blocks are known in the neighbourhood as LAWRENCE MORAN'S.
Plan on view at the Rooms.

DARLING DOWNS, QUEENSLAND.

WARRA WARRA STATION.
30,000 SHEEP.

G. F. WANT has received instructions from the proprietors to sell by auction, in order to close partnership accounts, on WEDNESDAY, 23rd June 1875, (if not previously disposed of), at 11 o'clock, at the Hall of Commerce, The Exchange, Sydney, The well-known station,
WARRA WARRA,
situated on the Darling Downs proper, adjoining the celebrated Jimbour Run, and containing three (3) blocks of country as undermentioned—

	Available Area.	Rent.
WARRA WARRA	.. 70 square miles	.. £161 15 0
BRAEMAR FOREST	.. 35 „ „	.. 38 10 0
KOGAN CREEK	.. 47 „ „	.. 51 14 0
Total ..	.. 151 „ „	.. £251 19 0

Also about
15,000 ACRES OF PURCHASED LAND, principally black soil plains. TITLE under the REAL PROPERTY ACT. This land is the pick of the station, and is subdivided into convenient paddocks.
The purchaser is entitled to a PRE-EMPTIVE of 2560 ACRES on each block.
With the above will also be sold
30,000 SHEEP, more or less.
THESE SHEEP are large-framed and well-woolled, and were bred on the station.
THE BREEDING EWES number between 10,000 and 11,000, and will commence lambing about the end of July next.
The GT over Warra Warra brand commands a high price in the English market.
The WOOLSHED, WASHPOOL, FENCING, &c., are all of the best description. The HOMESTEAD is commodious and well-built, situated on the bank of a magnificent and never-failing lagoon, surrounded by a beautiful garden and fruitful orchard, and is within 30 miles of the Dalby Railway Terminus.
TERMS:—One-half cash, bal nce by equal bills at 1, 2, and 3 years, secured on the property, bearing 7 per cent. interest.
For further particulars, apply to G. F. WANT, 273, George-street, Sydney: or to G. F. WANT and CO., Queen-street, Brisbane.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

Important sale of
CITY AND SUBURBAN FREEHOLDS.

In the Estate of the late
Mr. THOMAS GREENWAY.

TITLES—Unquestionable. TERMS at Sale.

RAYNES, TREEVE, and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at Mort's Rooms, Pitt-street, at an early date, due notice of which will be given.
These sterling City and Suburban Properties, situate as under:—
LOT 1.—No. 59, OXFORD-STREET (late South Head Road), being the shop and dwelling-house now in the occupation of Mrs. Gollately.
LOT 2.—No. 61, OXFORD-STREET, adjoining LOT 1, being the shop and dwelling-house now in the occupation of Mr. Austin.
LOT 3.—No. 100, OXFORD-STREET (late South Head Road), being the shop and dwelling now in the occupation of Mr. Maloney
LOT 4.—The OXFORD INN, at the corner of Oxford and Crown streets, now in the occupation of Mr. Kain.
LOT 5.—Shop and Dwelling-house, situated in CLEVELAND-STREET, opposite St. Paul's school, and close to Botany Road, now in the occupation of Mr. Wray.
LOT 6.—Shop and Dwelling-house in CLEVELAND-STREET, adjoining Lot 5, now in the occupation of Mr. Doodson.
☞ The special attention of Capitalists and others on the look-out for STERLING INVESTMENTS, is directed to this important sale, which from the nature of the instructions will be peremptory.

WEDNESDAY, 12TH MAY.

AUCTION SALE of FREEHOLD and LEASEHOLD Properties, at MORT'S ROOMS, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock,
THIS DAY, 12th May.

GLEBE.	Block of land with 26 feet frontage to CAMPBELL-STREET, a few yards off the Glebe Road. "Subject to a ground rent of one shilling per annum.
SURRY HILLS, Steel-street.	Three 2-story Brick Houses, Steel-street, and 2 houses at rear.
Good Hope Estate, Glenmore Road.	Five valuable allotments of land, having large frontage to the Glenmore Road and Good Hope-street, with good depths.

RAYNES, TREEVE, and CO.

POSITIVE SALE.

These FIVE valuable Allotments, situate on the GLENMORE ROAD and GOOD HOPE-STREET, being Lots 6, 7, 10, 20, and 21, of the GOOD HOPE ESTATE.

TITLE unquestionable. TERMS at Sale.

RAYNES, TREEVE, and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at Mort's Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock,
THIS DAY, 12th May,
Those five choice allotments, lots 5, 6, 7, 55 and 56, being part of the subdivision of the GOOD HOPE ESTATE, having respectively the following frontages and depths:—
LOTS 6 and 7.—33 feet each, more or less, frontage to the GLENMORE ROAD, by a depth of 130 feet.
LOTS 10, 20, 21, having respectively 50, 33, and 33 feet, more or less, frontage to GOOD HOPE-STREET, by a depth of 74, 107, and 140 feet.

☞ These are eligibly situated allotments, in a rising locality, and the instructions for sale being most positive, are well worth the attention of any one on the lookout for building sites.

SURRY HILLS.

THREE 2-STORY BRICK HOUSES, STEEL-STREET, and 2 HOUSES at the rear.

TITLE.—Apply to A. ASHDOWN, Esq., Solicitor, Mort's-buildings, Pitt-street.

Terms at sale.

RAYNES, TREEVE, and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at Mort's Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock,
THIS DAY, 12th May,
THREE 2-STORY HOUSES, situate in STEEL-STREET, SURRY HILLS, close to Devonshire-street, known as Nos. 5, 7, and 9, each containing 4 rooms, &c., cemented fronts and shingled roofs; and 2 Houses, situate at the rear, built of brick, shingled, each containing 2 rooms, &c.

☞ The attention of capitalists is directed to this sale, as affording the means of buying to great advantage a really snug freehold, in one of the most convenient localities in the city. The houses have a remarkably neat appearance, and are well and substantially built.

GLEBE.

BLOCK OF LAND, having 26 feet frontage to CAMPBELL-STREET, a few yards off the Glebe Road.

TITLE—The residue of a 99 years' lease, subject to an annual rent of one shilling.

RAYNES, TREEVE, and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at Mort's Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock,
THIS DAY, 12th May.
The above valuable block of land.

FOR PEREMPTORY SALE.

By Order of the Trustees of an Estate.

CAPITAL PERMANENT INVESTMENT.

DOUBLE BAY,
TWO SEMI-DETACHED SUBSTANTIAL RESIDENCES, very favourably situated at the Junction of Edward and Henrietta streets, together with nearly ONE ACRE OF GROUND, overlooking Double Bay. A large area of the land still unoccupied.

TITLE.—Lease, upwards of 80 years to run; ground rent, £20 per annum.

FRIDAY, 14th MAY.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

ON FRIDAY NEXT.

THAT SUPERIOR commodious family residence
OAKLANDS,
MITTAGONG RAILWAY STATION,
together with 600 ACRES of good AGRICULTURAL and GRAZING LAND, highly improved and subdivided into convenient paddocks, will be absolutely sold
on FRIDAY next.
Also, 2400 ACRES of Grazing Land in paddocks adjoining.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

HAYMARKET.

WELL-SITUATED and VERY VALUABLE corner CITY BUILDING SITE in HAY and DICKSON STREETS, a few yards from GEORGE-STREET, lately occupied by Mr. J. Hardman, as an Engineering Establishment.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 14th May, at 11 o'clock,
All that CORNER building site, having the following frontages—
30 FEET to DICKSON-STREET
77½ FEET to HAY-STREET
20½ FEET to a LANE,
being portion of block A 5, of the DICKSON'S MILL ESTATE.

☞ This is the only building land now to be obtained in this rapidly improving and popular part of the city. The position is good, being on the main business thoroughfare leading from George-street to the Circular Wharf now erected on Darling Harbour; and the site is admirably adapted for a first-class hotel or other business premises.
Plan at the Rooms. Terms at sale.

OLD MILL ESTATE, DARLINGHURST.

CITY BUILDING ALLOTMENT, being Lot 34 of the subdivision of the OLD MILL ESTATE, having 16 feet frontage to DARLINGHURST-STREET, adjoining VENTOR-TERRACE, the property of J. Powell, Esq., with a depth of 72 feet extending to a lane at the rear.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 14th May, at 11 o'clock,
The above-described allotment, in Darlinghurst-street, off Surry-street.
Title, Torrens' Act. Plan at the Rooms.

IMPORTANT COUNTRY ESTATE.

OAKLANDS, MITTAGONG,
a Superior AGRICULTURAL AND GRAZING ESTATE, containing about 3000 ACRES, together with first-class commodious FAMILY MANSION, about half a mile from the
MITTAGONG RAILWAY STATION.

In one or two lots to suit purchasers.

LOT 1.—That first-class country mansion, OAKLANDS, containing about 20 apartments, together with numerous and extensive out-offices, including stabling and every necessary convenience for a gentleman's country seat. With these premises will be sold 600 ACRES OF LAND, extending from the railway to the old Bong Bong land, divided into paddocks, orchard, garden, ornamental grounds, &c.

☞ This property is on the Main Southern Road, a few minutes' walk from the Mittagong Railway Station. The premises are in first-class order, and finished throughout in good style. The position—about 2000 feet above the sea level—ensures a fine cool temperature throughout the year, and a climate unequalled in the colonies for salubrity.

OAKLANDS
is well adapted for either a gentleman's country residence or for a sanatorium, combining a private family hotel.

LOT 2.—2400 ACRES of good agricultural and grazing land adjoining lot 1, and extending to Bowral, divided into well-fenced paddocks, within easy access of Sydney, suitable for a stock depot, or for breeding and fattening purposes.

Further particulars may be obtained on application at the Rooms, Pitt-street, or to Messrs. JOHNSON and ALLDRITT, 235, George-street.

TITLE, TORRENS'S ACT.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 14th May, at 11 o'clock,
The above well-known country estate.
Plan at the Rooms.
Terms at sale.

PEREMPTORY SALE.

By Order of the Trustees of an Estate.

CAPITAL PERMANENT INVESTMENT.

DOUBLE BAY,
TWO SEMI-DETACHED SUBSTANTIAL RESIDENCES, very favourably situated at the junction of Edward and Henrietta streets, together with nearly ONE ACRE OF GROUND overlooking Double Bay. A large area of the land still unoccupied.

TITLE.—Leases upwards of 80 years to run; ground rent, £20 per annum.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 14th May, at 11 o'clock,
All that block of land having the following frontages:—
168 FEET to EDWARD-STREET,
203 FEET to HENRIETTA-STREET,
upon portion of which is erected TWO FAITHFULLY BUILT SEMI-DETACHED VILLA RESIDENCES, containing each 6 rooms, kitchen, and servant's room, with small tastefully laid out garden in front, and large yard, paddock, &c., at the rear.
Immediate possession, if required.

☞ The site of the above was an early selection, and is acknowledged to be unsurpassed for the beauty and extent of its harbour views, and for the healthy elevation of the locality. The premises are carefully arranged, provided with abundance of water, and fitted with every family convenience and comfort. Inspection is invited and special attention directed to the sale which the auctioneers are instructed by the trustees to state, will be absolute.
Plan on view at the Rooms.
Terms at sale.

CAPITAL CITY INVESTMENT.

TERRACE OF SEVEN DWELLING-HOUSES, Nos. 4 to 16, DOWLING-STREET, SURRY HILLS, a few feet South of OXFORD-STREET.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 14th May, at 11 o'clock,
All that BLOCK of LAND having 121 FEET FRONTAGE to DOWLING-STREET, Surry Hills, south of Oxford-street, upon portion of which are those SEVEN BRICK-BUILT DWELLINGS, Nos. 4 to 16, Dowling-street, containing each bacony, 3 rooms, with yards drained to the sewer at the rear; water laid on.

☞ This is a well-situated city investment, in a populous and much sought-after locality, close to Oxford-street and Moore Park. Portion of the land is still unoccupied and available for building purposes.
Terms at sale.

CROWN-STREET, near BURTON-STREET.

TWO-STORY well-finished DWELLING-HOUSE, No. 209, CROWN-STREET, a few yards north of OXFORD-STREET, and DWELLING-HOUSE, No. 16, BURTON-LANE, at the rear.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 14th MAY, at 11 o'clock,
ALL THAT piece of land, having 16 FEET frontage to CROWN-STREET and 16 feet to BURTON-LANE, with a depth of 102 FEET, upon which are the following:—
No. 209, CROWN-STREET, a substantially erected brick two-story dwelling-house, on stone foundation, containing balcony, hall, 4 rooms, and kitchen, with yard, &c., at the rear.
No. 16, Burton-lane, a neat two-story brick dwelling-house, on stone foundation, containing 2 rooms and large kitchen, yard, &c., at the rear.
The city water is laid on, and the property is thoroughly drained to the sewer.
Rental, £1 4s per week, or £62 8s per annum.

* A very desirable small city investment, well situated in the elevated part of Woolloomooloo. The houses are in perfect order, having only very recently been erected, and the internal fittings are principally of varnished cedar.
Plan at the Rooms. Terms at sale.

TO MECHANICS, BOATMEN, and SMALL CAPITALISTS.

JENKINS-STREET, opposite GAS WHARF.

Comfortable brick-built two-story House in JENKINS-STREET, nearly adjoining the GRAFTON WHARF.

TITLE UNQUESTIONABLE. Messrs. ELLIS and MAKINSON, Solicitors, Elizabeth-street.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from Mr. W. COATES to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 21st May, at 11 o'clock,
All that piece of land situated on the east side of JENKINS-STREET, a few feet south of GAS-LANE, and having a frontage of about 20 FEET, upon which is erected a TWO-STOREY DWELLING HOUSE, substantially built of brick on stone foundation, and containing balcony five rooms, and kitchen, with yard, water laid on, &c.

☞ The above property is well situated, overlooking Darling Harbour, and being near the wharfs and shipping is admirably adapted as a residence for those whose occupation requires them to reside in this locality.
Terms at sale

IMPERATIVE SALE.

HOCKLEY'S improved FARM and Homestead, PUNCH-BOWL ROAD, about 3 miles beyond the ENFIELD CHURCH.

TITLE UNQUESTIONABLE: Messrs. PIGOTT and TRICKETT, Solicitors, King-street.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street,
On FRIDAY, 21st MAY, at 11 o'clock,
ALL THAT block of land containing an area of 25 ACRES, and having a large frontage to the PUNCH BOWL ROAD. It is securely enclosed and partly cleared, and under cultivation. The other improvements comprise a SUBSTANTIALLY built STONE COTTAGE RESIDENCE, containing hall, 4 rooms, attic and kitchen, with out-offices, barn, stable, &c., abundance of water from 2 wells on the property.

☞ This is a very desirable well situated and highly improved Homestead and small farm. The land is good and yields very profitable crops of cotton hay, and other salable produce. The position is very convenient and of easy access, being only 40 minutes walk from the BURWOOD RAILWAY STATION, and a good road the whole distance.
Plan at the Rooms. Terms at sale.

By order of the Executors of the Will of the late
WILLIAM BOWMAN, Esq.

DENHAM ESTATE,
SUBURBS OF PARRAMATTA.
336 ACRES, near the PARRAMATTA JUNCTION, extending from the Railway line to the Liverpool and Cowpasture Road. This land has been subdivided into lots, from 5 to 10 acres each, but in such a manner that larger areas can be secured if desired.

BOWENFELS.
2700 ACRES of Land on Cox's River, between Bowenfels and Hartley, close to the former town, and adjoining the properties of Mr. Corderoy and others. This is a capital block of grazing land, with easy access to Sydney or Bathurst, and is supposed to be rich in coal and minerals.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, Sydney, on an early date,
The above valuable freehold land, fuller particulars of which will appear in a future advertisement.
Plan on view at the Rooms.
Terms at sale.

SUBURBAN FREEHOLD LANDS.

NORTH SHORE.
3 ACRES and 20 PERCHES, adjoining the WATER RESERVE, west of the WILLOUGHBY FALLS.
5 ACRES and 18 PERCHES, fronting the waters of LONG BAY, north of Willoughby Falls.

MANLY COVE.
9 ACRES on the road from Middle Harbour to Pearce's, Rodborough Estate, about 3 miles from Manly Beach
24 ACRES, divided by a road from Pearce's, Rodborough Estate
25 ACRES and 32 PERCHES, close to Pearce's, Rodborough Estate.

CANTERBURY.
4 ACRES 2 ROODS and 22 PERCHES on the CANTERBURY ROAD, near Prout's Bridge.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 21st May, at 11 o'clock,
The above-described blocks of land.

OXFORD-STREET.

SEVEN VALUABLE and FAVOURABLY situated BUILDING SITES, each having 20 FEET frontage to OXFORD-STREET, with a depth of about 70 FEET, extending to a lane at the rear.
These sites are well-situated in an improving part of this main thoroughfare, immediately opposite the SACRED HEART CHURCH, and a few feet west of DOWLING-STREET.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from Mr. JAMES M'CLELLAND to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 14th May, at 11 o'clock,
The above-described seven building sites.
Plan of subdivision on view at the Rooms.
Title, Torrens' Act.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

WELLINGTON DISTRICT.

BURDENDA STATION,
BOGAN RIVER,
with 12,000 mixed SHEEP, more or less.

OBELLA STATION,
LITTLE RIVER,
with 8000 mixed SHEEP, more or less
200 head CATTLE, ditto ditto.

Terms: One-half cash on the fall of the hammer, residue at twelve and twenty-four months, bearing interest at seven per cent., secured on the stations and stock.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN have received instructions from Messrs. Hunt and Crawford to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, Bell's-chambers, Pitt-street, Sydney, on WEDNESDAY, 26th May, 1875, at 12 o'clock,
Those magnificent Fattening Stations so favourably known in the Western Districts.
BURDENDA
only 75 miles from Obella, consisting of the following blocks of country, viz.,
BURDENDA — CADILDARY
BUGABADAH — TABRATONG
situated on and having a frontage, of about 17½ miles to the BOGAN RIVER, and having an estimated area of 60,000 acres. There are several fine COWELLS on the run, which is considered one of the BEST WATERED and FATTENING RUNS in the Western Districts.
With this really choice run will be sold
12,000 mixed SHEEP, more or less.
(Classification will appear in a few days.)
The COUNTRY is chiefly MYALL, SALTBUSH, Yarran, and Bolah Plains, with herbage and grasses of the richest fattening description.
The IMPROVEMENTS consist of comfortable 6-roomed cottage of sawn slabs, shingled; stock and drafting yards, several out-stations; 4, 80, and 180 acre paddocks, &c., &c.
This station is so widely known as the very cream of this beautiful district, that comment from us is superfluous.
OBELA and
CHAIN OF PONDS,
only 75 miles from

FUNERALS.

THE FRIENDS of Mr [illegible] are invited to attend the Funeral of EDWARD CONN, Jun., DAUGHTER, Mary [illegible] the Funeral of his deceased Hotel, George-street [illegible]; to move from Craig's Railway past 9 o'clock, to [illegible]outh, THIS MORNING, at quarter- Undertaker, 21 [illegible] Newtown Cemetery. W. J. DIXON, THE F[illegible] Oxford-street; 121, York-street.

THE F[illegible]RIENDS of Mr. JOHN BATMAN are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his deceased WIFE Jane; to move from his residence, [illegible] Kent-street, THIS DAY, at quarter past 12, and proceed by special steamer from King-st. Wharf at 1, to Ryde Cemetery. THOMAS, Undertaker, 141, York-street.

THE FRIENDS of Captain GEORGE WEBSTER are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his deceased Mother-in-law, Mrs. JANE BATMAN; to move from her late residence, 366, Kent-street, THIS DAY, at a quarter-past 12 o'clock, and proceed by special steamer at 1 o'clock to Ryde Cemetery. THOMAS, 141, York-st.

THE FRIENDS of Mrs. JANE MILLER are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of her deceased beloved HUSBAND, Mr. James Miller; to move from his late residence, 7, John-street, Pyrmont, THIS AFTERNOON, at half-past 2 o'clock, to Balmain Cemetery THOMAS, Undertaker, 141, York-street.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. JOHN MILLER, boilermaker, are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his deceased beloved FATHER, Mr. James Miller; to move from his late residence, 7, John-street, Pyrmont, THIS AFTERNOON, at half-past 2 o'clock, to Balmain Cemetery. THOMAS, Undertaker, 141, York-street.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. DENIS ALFONSO, Carpenter, are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved youngest SON, William Henry; to move from his residence, Botany Road, near Marian-street, Redfern, THIS (Wednesday) AFTERNOON, at half-past 2 o'clock, for the Necropolis. SHYING and CO.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. JOHN LOTT, mounted trooper, are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved WIFE, Harriet; to move from her late residence, Paddington, opposite Barracks, THIS AFTERNOON, at half-past 2 o'clock, to Necropolis. C. KINSELA and SONS, 118, Oxford-street; and George-street.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. JOSEPH BOSWORTH are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved DAUGHTER, Maud; to move from his residence, No. 12, Charles-street, Hyde Park, TO-MORROW (Thursday) MORNING, at half-past 8 o'clock, to Necropolis. C. KINSELA and SONS, George-street.

THE FRIENDS of the late Mr. SAMUEL SUMMERS are respectfully invited to attend his Funeral; to move from his late residence, Rosehill-street, near Marian-street, Redfern, THIS (Wednesday) AFTERNOON, at half-past 2 o'clock, for the Necropolis. SHYING and CO., 120, Oxford-street; and Abercrombie-street.

ROSE OF AUSTRALIA DIVISION No. 2 SONS OF TEMPERANCE.—The Members of the above Division and the various other Divisions are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of our late Brother, SAMUEL SUMMERS: to move from his late residence, Rosehill-street, Redfern, at 2 15, THIS DAY.

J. J. COTTERELL, W.P.
THOS. TRILL, R.S.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. WILLIAM SHORT are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved DAUGHTER, Marcella L.; to move from his residence, Blenheim-street, Waverley, THIS (Wednesday) AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, to Balmain Cemetery. C. KINSELA and SONS, 118, Oxford-street.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. JOHN MARSHALL are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved SON, Francis H.; to move from his residence, No. 10, Albert-street, Redfern. TO-MORROW (Thursday) AFTERNOON, at half-past 2 o'clock. C. KINSELA and SONS, George-street, op. Christ Church.

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

SIGNOR POMPEI'S
ITALIAN OPERA COMPANY.

Conductors ..... Signori GIORZA and ZELMAN.

Under the Patronage of his Excellency
Sir HERCULES G. R. ROBINSON, Knt., K.C.M.G.,
and the
Honorable Lady ROBINSON.

THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, 12th May, 1875,
Bellini's immortal Opera,
NORMA.

Pollione.....Signor Carmini
Flavio.....Mr. Johnson
Oroveso.....Mr. John Bushelle
Clotilde.....Miss Fischer
Adalgisa.....Signor Tamburini Coy
Norma.....Signora Zenoni-Gamboa

TO-MORROW (Thursday),
I PURITANI.

SATURDAY,
by special desire,
FIRST TIME THIS SEASON,
CRISPINO E LA COMARE,

Box-office open at Elvy and Co.'s, 321, George-street, from 10 to 4, where seats can be secured in advance, and tickets purchased for all parts of the house.

Holders of tickets admitted a quarter of an hour before the general public.

Doors open at half-past 7. Overture at 8 o'clock.

Carriages ordered for half-past 10; set down horses' heads north, take up south.

TO Signor POMPEI, Manager of the Italian Opera Company.

DEAR SIR,—I have much pleasure to inform you that Signor Rosnati is better. I dare say he will be able to resume, very soon, the duties of his profession.

Dr. LAURE.

11th May, 1875.

STALL TICKETS procurable during the Opera Season, at the Tobacconist's, next Victoria Theatre.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.

Lessees.....Messrs. S. Lazar and Co.
Manager.....Mr. S. Lazar.
Treasurer.....Mr. J. E. Hiscocks.

CONTINUED SUCCESS
of
MISS MAGGIE MOORE
and
MR. J. C. WILLIAMSON.

THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, May 12th,
Dion Boucicault's latest Novelty,
KERRY,
or Night and Morning.

KERRY (a servant of the Desmond family) .....
Mr. J. C. WILLIAMSON.
KATE.....Miss MAGGIE MOORE.

After which the new and romantic legendary three act drama, by H. P. Grattan, Esq., entitled,
The FAIRY CIRCLE;
or
CON. O'CAROLAN'S DREAM.

New and elegant scenery .....by Mr. W. J. Wilson.
Mechanical effects.....by Mr. H. Winning.
Properties .....by Mr. G. Perryman.
Lime light effects.....by Mr. W. Holmes.

CON O'CAROLAN ..... Mr. J. C. WILLIAMSON
Phillip Blake .....Mr. J. Miles
Robert O'Neil .....Mr. W. J. Holloway
General Travers.....Mr. E. B. Russell
Mr. Moore (a Magistrate).....Mr. J. Hasker
Sergeant Edwards (of the Yeomanry) .....Mr. J. Lewis
Corporal Jones (of the Yeomanry)....Mr. J. Dunn, Jun.
Patrick .....Mr. R. Holloway
MOLSHEE O'CAROLAN....Miss MAGGIE MOORE
(with songs "Molly Darling" and "The Minstrel Boy," and an Irish jig).
Ellen Blake .....Mrs. F. Belton

IMMORTALS:
Oberon (King of the Fairies).....Miss Alice Wooldridge
Puck.....Miss Annie White
Fairies...Misses H. Hughes, L. Hughes, R. Smith, G. Winstanley, A. Winston, and M. Leiths.

SYNOPSIS OF SCENERY AND INCIDENTS.
ACT 1.—O'NEIL'S HOME!
Con O'Carolan defies the Usurper!—The Lost Paper.
CON O'CAROLAN'S COTTAGE!
Molshee and Con protect O'Neil—Con's resolve to sleep in the Fairy Circle—The Pursuit—Escape of O'Neil—Molshee a match for the soldiers.
ACT 2.—THE FAIRY CIRCLE!
Con's Sleep!
The Fairies' Home!
Arival of Oberon and the Fairies. The Visions.
"Knowledge is Power."
ACT 3.—AWAKING FROM THE DREAM!
Con gives the Soldiers Leg Bail.
Con O'Carolan's Cottage.
Con returns to Molshee.
THE ARREST! THE SEARCH.
Molshee's wit again saves O'Neil.
The Manor House.
EXAMINATION OF THE PRISONER!
Blake's villainy defeated by the courage and wit of Con and Molshee, and the lessons learnt in
THE FAIRY CIRCLE.

Prices of Admission.
Dress circle, 5s; stalls, 3s; pit, 1s.
Doors open at half-past 7, performance to commence at 8 o'clock.
Tickets may be obtained at J. R. Clarke's, George-street.
NOTICE.—Obtain tickets in the day to prevent crush and inconvenience at night.
Carriages may be ordered for 11.

TRIAL OF JOHN BARLEYCORN, This Evening, 8 o'clock, Sailors' Reading-room. Admission, 6d.

SCHOOL OF ARTS.

J. E. M'Donough .....Manager.
H. A. Earnshaw .....Treasurer.

ANOTHER TRIUMPH.
A PRONOUNCED SUCCESS
of
THE ROYAL MARIONETTES.
HUNDREDS TURNED AWAY
and all
PRESENT DELIGHTED.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

In order to prevent the great rush in the evening at the box-office, the Management beg leave to state that arrangements have been made to open an office at the School of Arts, at which tickets can be procured every morning from 10 a.m. until 5 p.m. Booking office for seats at Elvy's.

CHARLES DICKENS, one of England's purest writers, describes in his "Pictures of Italy," his joyous delight in spending an evening with the Marionettes, they sparkle with wit and fancy in the mode of expression. Punch is not merry in himself, but is the cause of merriment in others, the wires and pulleys that govern his motions are conductors to carry off the spleen. If we see a number of people turning the corner of a street ready to burst with secret satisfaction, and their faces bathed in laughter, we know what's the matter—they have just come from The Puppet Show.

SPECIAL MATINEE NOTICE.
Every
WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, and SATURDAY,
at 2 p.m.

Doors will open at 1. Carriages ordered at 4 p.m. Prices for MATINEES.

Secured seats in Parterre,

Adults	3s.
Children under 12	2s.
General admission	2s.
Balcony	1s.

ALL CHILDREN VISITING the Exhibition will be presented with an Illustrated Book, containing the
FAIRY TALE OF
LITTLE RED RIDING HOOD.

EVENING PERFORMANCE.
Doors open at 7, performance to commence at 8.
Carriages ordered at 10.
PRICE OF ADMISSION.

Parterre, secured	4s.
Parquette, ditto	3s.
General admission	2s.
Balcony ditto	1s.

THREE DISTINCT ENTERTAINMENTS.
The Beautiful Fairy Pantomime of
LITTLE RED RIDING HOOD,
THE CHARM OF THE HOUSEHOLD,
and
CHRISTY MINSTRELS.
FULL BAND AND CHORUS,
and
THE ITALIAN PANTOCCINI,
all from
THE CRYSTAL PALACE, LONDON.
Interspersed with
MUSICAL GEMS.
GORGEOUS SCENERY.
Each child visiting the Exhibition will be presented with an
ILLUSTRATED BOOK of the Fairy Tale of
LITTLE RED RIDING HOOD.

MASONIC HALL.

THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, May 12,
at 8 o'clock.

PERFORMANCE OF MADEMOISELLE
JENNY CLAUS
JENNY CLAUS
JENNY CLAUS.

Second
GRAND CONCERT
of
Mrs. JOHN MEILLON

PROGRAMME.
PART I.

1. Song—"The Village Blacksmith" .....Weiss
Mr. ANDREW FAIRFAX.
2. Duet (Violin and piano)—"Sonata in F," op. 23, Allegro, Adagio Molto Expressivo—Scherzo, Allegro Molto—Rondo .....Beethoven
Mdlle. JENNY CLAUS and Mrs. JOHN MEILLON.
3. Grand Scena—"Com'è Bello" (Lucrezia) .. Donizetti
Miss MOON.
4. Piano Solo—"Fantaisie Impromptu" .....Chopin
Mrs. JOHN MEILLON.
5. Scena—"Softly Sighs" (Der Freischutz) .... Weber
LADY AMATEUR.
6. Ballad—"The Peace of the Valley" (Jean of Arc) Balfe
Mr. ANDREW FAIRFAX.
7. Violin Solo—Grand Fantasia on "Faust" .. Vieuxtemps
Mdlle. JENNY CLAUS.

PART II.

1. Trio (Violin, Piano, and Harmonium)—"Ave Maria on Bach's Prelude" .....Gounod
Mdlle JENNY CLAUS, Mrs. JOHN MEILLON, and Monsieur JOSEPH REKEL.
2. Song—"Once Again" .....Arthur Sullivan
LADY AMATEUR.
3. Piano Solo—Fantasia "Lucia" (by special desire) Dalchert
Mrs. JOHN MEILLON.
4. Aria—"Bel Raggio" (Semiramide) ..... Rossini
Miss MOON.
5. Song—"A Father's Love" (Lurline) ..... Wallace
Mr. ANDREW FAIRFAX.
6. Violin Solo—"Danse Espagnole" .....Alard
Mdlle. JENNY CLAUS.

Tickets for Hall, 5s each, on SALE at Messrs. Parrot, Brothers'; Moss and Co.'s, and A. Blau's, Hunter-street; W. H. Paling and Elvy and Co.'s, George-street; Mater and Co., Pitt-street; and at the Hall this evening.

Tickets for gallery, 2s each, may be had at the Hall this evening.

Entrance in York-street. Cloak room provided.

Doors open at half-past 7 o'clock.

MASONIC HALL,

FORESTERS' BALL
FORESTERS' BALL.
PLAIN and FANCY DRESS
PLAIN and FANCY DRESS.
UNDER DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE.
FULL GERMAN BAND.
FULL GERMAN BAND.
THURSDAY, May 20.
THURSDAY, May 20.
TICKETS
at all the BOOK and MUSIC SELLERS.

ST. GEORGE'S HALL.
CONTINUED and LEGITIMATE SUCCESS of
THE GREAT MAGNET VARIETY TROUPE.
ALEX. O'BRIEN! ALEX. O'BRIEN!
ALEX. O'BRIEN!! ALEX. O'BRIEN!!
ALEX. O'BRIEN!!! ALEX. O'BRIEN!!!
CHARLEY WALLACE CHARLEY WALLACE
in double songs and dances
TO-NIGHT.
FRANK LLOYD, Premier Comique
HARRY FLYNN HARRY FLYNN
E. HARVEY, J. OATEN, H. WILLIAMS,
G. BURDEN, R. STEVENS, W. BURTON,
MISS MARIAN SAUNDERS.
MISS MARIAN SAUNDERS.
MISS LUCY OSBORNE.
ORIGINAL (live) CHRISTY'S MINSTRELS
TO-NIGHT.
Also, TO-NIGHT,
ALEX. O'BRIEN and CHARLEY WALLACE
in their funny farce, entitled the
INTELLIGENCE OFFICE.
MILLION PRICKS.

Front seats, 1s; back ditto and gallery, SIXPENCE; Reserved chairs, 2s.

SATURDAY.
ENGAGEMENT, at great expense of
Mdlle BLANCHE NEVILLE!
Mdlle. BLANCHE NEVILLE!!
Mdlle. BLANCHE NEVILLE!!!
who will appear in her beautiful and wonderful illusion,
THE TALKING HEAD
THE MYSTERIOUS BOUQUETS
PISTOL PRACTICE, or firing a dinner plate against the wall.
Professor RENNICKE
has been specially engaged to assist Mdlle. Neville.

THE EUPHONIC ORCHESTRAL SOCIETY'S SELECT QUADRILLE ASSEMBLY, Oddfellows' Hall, Hyde Park, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, May 12th.

Single tickets, 2s 6d; double tickets, for lady and gentleman, 5s 6d. Doors open at 7.30; commence 8 o'clock precisely, conclude 11.30.

N.B.—Admission by tickets only, to be obtained at R. F. Becke's, 110, King-street; H. Graham, Euphonic Academy of Music, 84, Stanley-street, and of any member of the society.

BUTCHERS' ANNUAL PICNIC, to take place at Clontarf, THIS DAY, May 12. Double tickets, 17s 6d; single tickets, 10s 6d; ladies' tickets, 7s 6d; children's tickets, 5s. First-class band engaged. Compagnoni will provide. Steamers will leave the wharf—one at 10 a.m., the other at 11 a.m. sharp. C. FIELD, Sec.

SPENCER'S ROYAL POLYTECHNIC, 222, Pitt-street.—Open daily, from 10 a.m. till 10 p.m.

BILLIARDS.—HOTEL DE FRANCE, King and George streets. The largest and best ventilated saloon in the colony. Four first-class tables.

BLOW DOWN THE HARBOUR AFTER OFFICE HOURS.
Steamer leaves Circular Quay daily at 4.15 p.m. for Manly Beach, reaching Sydney again at 5.45 o'clock.
Fare—Return ticket, 1s.
J. B. CAREY.

A COMPLIMENTARY SOIREE to Mr. J. H. MURRAY, Inspector of Schools, will be given in the Temperance Hall, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY, 25th May, at 7 p.m.
Tickets, 2s 6d; at Mr. Glasson's, Clarence-street, and all Educational Booksellers.

EDUCATIONAL.

PIANO thoroughly TAUGHT by a young lady. Terms moderate. Cards at Clarke's, 317, George-street.

THE NEW SCHOOL (1867).—223-291, Darlinghurst Road. W. J. Stephens, [illegible], first-class Oxford, 1852.

WANTED, LESSONS in Drawing and Sketching. Address, with terms, F. C. B., Public Works Office.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SPECTACLES, 1s pair; pebbles made to order. Mr. SOLOMON, Qualified Optician, 663, Geo.-st., Haym't.

TO SHIPCHANDLERS, SAILMAKERS, and others.—JUNK.—The undersigned are purchasers of any quantity.

WM. LAIDLEY and CO., Exchange.

HIGHEST price given for left-off Clothing. Letters attended to by Mrs. Dawes, 361, Elizabeth-street.

THE Highest price given for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Left-off Clothing. Murphy, Kent and Liverpool sts.

WANTED, Fruit, Pickle, and Sauce BOTTLES. 16, Bridge-street.

TINPLATES, IC, IX, IXX, 14 x 10, 14 x 20; G.O. Iron, plain and cor., on Sale. W. FOY, 278, George-st.

WANTED to sell Dress, Jacket, and Millinery Stands, Glass Cases. 330, Crown-st., Surry Hills.

FOR SALE, a Pair of INDIAN WILD FOWL, very handsome; price, £2. Also, Indian Malay or Jungle Fowls, 15s each—a fine cross for table fowl, being large and plump: Antwerp CARRIER PIGEONS, 15s per pair; and short-face Almond TUMBLERS, from 10s to £10 per pair.
66, William-street.

SPECTACLES, fine steel frames, with crystal lenses, 3s 6d and 5s 6d pair. Ellis, 220, Pitt-st., op. Farmer's.

CRUETS.—Plated cruets, just opened. A large assortment of new designs. Eastway's, 417, George-street.

PLATED Tea and Coffee Services.—Just opened, a few sets very good, at low prices. Eastway, 417, Geo.-st.

PARIAN Figures, 1s each; and a large assortment of Vases and Lustres, low prices. *Eastway's, George-st.*

LADIES' Bags, 2s, 2s 3d, 2s 6d each; better quality at low prices. Eastway, Brothers, 417, George-st.

HAIR Brushes, 1s each; Rack Combs, 6d each; Tooth Brushes, 6d each. EASTWAY'S, 417, George-st.

CHEAPEST Place in Sydney for Albums, Card Cases, Workboxes, Writing Desks, Opera Glasses, Dog Collars, China and Glass Flower Stands, Kerosene Lamps, &c. EASTWAY, BROTHERS, 417, George-street.

WANTED, a STABLE for two horses, in the vicinity of College-street. Box 322, Post Office.

WANTED, 500 POSTS and RAILS. Apply to T. Lincoln, St. Mary's-street, Kingston, Newtown.

WANTED, immediately, a good Milch GOAT. Apply No. 29, Lower Fort-street.

WANTED, a ROLLER, for a cricket ground. Apply J. A. Fotheringham, The New Bond, Circular Qy.

WANTED, Fancy POULTRY—Brahmas, Spanish, Cochins, Dorkings. W. Neaves, George-st. Market.

WANTED, a good Milch GOAT. For address, apply Mr. Sandon, 324, George-street.

WANTED, a Person to adopt a baby boy, 3 months old. Address R. M., Gen. P. O. Open for a week.

WANTED, to SELL W. & W. Machine, good order, cheap. Mrs. Thomson, Avery-ter., Albion-st.

WANTED to purchase, a Butcher's BUSINESS. Address Butcher, Pierce's, William-street.

PURCHASER wants a DWELLING and some Land, North Shore. W. DOUGLASS, 434, George-st.

3 OR 4-roomed HOUSE wanted, partly furnished: 10 minutes from Park, Elizabeth-st. D., Post Office.

WANTED, small furnished COTTAGE, 3 or 4 rooms, suburbs, Sydney. Address X. Y. Z., Lithgow.

WANTED, a few Acres of LAND, near the Railway line, suitable for brickmaking.

WANTED, to rent or purchase HOUSE and LAND, within 5 miles. F. Bradly, Mort's-passage.

WANTED, first-class RESIDENCE, three-quarters of mile from Gen. Post Office. Ramsay, 410, Geo.-st.

WANTED, at Forest Lodge or Ultimo, COTTAGE, 5 or 6 rooms. Fairfax and Lamb, Hunter-street.

WANTED to purchase, a Family COTTAGE or House, in the suburbs, not less than six rooms, kitchen, &c. Bowden, Mills, and Gordon.

WANTED, by a permanent tenant, a COTTAGE, with 3 rooms and kitchen attached, between Bathurst and Jamison street preferred. Address X. Y. Z., General Post Office.

PROFESSIONS, TRADES, ETC.

APPRENTICES.—Opening for 2 respectable GIRLS to learn the tailoring. 217, Lower George-street.

A YOUNG Man is open to ENGAGEMENT in town, in general drapery or slops or is well up in general ironmongery, also books single entry. A. B. D., 47, Stanley-street.

BOILERMAKER wanted; a first-class hand. A. Wright, Circular Quay.

BOOT TRADE.—Wanted MACHINISTS. Wright, Davenport, and Co., Marrickville.

BOOK-KEEPER.—Wanted, immediately, for a merchant's office, a GENTLEMAN to fill the post of Book-keeper. Address, stating qualifications and salary required, to S. M., Box 23, General Post Office.

CHEMIST'S ASSISTANT, an experienced Man required. Letters. A. B., Elliott, Brothers, Pitt-st.

CLERK.—Required, for an auctioneer's business, a thoroughly competent CLERK. Address, with full particulars and references, to X. Y. Z., Box 23, General Post Office.

DRAPERY.—Wanted, a first-class HAND, for the fancy counter. Thomas Baker, opposite Cathedral.

DRAPERY.—Wanted, a smart JUNIOR. 83, William-street.

DRAPERY.—Wanted, an experienced young Lady, for the drapery. Jones, Brothers, Newtown.

DRESS and Mantle-making.—Vacancies for Apprentices, in or out. Jones, 342, Macquarie-street S.

DRESSMAKING.—Wanted, ASSISTANTS and Improvers. Mrs. Spier, 5, Mill-st., off Sussex-st. South.

DRESSMAKER.—Wanted, DRESSMAKER, Trimmer, for country. C. Newton, Brother, and Co., Pitt-st.

DRESSMAKING.—IMPROVERS and Apprentices wanted. Mrs. Hinchcliffe, 123 and 125, Oxford-st.

DRESSMAKING.—Wanted Improvers; also, good Needlehands. 314, Palmer-street, near Oxford-st.

DRESSMAKING Department.—We require the services of a lady of ability and large experience to take the management of the above. David Jones and Company.

DRAPERS.—A vacancy for one or two first-class HANDS; none other need apply. Apply Albion House, 398, George-street, Walter Long.

GOOD SALESWOMAN wanted, for the Gift Depot, 75, King-street. Personal references required.

MILLINERY.—Wanted, good Milliners, Improvers, and Apprentices. Mrs. Hopson, 598, George-st.

MACHINISTS wanted, with or without machines; constant employment. Clothing Factory, 217, Geo.-st.

MACHINISTS wanted (Singer's); first-class underclothing. 226, Oxford-street, opposite Sacred Heart.

NOTICE.—To CHEMISTS.—Wanted, by the Miners and other Workmen engaged at the Wallsend Colliery, a CHEMIST, to find all medicine, and dispense the same, at so much per member per fortnight. 515 members guaranteed, independent of a large private practice. State terms.

Applications will be received by the undersigned till June 15, 1875.

E. LEWIS, Secretary to the Medical Committee, Wallsend, Newcastle, New South Wales.

NOTICE.—A splendid Opening for a duly qualified Medical Practitioner.—Wanted, by the Miners and other Workmen engaged at the Wallsend Colliery, a duly qualified MEDICAL PRACTITIONER, to attend to them and their families, and prescribe medicine, at so much per member per fortnight. 515 members guaranteed, independent of a large private practice. State terms.

Applications will be received by the undersigned till June 15 1875.

E. LEWIS, Secretary to the Medical Committee, Wallsend, Newcastle, New South Wales.

PARTNERS wanted for city and country businesses. J. Higge and Co., 132, Pitt-street.

TAILORESSES.—VEST HANDS wanted; good wages given. Apply 418, George-street.

TAILORESSES. — Wanted, Vest and Trousers HANDS. Apply 342, George-street.

TO TAILORESSES.—Wanted, Trousers and Vest HANDS. City Cloth Hall, 482, George-street.

TO TAILORS.—Military Coat HANDS wanted. Farmer and Company.

TO TAILORS.—Good Coat and Trousers HANDS wanted. W. Sheursby, 68, King-street.

TO TAILORS.—Military Coat HANDS wanted. Farmer and Company.

TO TAILORS.—Wanted, Coat, Trousers, and Vest Hands. J. Davies and Co., 301, George-street.

TO DRESSMAKERS.—Wanted, ASSISTANTS. B. Arnold and Co., 115, Oxford-street.

TO DRESSMAKERS.—A good HAND required. Thynne and Co., King-street.

TO SHIRTMAKERS.—Wanted, White Shirt Hands, indoors. Peapes and Shaw, 338 and 340, George-st.

TWO Vest HANDS, for order work, wanted; work given out. Wilson, 630 and 632, George-street.

TO BOOTMAKERS. — Wanted, first-class General WORKMAN. L. Murray, 297, Pitt-street.

TO PARENTS.—A YOUTH to learn the drapery required. Jones, Brothers, Newtown.

TO DRAPERS.—Wanted, an ASSISTANT. Apply Rush and Rousseau, 618, George-street.

TO DRAPERS.—A first-class HAND, for the Manchester Department. W. G. Cameron, 90, King-st.

TO JEWELLERS.—Wanted, a good JOBBER. T. T. Jones and Son, 330, George-street.

TO WATCHMAKERS.—WANTED, for the country, a good WATCHMAKER; liberal wages given. Apply to Berens and Seligmann, 95, York-street.

TAILORS.—Good Coat and Trousers HANDS wanted. To fully competent men, permanent employment and best prices given. R. Butler and Co., Goulburn.

TAILORESSES.—Two hundred more Employés wanted. Competent Coat, Trousers, and Vest Hands may obtain permanent employment; also, Apprentices and Improvers. Thomas G. Pascoe, 141, Pitt-street.

TO DRAPERS.—Wanted, a young Lady, as SALESWOMAN, lace and stay department; an experienced hand preferred. Apply to Rush and Rousseau, 618, George-street, Brickfield-hill.

TO CAPITALISTS.—A good offer presents itself to a Person with a moderate capital, to enter into the TIMBER TRADE with a person who has a good connection and premises; well-situated for the business. Principals only. Alpha, HERALD Office.

UNDERCLOTHING Workers wanted; work given out. Mrs. Hinchcliffe, 123 and 125, Oxford-street.

WANTED, a JUNIOR CLICKER; a good opening for an improver. J. Biggs, 481, George-street.

WANTED, first-class CAP-MAKER. Hat Department, Farmer and Company.

WANTED, 2 good HARNESS-MAKERS. Apply T. Johnson, 730, George-street South.

WANTED, a good NEEDLEWOMAN, who understands dressmaking. The Home, Cowper-terrace.

WANTED, a Nursery GOVERNESS, who is a good needlewoman. The Home, Cowper-terrace.

WANTED, an EMBROIDERER, in colours. Apply 21, Hunter-street.

WANTED, a stylish DRESSMAKER, by the day. 461, Pitt-street.

WANTED, good Coat and Vest HANDS. Apply at Gutteridge's, 244, George-street.

WANTED, GIRLS, for plain needlework. Peapes and Shaw, 338 and 340, George-street.

WANTED, a MACHINIST, Singer's No. 2, or Howe's B. H. Jones, 11, Bridge-street.

WANTED, a COMPOSITOR, for the Country. Apply Greville's Telegram Co., 305, George-st.

WANTED, TACKERS and FINISHERS. No. 5, Park View, Jamison-street, off Bourke-street.

WANTED, MAKERS for youths', boys' and children's E. S.; also, youths' hip. 90, Parramatta-st.

WANTED, 20 NEEDLEWOMEN. Exhibition Oilskin Factory, 140, Palmer-st., Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, PLASTERER and Plasterer's Labourer. Apply Belmore Hotel, Upper William-street.

WANTED, good Rubble Builder, also a Stone Cutter. William James Sugden, Milson's Point, North Shore.

WANTED, a JUNIOR CLICKER; also, a young MAN to skibo and fit. Myers and Solomon's Boot Factory, George-street.

WANTED, ENGAGEMENT as Visiting Governess, by a young lady accustomed to tuition, English, music, German; good references. Address R. M., Pierce's, William-street.

WANTED, a young MAN, competent at surveying and levelling, and able to copy mechanical plans. Salary, £4 to £5 per week, according to competency. Apply to Thomas Crondace, Lambton Colliery.

WANTED, to purchase or join Partnership in established Blacksmith's Shop, town or country, with about three fires; would purchase Farm in country where same business could be established. T. R., HERALD.

WANTED, a young LADY, to assist with children, needlework and light household duties (Protestant); good references. Address name to Y., 546, George-street.

WANTED, a Finishing GOVERNESS, two or three mornings in the week, for two young ladies. Apply by letter, stating terms and accomplishments, addressed Omega, care of Elvy and Co., 321, George-street.

WANTED, a working PARTNER, in a first-class Hotel, centrally situated. Must understand the laying and waiting of table. Single man preferred. Capital about £300. Address G. P., HERALD Office, 11 a.m Open for a week.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A GOOD Laundress requires a SITUATION in the country. The Home, Cowper-terrace.

A SMART Business Man wants EMPLOYMENT; good at accounts and correspondence in English and German. Alpha, HERALD Office.

DISENGAGED.—Cook and Laundress; G. Servants; Housemaids (Protestants). Mrs. Heap, 221, Campbell-st.

FEMALE Cooks waiting for gentlemen's families and hotels. Personal references if required, 6, Bridge-st.

SITUATION wanted by a respectable man, to groom, drive, and useful. Address C. S., HERALD Office.

WANTED, to bind a boy for three years, to some respectable person. Apply 90, Victoria-street.

WANTED, by a respectable married woman, SITUATION as Wetnurse. 252, Devonshire-st., S. H.

WANTED, a SITUATION, as Cook and Laundress, or General Servant, 70, Bourke-st., Woolloomoo.

WANTED, steady Employment in a store or warehouse; will give £5—secret. B. Y., HERALD.

WANTED, a SITUATION as General Servant in small family. No. 14, Francis-street, Hyde Pk.

WANTED, by young Man, SITUATION in Store; can drive; not afraid of work. H. H., HERALD.

WANTED, by a respectable young Girl, a SITUATION, as Nurse, and assist in housework. E. K., HERALD.

WANTED by a respectable man, APPOINTMENT, as Master or Mate of a foreign-going vessel. Address G. T. C., HERALD Office.

WANTED, by a respectable Person, SITUATION as Housekeeper—private family or house of business; town or suburbs. Open for three days. Address "Beta," care of G. C. Carter, agent, 141, King-street.

SERVANTS WANTED.

A RESPECTABLE young GIRL required, to assist in housework. Mrs. Montagu, Darlinghurst Road.

A SOBER, steady KITCHENMAN, also elderly person to mind a young child, and do a little plain sewing, wanted at Mrs. Donaldson's Albion House, Albion and Elizabeth streets.

CHURCH OFFICER.—Wanted, a respectable Married MAN, to fill the above position in ST. STEPHEN'S Presbyterian Church, Phillip-street. Particulars of duties and salary may be learned from Mr. Alexander Dow, treasurer, 81, Elizabeth-street, to whom written applications are to be addressed before 22nd instant.

LADY HOUSEKEEPER.

A lady of middle age, accustomed to Housekeeping in a large establishment, is wanted in Brisbane. To a thoroughly qualified person, a salary of £200 per annum would be given. Address X. Y. Z., care of Messrs. G. Slater and Co., Brisbane.

MURRURUNDI HOSPITAL.—APPLICATIONS are required for the situations of WARDEN and MATRON in connection with the above Hospital; to be sent in to the undersigned up to 12 o'clock noon, on SATURDAY, 22nd May, 1875, accompanied with testimonials. Applicants must be without children. Salary, £70 per annum.

THOMAS B. BOYCE, Secretary.

OFFICE BOY wanted. Apply by letter, Kolin and Salter, 130, Pitt-street, Sydney.

VANMAN wanted, by the Sydney Parcel Delivery Co. Married man of experience, constant employment.

WANTED, smart BOYS to deliver SYDNEY MORNING HERALD. Spragg and Adams, 90, Oxford-st.

WANTED, a BOY to serve bread with cart; good reference. Hammett, baker, Glebe.

WANTED, respectable BOY. Wallace, watchmaker, 106, King-street.

WANTED, BOYS and GIRLS. C. Jerrems, bookbinder, 426, George-street.

WANTED, a BOY, to mind horse and buggy. No. 8, Forest-street, Forest Lodge, Glebe.

WANTED, three BOYS, 15 years of age, at Mr. Beard's shipbuilding yard, Balmain.

WANTED, a BOY, 14 or 15, to serve milk. Flanagan and O'Connor, Haymarket; 9 o'clock.

WANTED, strong BOY. Eastway, Brothers, 417, George-street.

WANTED, BOY. Old Book Stall, opposite Post Office Hotel, York-street.

WANTED, an Errand BOY. E. Carey, 69, Market-street.

WANTED, a BOY, about 14, to deliver papers and go messages. Apply C. Carter, Balmain.

WANTED, a smart LAD, for a butcher's shop. J. Cooper, 155, Campbell-street.

WANTED, a smart LAD, for a boot shop. 9 and 10, Market-buildings, George-street.

WANTED, a respectable Lad, as CASHIER. Perry, Brothers, King-street.

WANTED, an active Youth, as PORTER. J. W. and F. Withers, 482A, George-street.

WANTED, an UNDER-NURSE, for a gentleman's family. W. Brown, labour agent, 207, Pitt-st.

WANTED, a little GIRL, to take care of a baby. Kearey's Hotel, William-street.

WANTED, a tidy GIRL, to mind children and assist in housework. 226, Fitzroy-st., near Moore Park

WANTED, a respectable young GIRL, to be generally useful. 51, Oxford-street.

WANTED, a tidy GIRL, to assist in housework. Apply 19, Upper Dowling-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, a little GIRL, to mind a baby. 1, Cambrian-terrace, Westmoreland-street, Glebe.

WANTED, a steady GIRL. 205, Parramatta-street, opposite Newtown Road, Glebe.

WANTED, tidy GIRL, 14 or 15, useful. 3, Evan-terrace, Cleveland-st., near Bourke-st., Surry Hills.

WANTED, young GIRL for shop, and one for housework. Haynes, 508, George-street.

WANTED, a GIRL, to mind a baby. Mrs. Field, 125, Clarence-st., 3 doors from Erskine-street.

WANTED, a SERVANT GIRL. 315, George-street, near Wynyard-street.

WANTED, a Girl to mind two children, and be useful. Commercial Restaurant, 261, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a respectable GIRL, to assist with children, and able to work neatly. 330, George-st.

WANTED, a respectable Girl, as General Servant. Apply 69, Elizabeth-street, near Hunter-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT, for Manly. Apply this day, 1 and 3. 5, Albert-st., off Victoria-st.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. Mrs. Paddle, St. John's-terrace, St. John's Rd, Glebe.

WANTED, General SERVANTS. Mrs. Vipond, Registry, 60, Oxford-street.

WANTED, a good Gen. SERVANT, able to cook—good laundress. 363, St. John's-ter., Darlinghurst.

WANTED, a General SERVANT; small family. J. Q. Carter, 411, George-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Good wages. Great Pacific Hotel, George-street North.

WANTED, a Female SERVANT. Apply 2, Poplete-terrace, Forbes-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, General SERVANTS, with good references. Mrs. Gallott's registry, 174, Castlereagh-st.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply Star and Garter Hotel, King-street, near Pitt-street.

WANTED, an active Woman, as General SERVANT. Restaurant Française, 300, George-street.

WANTED, a NURSEMAID, Cambridge House, 2, Jamison-street.

WANTED, a KITCHEN MAID and Waitress. Apply Post Office Hotel, York-street.

WANTED, HOUSE and PARLOUR MAID, about 16. Mrs. Thomas, Shrubland, Marrickville.

WANTED, a respectable Person, as HOUSEMAID. 7, Bligh-street.

WANTED, a competent KITCHEN MAID